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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

This report has not been edited or reviewed for conformity with Geological Survey stratigraphic nomenclature

REPORT ON PRELIMINARY DATA FOR MADISON LIMESTONE TEST WELL NO. 1,

NE4SE4 SEC. 15, T. 57 N., R. 65 W., CROOK COUNTY, WYOMING

By

R. K. Blankennagel, W. R. Miller, D. L. Brown, and E. M. Cushing

Open-File Report 77-164

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USGS

77-164

Study of Madison aquifer in cooperation with Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation North Dakota State Water Commission South Dakota Division of Geological Survey Wyoming State Engineer



UNIVERSITY OF UTAN RESEARCH INSTITUTE EARTH SCIENCE LAB.

Denver, Colorado February 1977

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CONVERSION FACTORS

In this report, figures for measures are given only in English units. Factors for converting English units to metric units are shown in the following table:

Metric

English

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Multiply by

in (inches) 25.4 mm (millimeters) ft (feet) ft³ (cubic feet) mi² (square miles) .305 m (meters) m³ (cubic meters) km² (square kilometers) .02832 2.59 gal (gallons) 3.785 L (liters) .0631 L/s (liters per second) gal/min (gallons per minute) (L/s)/m (liters per second (gal/min)/ft (gallons per .207 minute per foot) per meter) .4536 kg (kilograms) 1b (pounds) 1b/in² (pounds per square 6.8948 kPa (kilopascals) inch) µm² (square micrometers) .000987 md (millidarcys)

REPORT ON PRELIMINARY DATA FOR MADISON LIMESTONE TEST WELL NO. 1, NE4SE4 SEC. 15, T. 57 N., R. 65 W., CROOK COUNTY, WYOMING

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R. K. Blankennagel, W. R. Miller, D. L. Brown, and E. M. Cushing

Abstract

This report provides the preliminary data for the Madison Limestone test well no. 1 including test-well history, geology of the test well, hydrologic testing, and geochemistry. It also discusses the preliminary results and future testing plans.

The test well was drilled as part of the study to determine the water-resource potential of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks to meet future water needs in a 188,000-mi² region that includes the coal-rich area of the Northern Great Plains. Drilling and testing were designed to yield a maximum of stratigraphic, structural, geophysical, and hydrologic information.

The test well was drilled in the NEZSEZ sec. 15, T. 57 N., R. 65 W., Crook County, Wyo., to a depth of 4,341 ft below land surface. The well is cased with 13-3/8-in diameter casing from land surface to about 1,490 ft, and 9-5/8-in casing from about 1,390 to 2,320 ft. It is 7-7/8-in diameter open hole from about 2,320 ft to its total depth of 4,341 ft. The well is so constructed that additional hydrologic tests and geophysical logs can be made at a later date.

Twenty-two cores were taken from selected intervals totaling 650 ft; 607 ft of core was recovered. The cores were photographed, slabbed, plugged, and selected parts were tested for density, porosity, and vertical and horizontal permeability. Gamma and density scans of the cores were made, and thin sections are being prepared for detailed examination.

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Sixteen conventional drill-stem tests and packer-swabbing tests were attempted. Ten of these tests give clues to the pressure heads of water in the intervals tested; flowing water was obtained during seven of the tests. All significant water-bearing units encountered in the test well, except the Hulett Sandstone Member of the Sundance Formation, have sufficient heads to cause the water in them to flow at the land surface.

Water from the open-hole part of the well has a shut-in pressure of 48 lb/in², and flowed about 250 gal/min through a 2-in valve with a head loss of 16 lb/in². If the well could flow freely at the land surface, the yield would probably be 650 to 700 gal/min. This quantity would be the minimum flow from the well under free-flow conditions.

All significant water-bearing units contain relatively freshwater (less than 2,000 mg/L dissolved solids).

Three water-bearing units, which are now cased off, may be potential sources of ground water in the area of the test well. These are the Hulett Sandstone Member of the Sundance Formation, the Minnekahta Limestone, and the upper sandy part of the Minnelusa Formation.

Additional geophysical logs and tests will be made in the test well this spring. The logs will include televiewer, gamma spectrometer, trace ejector, and spinner-surveys. Packers will be set to isolate zones for individual development (removal of drilling fluid) and testing. The individual zones will be tested for head, temperature, water quality, and quantity. After development, flow and discharge tests will be made to determine the quantity of water that the well would yield under various conditions of flow and pumping.

Introduction

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Development of coal in the Northern Great Plains will place a heavy demand on the region's available water resources. Surface water is poorly distributed in time and space. Its use for coal development in parts of the region would require storage reservoirs and distribution systems; in the rest of the region, surface water is fully appropriated and its use would deprive present users of their supply. Many people contend that the Paleozoic rocks which underlie most of the region contain water-bearing zones that might supply, at least on a temporary basis, a significant percentage of the total water requirements for coal development. The unit most frequently mentioned as a possible source of water is the Madison Limestone and associated rocks.

In 1975 the U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the Old West Regional Commission, prepared a plan of study (U.S. Geological Survey, 1975) for evaluating the water-supply potential of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks. This report not only presents a plan of study for the Madison, but also gives references relating to the regional geology and hydrology, cites the current geohydrologic studies being made by Federal and State agencies and by private companies, and summarizes the available data and the deficiencies of these data. During the development of the study plan, a liaison committee was formed. The members were drawn from agencies of State governments that have an active interest in or responsibility for control or development of water from the Madison aquifer. These agencies include Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology, Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation, North Dakota State Water Commission, South Dakota Division of Geological Survey, and Wyoming State Engineer. The purpose of the committee is to maintain communication between investigating hydrologists and State officials relative to all aspects of the U.S. Geological Survey's studies of the Madison aquifer.

During the 1976 fiscal year, the U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the States of Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming, began a study to determine the water-resource potential of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks to meet the future water needs in a 188,000-mi² region that includes the coal-rich area of the Northern Great Plains, and to evaluate these rocks (the Madison aquifer) as a source of water for industrial, agricultural, public, and domestic supplies. The study area includes eastern Montana, western North and South Dakota, a small part of Nebraska, and northeastern Wyoming (fig. 1). The area of greatest interest, however, is the Powder River Basin of Montana and Wyoming, and the area surrounding the Black Hills in Wyoming, Montana, the Dakotas, and Nebraska.

Within the scope of available funds and manpower, the objectives and approach are those outlined in the plan-of-study report. The objectives include:

- 1. The quantity of water that may be available from the Madison aquifer.
- 2. The chemical and physical properties of the water.
- 3. The effects of existing developments on the potentiometric head, storage, recharge and discharge, springs, streamflow, and the pattern of ground-water flow.
- 4. The probable hydrologic effects of proposed withdrawals of water for large-scale developments at selected rates and locations.
- 5. The locations of wells and the type of construction and development of deep wells that would obtain optimum yields.

Many oil tests have been drilled to the Madison aquifer in the study area. Most did not completely penetrate the aquifer, but were drilled to develop oil fields or were exploration tests on known geologic structures. Few data from these tests were collected for hydrologic purposes, but they are useful in defining the geologic framework and some of the aquifer characteristics such as water quality, temperature, porosity, and potentiometric head.



Figure 1.--Location of study area and Fort Union coal region.

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To obtain better subsurface hydrologic and geologic information, it was recognized that test wells would have to be drilled. Drilling and testing were designed to yield a maximum of stratigraphic, structural, geophysical, and hydrologic information. Stratigraphic and structural information, obtained from drill cuttings, cores, and geophysical logs, is critical for reconstructing the paleogeologic history of the region as well as defining the present day architecture. Careful analysis of cuttings and cores, and correlation with geophysical log characteristics will have transfer value with data obtained from oil-well tests and surface geophysical surveys.

Hydraulic tests are designed to yield pressure data and subsurface water samples from discrete intervals. These data are used to determine the isolation and (or) interconnection of aquifers, the water yield of isolated zones, the composite yield of the well, and the quality of water.

Using the available data, preliminary geological facies maps were prepared. These showed the area along the eastern part of the Montana-Wyoming border to have a high percentage of dolomite in the Madison and associated rocks, thus indicating possible high primary porosity. Also, because this area was apparently structurally active, good potential for secondary fracture porosity was indicated. Most of the oil tests in this area were not drilled deep enough to reach the Madison, and of those drilled to the Madison only a few completely penetrate the aquifer. For these reasons the area was considered favorable for the initial hydrologic test well.

The U.S. Geological Survey assigned geologists and hydrologists with knowledge of the area from its district office in Cheyenne, Wyo., to review available data and select several potential drilling sites in northeastern Wyoming near the State boundaries of Montana and South Dakota. Prime considerations in site selection were (1) depth to Precambrian rocks about 5,000 ft, (2) adequate pressures to be reasonably certain that the well would flow at land surface, (3) location on Stateor Federally-owned land, (4) good accessibility to the drilling site, (5) availability of water for drilling and an area for disposal of water from the well, and (6) nearness to source of electrical power. Seven sites were considered and the site selected best met the above requirements.

Madison test well no. 1 was drilled in the NE½SE½ sec. 15, T. 57 N., R. 65 W., Crook County, Wyo. (fig. 2 and 3). It is about half a mile north of the Little Missouri River and along an all-weather gravel-surfaced road used by trucks hauling bentonitic shale. The well is about 30 mi north of Hulett, Wyo., and 50 mi northwest of Belle Fourche, S. Dak.

The well was spudded in the Fall River Formation of Early Cretaceous age on July 16, 1976, and bottomed 60 ft below the top of Precambrian rocks at 4,341 ft below land surface on October 13, 1976. It is cased with 13-3/8-in diameter casing from land surface to about 1,490 ft, and 9-5/8-in casing from about 1,390 to 2,320 ft. It is 7-7/8-in diameter open hole from about 2,320 ft to its total depth of 4,341 ft (fig. 4).

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The well is so constructed that additional hydrologic tests and geophysical logs can be run at a later date (figs. 5 and 6).

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Sixteen drill-stem and packer-swabbing tests were attempted; only 10 yielded head information for the interval tested. Based on the test data, all water-bearing units in the Paleozoic rocks have sufficient heads to cause the water in them to flow at land surface. Water from the uncased part of the well, about 2,320 to 4,341 ft, has a head of 48 lb/in² above land surface.

Twenty-two cores were taken from selected intervals totaling 650 ft; 607 ft of core was recovered. The cores were photographed, slabbed, plugged, and selected parts were tested for density, porosity, and vertical and horizontal permeability. Gamma and density scans of the cores were made, and thin sections are being prepared for detailed examination.

This report provides the preliminary data for Madison Limestone test well no. 1 including test-well history, geology of the test well, hydrologic testing, and geochemistry, and discusses the preliminary results and future testing plans.

Selected references of geological and hydrological publications on the Northern Great Plains area are listed in the plan of study of the hydrology of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks in parts of Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming, U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 75-631, December 1975.

Many individuals from the U.S. Geological Survey, other Federal agencies, State agencies, and industry contributed to the successful completion of the Madison test well no. 1. No attempt will be made to list all of the U.S. Geological Survey personnel involved in the operation; however, special recognition must be given to James A. Peterson, Thad W. Custis, William J. Head, James R. Marie, Robert B. Brekke, Bruce B. Hanshaw, John F. Busby, Roger W. Lee, Lewis W. Howells, and J. E. Weir, Jr.

Fenix and Scisson, Inc., of Tulsa, Okla., prime contractor for the Energy and Research Development Administration (ERDA) at Las Vegas, Nev., assisted with preparation of the drilling specifications and provided a drilling specialist, David Hoppes, at the drill site. Fenix and Scisson prepared the well history included in this report.

J. R. Kerns and J. D. Traut of Hegna, Kerns, and Traut, consulting geologists, Casper, Wyo., were employed by the drilling contractor during drilling operations. They assisted with selection of cored intervals and identified formation tops. Their descriptions of cuttings and cores are included in this report.





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Geophysical logging was done by Birdwell Division, Seismograph Service Corp., and Dresser Atlas. Packer tests were run by Lynes, Inc., with interpretation by Roger L. Hoeger. Other companies, too numerous to mention, were involved in the drilling, coring, fishing, and cementing operations.

Core preparation, photographs, and gamma-ray-attenuated-porosityevaluator (GRAPE) logs were provided by Marathon Oil Research Center, Denver, Colo. Analysis of core and hydrologic parameters was by Core Laboratories, Denver, Colo.

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Test-well history

The following historical data on the test well including time breakdown, hole history, core record, bit record, deviation surveys, and log index sheet are taken from the Fenix and Scisson report furnished to the U.S. Geological Survey at the completion of the drilling, coring, and preliminary logging and testing of Madison Limestone test well no. 1. The mud report is from the Hegna, Kerns, and Traut report.

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Madison #1, Wyoming TIME BREAKDOWN SITE PREPARATION OTHER SCHEDULED TIME (OST) OPERATIONAL DELAY TIME (ODT) DRILLING OPERATION TIME (DOT) NOVE RIG REPAIRS DRILL TRIPS RUN CASING W. O. DRILLING SUPPLIES CERENT CASING CLEAN OUT FILL SURVEYS SECURED WITH CREWS SITE OST. SITE ODT. SITE DOT . DAYS DAYS REMARKS TOTAL SITE PREP TIME DAYS MAIN HOLE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONAL DELAY TIRE (ODT) DRILLING OPERATION TIME (DOT) OTHER SCHEDULED TIME (OST) 10.88 HOBILIZATION & DEMOBILIZATION RIG REPAIRS 0.02 DRILL TRIPS 5.89 CORE 12.74 W. O. EQUIPHENT 4.09 DRESS DRILLING ASSEMBLY LOG 5.75 FISH 10.51 2.07 SINGLE SHOT DEV. SURVEYS 0.15 CASED HOLE DIR. SURVEYS CLEAN OUT FILL OPEN HOLE DIRECTION SURVEYS UNLOAD CASED HOLE UNLOAD WATER INFLOW REAM CROOKED HOLE 13.76 RUN MANDREL Open Hole 14.67 HYDROLOGICAL TESTS PLUG BACK 1.19 DRILL OUT PLUCS Nipple Up MAIN HOLE DOT 30.68 DAYS Circulate Samples 0.53 SECURED WITH CREWS CASING OPERATION TIME (COT) Ream Out of Gauge 0.34 Hole 20" 0.50 RUN CASING 13-3/8" CASING 0.53 3.06 RUN Mix & Condition Mud Recement Liner 10.31 CEMENT 20" CASING 0.38 0.90 CEMENT 13-3/8"CASING DRILL OUT SHOE 0.32 1.91 30.40 DAYS 34.88 DAYS MAIN HOLE COT_4.54 MAIN HOLE OST MAIN HOLE ODT DAYS 100.50 TOTAL MAIN HOLE CONST. TIME DAYS REMARKS TOTAL ELAPSED TIME REMARKS TOTAL SITE PREP TIME DAYS * Run 9-5/8" Liner 0.79 Days 100.50 TOTAL MAIN HOLE CONST. TIME DAYS Cement 9-5/8" Liner 1.12 Days SEC. W/O CREW SITE PREP DAYS SEC. W/O CREW HAIN HOLE CONST. DATS TOTAL SUSPENDED (NO RIG) DATS 100.50 TOTAL ELAPSED TIME DATS

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Madison #1, Wyoming HOLE HISTORY

Prior to starting drilling operations 30" O.D., 3/8" wall casing was set at 35' ground level in a 36" hole and the annulus filled with 135 ft³ of ready-mix cement.

Thomson Drilling Inc., rig #20, was moved in on 7-7-76 and was rigged up at 1900 hours on 7-16-76.

Note: All depths reported are from kelly bushing 14' above ground level (GL) unless otherwise shown.

- 7-16-76 Ran 174" bit in the hole and drilled from 49' to 97' using conventional circulation with water.
- 7-17-76 Drilled 175" hole from 97' to 330' and opened to 26" from 49' to 72' using 175" bit and a 26" reamer.
- 7-18-76 Opened 174" hole to 26" from 72' to 282' using mid as a drilling fluid.

7-19-76 Opened 174" hole to 26" from 282' to 330' and drilled 26" hole to 335'. Ran 8 joints (330.76') of 20" O.D., 94\$, K-55 casing in the hole with a B&W latch-in type float shoe on bottom.

7-20-76 Continued running casing and landed at 331' (317' GL) with centralizers at 321', 243' and 43'. Ran a latch-in tool on 44" drill pipe and latched into shoe. Cemented annulus to surface using BJ with 40 barrels of water ahead of 450 sacks (513 ft³) of type "G" cement + 22 calcium chloride. Cement in place at 0430 hours. Full returns during cementing. Pulled drill pipe. Cut off 20" 0.D. casing and welded on a casinghead Installed a 20" Hydril blow out preventer.

7-21-76 Ran in hole and tagged cement at 322'. Tested blow out preventer to 1000 psi. Drilled out cement and shoe from 322' to 331' using 7-7/8" bit, 12t" reamer and a 17t" reamer. Drilled 17t" hole to 340'. Laid down hole opener and ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 340' to 650'. Circulated samples at 630' and 650'. Made trip for core barrel.

- 7-22-76 Ran Christensen core barrel with 7-7/8" diamond core bit in the hole and washed 15' to bottom. Cut core #1 from 650' to 680', recovered 29'. Reamed core hole and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 680' to 1293'.
- 7-23-76 Made trip for bit, washed and reamed 120' to bottom. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 1293' to 1502'. Ran core bit in the hole, cleaned out 15' of fill and cut core #2 from 1502' to 1528', recovered 26'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole.
- 7-24-76 Washed 30' to bottom, reamed core hole and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 1528' to 1568'. Measured out of hole and corrected depth to 1572'. Ban Birdwell density, neutron, gamma-induction, electric, acoustic log, and 3-D velocity logs to 1560'.

7-25-76 Continued running 3-D, guard, caliper and temperature logs to 1560'. Made trip with 7-7/8" bit and conditioned hole for a drill stem test. Ran Lynes drill stem test tool with a 7" packer in the hole on 2-7/8"
O.D. tubing and set packer at 1504' with 18.50' of tool below the packer to test zone from 1500' to 1575'. Opened tool at 1415 hours and ran hydrologic test \$1 as directed.

7-26-76 Completed test #1 at 0120 hours. Pulled out of hole. Ran hydrologic test #2 with straddle packers set at 650' and 725'. Opened tool at 1000 hours and ran test as directed to 1715 hours. Pulled out of hole with test tool. Made up hole opener with 7-7/8" bit, 12%" reamer and a 17%" reamer. Ran in hole.

7-27-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 175" from 340' to 391'. Pulled out of hole and removed 175" reamer. Opened 7-7/8" hole to 125" from 391' to 814'.

7-28-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12%" from 814' to 1000'.

7-29-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12½" from 1000' to 1236'.

- 7-30-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12%" from 1236' to 1355'. Made trip at 1302' to change out reamer, washed and reamed 210' to bottom.
- 7-31-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 124" from 1355' to 1510'.
- 8-1-76 Made trip, removed 7-7/8" bit and added 174" reamer to hole opener. Opened 124" hole to 174" from 391' to 781'.
- 8-2-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 781' to 978'. Made trip at 854' and changed out 17½" reamer.
- 8-3-76 Opened 12½" hole to 17½" from 978' to 1273'.
- 8-4-76 Opened 124" hole to 174" from 1273' to 1392'. Made trip at 1345' and changed out 174" reamer.
- 8-5-76 Opened 124" hole to 174" from 1392' to 1505'. Pulled out of hole and started running 13-3/8" O.D. casing.

8-6-76 Ran 49 joints (1502.77') of 13-3/8" O.D., 54.50#, K-55, ST&C casing with a B&W latch-in type float shoe on bottom. Landed casing at 1488.27' GL (1502.27 KB) with a centralizer at 1478' GL, metal petal basket at 1473' GL and centralizers at 1428', 1364' and 1305' GL. Ran latch-in tool on 4½" drill pipe and latched into shoe. Cemented annulus using BJ with 1500 gallons of mud sweep ahead of 1240 sacks (1748 ft³) of Lite cement with 1/2# per sack of Cello-Flake and 2% calcium chloride followed by 200 sacks (228 ft³) of type "G" cement with 1/2# per sack of Cello-Flake. Cement in place at 0940 hours. 200 ft³ of cement circulated to surface. Pulled drill pipe out of the hole and nippled up.

8-7-76 Welded a casinghead on the 13-3/8" O.D. casing and installed blow out preventer. Tested blind rams to 1000 psi. Ran 7-7/8" bit and 12k" reamer in the hole and tested drill pipe rams to 1000 psi. Drilled out cement and shoe from 1499' to 1502' and cleaned out to 1510'. Pulled out of hole and removed reamer. Ran 7-7/8" bit and junk sub in the hole and washed to 1520'. Circulated and built up mud viscosity.

8-8-76 Continued building up mud viscosity. Washed and reamed to 1572' and drilled 7-7/8" hole to 1582'. Fulled out of hole and recovered several small pieces of iron in junk sub. Ran back in hole and built up mud viscosity and volume. Made second trip and recovered small pieces of iron. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 1582' to 1738' and lost circulation. Lost 153 barrels of mud. Fulled drill pipe to 1609' and had full returns. Built up mud volume and viscosity. Ran in hole to 1735' with full returns. Ran to 1738' and lost circulation. Lost 130 barrels of mud.

8-9-76

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Fulled bit to 1706' pumped in lost circulation materials with no returns, lost 230 barrels of mud. Mixed mud and lost circulation materials. Fulled drill pipe into casing and pumped mud in the hole, fluid level 20' down in casing. Fulled out of hole. Ran Dresser Atlas caliper and induction logs, tool stopped at 1579'. Ran in hole to 1389', pumped 270 barrels of mud in the hole with no returns. Mixed up mud and regained full circulation at 1389'. Ran in hole, washed and reamed 124' to 1733' with full returns. Circulated to condition mud, lost 108 barrels while circulating. Fulled out of hole.

8-10-76 Ran Dresser Atlas induction and caliper logs, tool stopped at 1600'. Made trip in hole and did not hit any bridges. Attempted to log again and tool stopped at 1600'. Ran Lynes inflatable packer on 4½" drill pipe in the hole for hydrologic test #3 and set at 1540'. Ran test from 0756 to 0920 hours. Picked up Lynes 7" production packer and ran in hole on 2-7/8" 0.D. tubing for hydrologic test #4. Set packer at 1542' and ran test as directed.

8-11-76 Completed test at 0400 hours. Pulled out of hole. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole, washed 150' to bottom and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 1738' to 1768' and lost returns. Lost 210 barrels of mud. Pulled 3 stands of drill pipe. Mixed mud and lost circulation materials. Lost 200 barrels of mud and regained 70% returns. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 1768' to 1924', regained 100% returns at 1821'.

8-12-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 1924' to 2084'. Pulled out of hole and ran 7-7/8" diamond core bit in the hole. Tagged fill at 1839' and cleaned out to 1984'.

8-13-76

Cleaned out fill from 1984' to 2062' and pulled out of hole. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and washed 60' to bottom. Made short trip to check for fill and cleaned out 10' of fill. Pulled out of hole and made up 7-7/8" bit. 6 point reamer. 2 stabilizers and jars. Ran in hole and cleaned

Madison \$1, Hole Histor Page 4	Wyoming y
8-14-76	Reamed out of gauge hole from 1870' to 2084' and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2084' to 2087'. Made short trip to check for fill and cleaned out 5' of fill. Pulled out of hole and made up 7-7/8" core bit and barrel. Cleaned out 6' of fill and cut core #3 from 2087' to 2093'.
8-15-76	Completed core #3 from 2093' to 2117', recovered 30'. Washed and reamed core hole and drilled $7-7/8''$ hole from 2117' to 2195'.
8-16-76	Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2195' to 2280'. Pulled out of hole. Made up core barrel and cut 7-7/8" core #4 from 2280' to 2301'.
8-17-76	Completed core #4 from 2301' to 2335', recovered 53'. Cut core #5 from 2335' to 2370'.
8-18-76	Completed core #5 from 2370' to 2388', recovered 53'. Ran Birdwell electric log, tool stopped at 1605'. Pulled tool and recovered a 2' x 6" piece of the drill pipe stripper rubber. Ran tool back in the hole and stopped at 1627'. Made trip with bit to clean out hole. Attempted to run guard log, tool not working.
8-19-76	Ran Birdwell electric, induction, density, guard, 3-D, caliper, sonic and temperature logs.
8-20-76	Ran Birdwell neutron log. Made trip with 7-7/8" bit to condition hole for testing. Made up Lynes 7" inflatable packer on 44" drill pipe and set at 2299'. Ran hydrologic test #5 as directed at 1830 hours.
8-21-76	Completed test at 0230 hours. Made trip with 7-7/8" bit to condition hole for testing. Ran Lynes straddle packers in the hole on 4½" drill pipe, set packers from 2218' to 2298' and ran hydrologic test #6 from 0935 hours to 1530 hours. Made trip with 7-7/8" bit to condition hole and cleaned out 15' of fill. Picked up test tools and 2-7/8" O.D. tubing.
8-22-76	Ran Lynes straddle packers in the hole on 2-7/8" O.D. tubing, set packers from 2217' to 2305' and ran hydrologic test #7. Started swabbing at O415 hours and completed test at 1800 hours. Could not release packers. Worked stuck packers up the hole 20' and could not move any further. Circulated thru ports in top packer to free.
8–23–76	Continued circulating and working tubing, could not free. Ran McCullough free point indicator inside the 2-7/8" O.D. tubing to fill at 2240', tubing free above this point. Ran 103' of 1-3/4" O.D. wash out pipe in- side the 2-7/8" O.D. tubing on McCullough's wire line and attempted to wash out sand inside the tubing with no results. Pulled pipe, repaired same and welded a seal ring on the outside of the pipe.

8-24-76

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Ran the wash out pipe back inside the tubing and washed out sand to 2274' by circulating down the tubing lowering the wash out pipe. Ran McCullough free point indicator and set down on fill at 2267', tubing free above this point. Lengthened wash out pipe to 133' and ran back inside the tubing, circulated and washed to 2287'. Ran free point indicator, tubing free above 2280'. Perforated bottom packer and worked loose. Bottom packer had been worked up to 2284'. Pulled out of hole.

- 8-25-76 Laid down test tools. Made trip with 7-7/8" bit to 1590' and conditioned hole for test. Made up Lynes straddle packers on 2-7/8" O.D. tubing. Ran in hole and set packers from 1482' to 1525'. Started swabbing for hydrologic test #8 and packers would not hold. Pulled out of hole and left bottom packer, 1 joint of tubing and 2 recorders in the hole. Ran a 6%" overshot in the hole on 44" drill pipe. Worked over fish and deflated packer. Started out of hole.
- 8-26-76 Pulled out of hole and recovered all of fish. Made up 12½" hole opener with a 7-7/8" pilot bit and opened 7-7/8" hole to 12½" from 1505' to 1910'.
- 8-27-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12½" from 1910' to 2061'.
- 8-28-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12¹/₂" from 2061' to 2167'. Pulled out of hole and left 7-7/8" bit, 2' of guide below the 12¹/₂" comes and all comes and bearings in the hole. Measured out of the hole and corrected depth to 2159'. Waited on fishing tools.
- 8-29-76 Ran 10¹ magnet in the hole, cleaned cut 20' of fill and vorked magnet to bottom at 2159', recovered 8 bearings. Ran 7-5/8" mill in the hole and cleaned out 10' of fill. Attempted to push junk to bottom with no success. Lost 100 barrels of mud. Pulled mill and ran 11-3/4" x 3' Bowen junk basket. Drilled over junk from 2159' to 2162', no recovery. Left bottom set of fingers in the hole. Repaired junk basket and ran back in hole and worked over fish.
 - 8-30-76 Pulled out of hole, no recovery. Ran 7-5/8" flat bottom mill in the hole and milled on junk at 2162'. Lost circulation, mixed mud and lost circulation materials. Milled on junk at 2162' and pushed to 2285'. Pulled out of hole and ran 7-5/8" wash over shoe. Washed over junk and pushed to 2289'.
 - 8-31-76 Continued milling and washing over junk at 2289'. Pulled out of hole and ran 7-3/8" overshot to 2289' and attempted to work over fish, no recovery. Ran in hole with a magnet to 2289', recovered part of a 12½" reamer cone.
- 9-1-76 Ran 7-5/8" flat bottom mill in the hole and milled on junk to 2290'. Pulled out of hole and ran McCullough junk shot to 2290'. Ran 7-5/8" magnet to 2290', no recovery. Mixed mud and lost circulation materials. Ran 12½" hole opener and 7-7/8" pilot bit in the hole, reamed 100' of out-of-gauge hole and opened 7-7/8" hole to 12½" from 2159' to 2164'.
- 9-2-76 Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12½" from 2164' to 2284'.

9-3-76

Laid down hole opener and ran 12^t" bit. Opened 7-7/8" hole to 12^t" from 2284' to 2290' and hit junk. Pulled out of hole and made up 11-3/4" Bowen junk basket without fingers. Washed to bottom and worked over junk, no recovery. Ran a magnet in the hole and worked to bottom, no recovery.

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9-4-76 Ran Bowen junk basket back in the hole and washed over junk from 2290' to 2294', no recovery. Added fingers to junk basket and worked over junk, no recovery. Made 3 runs with McCullough junk shot to 2294' and cleaned out fill after each shot. Ran 9" magnet in the hole, no recovery.

9-5-76 Ran 11-3/4" flat bottom mill with junk sub in the hole and milled on junk from 2294' to 2296', no recovery. Ran 7-5/8" mill in the hole and attempted to push junk down the hole with no success. Picked up 11-3/4" Bowen junk basket and washed over junk at 2294'.

- 9-6-76 Continued washing over junk to 2296', recovered bottom part of 7-7/8" bit, 2 comes and shanks. Top 1/3 of body had been milled off. Ran 11-3/4" mill in the hole and milled from 2296' to 2305'.
- 9-7-76 Milled on junk from 2305' to 2309'. Pulled out of hole and ran 74" mill. Circulated mill to 2380' and milled on junk from 2380' to 2385'.
- 9-8-76 Milled on junk from 2385' to 2387'. Pulled out of hole and ran 7-5/8" Bowen junk basket. Washed over junk from 2387' to 2389', no recovery. Ran 12¹/₂" reamer in the hole, washed and reamed 27' to 2289'.
- 9-9-76 Washed and reamed from 2289' to 2296'. Opened 7-7/8" hole from 2296' to 2353'. Pulled out of hole and ran Dresser Atlas caliper log. Made trip with bit to condition hole. Prepared to run casing.
- 9-10-76 Ran 9-5/8" O.D. casing in the hole on 44" drill pipe, could not set liner hanger. Laid down casing and sent hanger to be modified.
- 9-11-76 Ran 31 joints (940.05') of 9-5/8" O.D., 40\$, K-55, ST&C casing for a liner. Set liner hanger at 1393' (1379' GL) with the bottom of the liner at 2333' (2319' GL). Liner had a float shoe on bottom and a float collar on top of the bottom joint. Centralizers at 2328' and 2399', cement basket at 2147', centralizers at 2060' and 1724', cement basket at 1694', centralizers at 1547', 1457' and 1401'. Cemented annulus using BJ with 560 sacks (789 ft³) of Lite cement with 1/4\$ per sack of Cello-Flake followed by 150 sacks (171 ft³) of type "G" cement with 1/4\$ per sack of Cello-Flake. Cement in place at 0600 hours. Released liner running tool and pulled drill pipe. Waited on cement until 1900 hours. Ran Dresser-Atlas temperature and bond logs. Bonding indicated from 1572' to 2284'.

9-12-76 Waited on cement until 0800 hours. Perforated 9-5/8" O.D. liner using Dresser Atlas with 4 holes per foot at 1572'. Ran Johnson wire line squeeze packer and set at 1530'. Ran 4½" drill pipe in the hole and latched into packer. Squeezed perforations using BJ with 190 sacks (268 ft³) of Lite cement. Cement in place at 1645 hours. Reversed out approximately 40 sacks (56 ft³) of cement. Pulled drill pipe out of hole.

9-13-76 Ran Dresser Atlas bond and temperature log, top of cement in casing at 1438'. Washed and drilled cement from 1438' to packer at 1530'. Pressured up on squeeze packer, no pressure. Started drilling out packer.

9-14-76 Drilled out packer and cement to 1571'. Ran Dresser Atlas bond log. Set Baker cement retainer at 1440'. Waited on retrievable squeeze packer.

9-15-76 Waited on packer to 0600 hours. Ran 13-3/8" retrievable packer in the hole on 4½" drill pipe and set at 1279'. Pressured up on annulus to 150 psi for 15 minutes, packer held. Cemented squeeze #2 using BJ with 470 sacks (536 ft³) of type "G" cement + 2% calcium chloride and 1/4# per sack of Cello-Flake. Displaced cement with water. Cement in place at 0930 hours. Held pressure for 30 minutes. Released packer and reversed out excess cement. Waited on cement to 1800 hours. Reseated packer and cemented squeeze #3 with 575 sacks (656 ft³) of type "G" cement + 3% calcium chloride and 1/2# per sack of Cello-Flake. Cement in place at 2100 hours. Released packer and reversed out excess cement.

9-16-76 Waited on cement to 1030 hours. Ran 12½" bit in the hole and tagged cement at 1347'. Circulated and conditioned mud to 2115 hours. Drilled out cement from 1347' to 1378'.

9-17-76 Drilled out cement from 1378' to liner top at 1393'. Pressured up on 9-5/8" liner to 1190 psi for 30 minutes. Made trip for 84" bit and drilled out cement from 1393' to 1401'. Pressured up on liner to 1240 psi for 30 minutes. Reamed and washed to Baker cement retainer at 1440'. Pulled bit and ran Baker sub in the hole. Screwed into retainer and pressured up on perforations at 1572'. Pumped into perforations between 1200 psi and 1400 psi, pressure would hold at 800 psi. Released sub and circulated hole.

9-18-76 Rigged up to squeeze. Sub would not latch into retainer. Pressured up to 1400 psi using BJ pump truck, pressure held. Pulled out of hole and ran 84" bit, drilled out cement retainer at 1440' and ran bit to 2271'. Pumped 10 barrels of fluid at 600 psi in perforations at 1572'. Stopped pump and pressure dropped to 0 psi. Pulled out of hole and ran Dresser Atlas cement bond log.

9-19-76

Ran Halliburton 9-5/8" RTTS packer in the hole on $4\frac{1}{2}$ " drill pipe and set at 1630', pressured up to 950 psi and pressure held. Reset packer at 1540' and pressured up to 500 psi in the annulus, pressure held. Reset packer at 1473' and pumped 30 barrels of fluid into perforations at 1572' with 950 psi at a rate of 3 bpm. Cemented squeeze #4 in stages using BJ with 150 sacks (171 ft³) of type "C" cement, maximum squeeze pressure 1500 psi. Cement in place at 1815 hours. Released packer and reversed out excess cement. Reset packer and pressured up to 1500 psi for 15 minutes. Pulled out of hole.

9-20-76

Waited on cement to 0945 hours. Ran 84" bit in the hole and drilled out cement from 1511' to 1588'. Pressured up on casing to 800 psi and pressure held. Ran bit to 2277' and drilled on junk and cement to float collar at 2290'.

9-21-76

Pulled out of hole and cleaned out junk sub, recovered 20# of iron. Made 2 trips with a 7" magnet and junk sub, recovered 20# of iron both times. Ran 7-7/8" bit and junk sub in the hole and drilled on junk and cement from 2290' to 2301'. Pressured up on casing to 800 psi for 15 minutes, pressure held. Drilled on junk and cement from 2301' to 2321'. Pressure tested casing to 800 psi, pressure held. Pulled out of hole and recovered 20# of iron. Ran 7" magnet and junk sub in the hole to 2321'. Pressure tested casing to 1000 psi for 20 minutes, pressure held. Pulled out of hole and recovered 20# of iron. Made trip with magnet and junk sub.

- 9-22-76 Recovered 20% of iron. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and drilled out cement and shoe from 2321' to 2333'. Cleaned out to 2388' and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2388' to 2449'. Circulated out samples and pulled out of hole. Cleaned out junk sub and recovered 10% of iron. Made 2 trips with a magnet and junk sub, recovered a total of 15% of iron. Ran 7½" Globe basket and cored from 2449' to 2450'.
- 9-23-76 Cored with junk basket from 2450' to 2451', recovered 6" of core and 1 piece of iron. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole, reamed 60' of hole to bottom and reamed 74" hole from 2449' to 2450'. Made 2 trips with a magnet and junk sub and recovered approximately 8# of iron on each trip. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and worked by iron. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2450' to 2452'.
- 9-24-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2452' to 2455' and pulled bit. Cut 6-1/8" core #6 from 2455' to 2474', recovered 19'. Rau 7-7/8" bit in the hole and washed from 2413' to 2455'. Reamed core hole from 2455' to 2463'.
- 9-25-76 Reamed core hole from 2463' to 2474' and pulled bit. Cut 6-1/8" core \$7 from 2474' to 2500', recovered 23.5'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and reamed core hole to 2500'.
- 9-26-76 Cut 7-7/8" core #8 and #9 from 2500' to 2525', cored 25', recovered 24'.
- 9-27-76 Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and drilled from 2525' to 2635'. Lost 400 barrels of mud at 2554'. Measured out of hole and corrected depth to 2632'. Cut 7-7/8" core \$10 from 2632' to 2646'.
- 9-28-76 Recovered 13.5' on core #10. Cut 7-7/8" core #11 from 2646' to 2676', recovered 28.5'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole, washed and reamed 30' to bottom and drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2676' to 2760'. Circulated samples out of the hole.

9-29-76 Pulled out of hole. Cut 7-7/8" core \$12 from 2760' to 2820', recovered 60'.

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- 9-30-76 Cut 7-7/8" core \$13 from 2820' to 2845', recovered 25'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole, reamed from 2785' to 2845' and drilled to 2958'.
- 10-1-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 2958' to 3015'. Circulated samples out of the hole and pulled bit. Cleaned out 17' of fill and cut 7-7/8" core \$14 from 3015' to 3070'.
- 10-2-76 Recovered 54' on core #14. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole, washed and reamed 35' to bottom. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 3070' to 3102' and pulled bit. Cut 7-7/8" core #15 from 3102' to 3132', recovered 30'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and reamed to bottom.
- 10-3-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 3132' to 3185' and pulled bit. Cut 7-7/8" core \$16 from 3185' to 3191', recovered 6'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and drilled from 3191' to 3272'. Circulated samples to surface.
- 10-4-76 Pulled out of hole. Cut 7-7/8" core \$17 from 3272' to 3302', recovered 29.5'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and washed to bottom. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 3302' to 3390'.
- 10-5-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 3390' to 3491', lost 450 barrels of mud. Mixed up mud and lost circulation materials. Pulled out of hole. Ran 7-7/8" core bit in the hole and reamed 6' to bottom. Cut core \$18 from 3491' to 3497'.
- 10-6-76 Completed core \$18 from 3497' to 3521', recovered 29.5'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and drilled from 3521' to 3610'. Circulated samples out of the hole and pulled bit.
- 10-7-76 Cut 7-7/8" core #19 from 3610' to 3643' and lost 80 barrels of mud, recovered 2'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and drilled from 3643' to 3796'. Circulated samples at 3705'.
- 10-8-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 3796' to 3964'.
- 10-9-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 3964' to 4064'. Made trip at 4053' to lay down and load out 2-7/8" O.D. tubing.
- 10-10-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 4064' to 4145'. Circulated samples to surface and pulled bit. Washed and reamed 33' to bottom and cut 7-7/8" core \$20 from 4145' to 4175', recovered 30'. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole, washed and reamed 60' to bottom. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 4175' to 4200'.
- 10-11-76 Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 4200' to 4292'. Circulated samples to surface and pulled bit. Reamed 8' to bottom and cut 7-7/8" core #21 from 4292' to 4326'.
- 10-12-76 Recovered 34' on core #21. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and reamed 34' to bottom. Drilled 7-7/8" hole from 4326' to 4346'. Circulated samples to surface and pulled bit. Cut core 7-7/8" core #22 from 4346' to 4350'.

- 10-13-76 Completed core \$22 from 4350' to 4355', recovered 75'. Laid down core barrel. Ran Birdwell logs.
- 10-14-76 Ran Birdwell logs.
- 10-15-76 Ban Birdwell logs. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole and conditioned mud.
- 10-16-76 Conditioned hole and pulled bit. Ran 7" Lynes packer in the hole on 44;" drill pipe and set at 4094'. Ran hydrologic test #9 from 4094' to 4355' from 0915 to 1445 hours. Pulled out of hole. Picked up 7" Lynes production packer and 2-7/8" 0.D. tubing.
- 10-17-76 Ran Lynes production packer in the hole and set packer at 4092' after the third trip. Swabbed tubing and ran hydrologic test \$10, well flowing at 55 gpm. Started test at 1900 hours.
- 10-18-76 Completed test at 1130 hours. Pulled out of hole. Ran Lynes 7" inflatable packers in the hole on 4½" drill pipe. Set packers from 3579' to 3694' and ran hydrologic test #11 from 2015 to 2315 hours. Picked up packers and set from 3329' to 3440'.
- 10-19-76 Ran hydrologic test #12 from 0 to 0130 hours, tool plugged. Pulled out of hole and cleaned up tool. Ran back in hole and set packers from 3579' to 3694'. Ran hydrologic test #13, tool open from 0600 to 0730 hours and could not close. Pull tool and dressed packers. Ran back in hole and set packers from 3300' to 3480'. Ran hydrologic test #14 from 1545 to 1930 hours. Pulled out of hole and picked up tools for test #15.
- 10-20-76 Ran in hole and set packers from 2530' to 2570'. Ran hydrologic test #15 from 0415 to 1515 hours, hole flowing 18 gpm. Pulled tool and dressed packers. Ran back in hole and set packers from 2434' to 2530'. Started hydrologic test #16 at 2230 hours, hole flowing 20 gpm.
- 10-21-76 Completed test #16 at 1515 hours and laid down tools. Ran 7-7/8" bit in the hole to 4355' and conditioned mud.
- 10-22-76 Laid down drill pipe and removed blow out preventers. Waited on well head.
- 10-23-76 Installed well head and connected up. Ran 2-7/8" O.D. tubing in the hole to 3600'. Swabbed tubing and flowed hole. Raised tubing to 2100', swabbed tubing and flowed hole. Raised tubing to 1700' and swabbed.
- 10-24-76 Raised tubing to 1200', swabbed and flowed hole. Raised tubing to 880', swabbed and flowed hole. Laid down tubing. Hole flowed 250 gpm at 29 psi. Temperature of water was 124° F. Shut in from 1430 to 1600 hours. Opened up and flowed at 250 gpm at 32 psi. Temperature was 124° F. Shut in at 1800 hours. Shut in pressure was 48 psi.

10-25-76 Hole shut in. Released rig for demobilization at 0700 hours.

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CORE RECORD

			Weight	Circulating			
Core			On Bit	Pressure	Feet	Feet	z
No.	Interval	RPM	1000#	psi	Cored	Recovered	Recovery
1	650' - 680'	52	8-12	-	30	29	97
2	1502' - 1528'	52	8-14	650	26	26	100
3	2087' - 2117'	52	6-16	800	30	30	100
4	2280' - 2335'	52	8-16	1050	55	53	96
5	2335' - 2388'	52	10-18	1000	53	53	100
6	2455' - 2474'	44	8-16	800	19	19	100
7	2474' - 2500'	44	8-16	825	26	23.5	90
8	2500' - 2513'	44-48	8-16	825	13	12.5	96
9	2513' - 2525'	48	.10-14	750-850	12	11.5	96
10	2632' - 2646'	48	8-16	850	14	13.5	96
11	2646' - 2576'	48	8-16	900	30	28.5	95
.12	2760' - 2820'	48	8-18	850-9 50	60	60	100
13	2820' - 2845'	48	8-18	850-900	25	25	100
14	3015' - 3070'	48	8-18	800-950	55	54	98
15	3102' - 3132'	48	8-18	800-950	30	30	100
16	3185' - 3191'	48	10-18	850	6	6	100
17	3272' - 3302'	56-48	8-18	850	30	29.5	98
18	3491' - 3521'	48	8-18	900-1000	30	29.5	98
19	3610' - 3643'	48	8-15	750-950	33	2	6
20	4145' - 4175'	48-40	8-12	900-1000	30	. 30	100
21	4292' - 4326'	48	10-18	1100-1200	34	34	100
22	4346' - 4355'	48	14-20	1000	-9	7.5	83

TOTAL

650

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BIT RECORD

Bit No.

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:	Make	<u>Size</u>	Туре	Depth Out	Feet Drille	Rotating d Hours	3
	Security	17L11	6367	3351	2851	26 211	-
	Read	264	Bole Coener	2351	2861	10-3/4	1
	Peed	7-7/8"	AJI	3401	200 c1	22	a BIC VI
	Reed	7-7/8"	▼11	5501	1015	6 1/1	Lezent
	Christensen	7-7/8"	MC20	6801	201	4-1/4	
Certin		1-110		12031	50	2-1/2	
	Reed	7-7/8"	V1 2	15021	2091	14-1/4	
Cerrun .		7-7/8"		1528'	205	6-1/2	
lerum		7-7/8"		1572'	441	2-1/4	
· · ·	Reed	175"	Hole Opener	391'	561	9-2/4	1 D4+ #6
	Reed	125"	Hole Opener	1302'	967'	5-5/4 61	
•	Reed	125"	Hole Opener	1510'	2081	31-1/4	
lerun		175"	and opener	8541	463'	30-1/2	a bit to
	Security	125"	SJI		400	24-212	Pilor Bir
	Reed	175"	Hole Opener	1345'	491'	43	£ R4+ #10
	Reed	175"	Hole Opener	1505'	160'	20-3/4	6 Bir #10
	Reed	7-7/8"	¥13	1738'	166'	3-1/4	- 210 - 20
	Smith	7-7/8"	F2	20841	346'	24-1/4	
	Security	7-7/8"	H7SGJ	2087'	3'	1/4	
Rerun	•	7-7/8"		2117'	30'	7-1/4	
Rerun		7-7/8"		2280'	163'	27-1/4	
lerun		7-7/8"		2388'	108'	30-3/4	
	Reed	122"	Hole Opener	2159'	6491	51-1/2	
	Security	12%"	Hole Opener	2284'	125'	24	
	Security	122"	S4TJ	2290'	· 61	2-1/2	
	Reed	125"	Hole Opener	2353'	63'	6	
	Security	8 <u>'</u> 2"	M4NGJ	(Drilled	cement &	retainer)	
	Security	8½"	M4NGJ				Circulate
Rerun		122"		(Drilled	cement)		
Rerun		8 ¹ 2"		(Drilled	cement &	retainer)	
	Security	8 ¹ 2"	M4NGJ	(Drilled	cement &	retainer)	
	Security	85"	H77SG	(Drilled	cement &	junk)	
	Reed	7-7/8"	Y21C	(Drilled	cement &	junk)	
	Reed	7-7/8"	Y21G	2449'	128'	7-1/4	Cem.& Shoe
	Reed	7-7/8"	H7SG	2450'	1'	2	Junk
	Reed	7-7/8"	Y31G	2455'	5'	2	Junk
-	Christensen	6-1/8"	MC23	2474	19'	9-1/4	_
Rerun		7-7/8"		2474'	19.	3-3/4	Reaming
Kerun		0-1/8" 7 7/8"		2500'	26	10-1/4	D
Kerun		/=//ö" 7_7/0"		2500"	25	5	reaming
Ne i uli	Paad	7-7/0	****	2323	23	10-1/2	
	D39 A	/#//0 7_7/8"	T T T T T	2032	101.	11-1/2	
	Smith	7-7/2"	54	2010	44 <u>0</u> /1	<u>0_1//</u>	
		/-//0	47 .	2100	07	7-1/4	

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BIT RECORD (Cont'd.)

Bit				Depth	Feet	Rotating
No.	Make	Size	Type	Out	Drilled	Hours
5 Rerun		7-7/8"		. 2845*	851	24
30 Rerun		7-7/8"		3015'	170'	12-1/4
5 Rerun		7-7/8"		3070'	551	14-1/2
30 Rerun		7-7/8"		3102'	32'	3-3/4
5 Rerun		7-7/8"		3132'	30'	7-1/2
30 Rerun		7-7/8"		3185'	53'	5-1/2
5 Rerun		7-7/8"		3191'	61	3-3/4
30 Rerun		7-7/8"		3272'	81'	3-1/4
5 Rerun		7-7/8"		3302'	30'	9-1/4
30 Rerun		7-7/8"		3491'	189'	14-1/2
31	Christensen		MC23	3521'	301	11-1/4
30 Rerun		77/8"		3610'	891	9-1/4
31 Retun		7-7/8"		3643'	33'	3-3/4
30 Regun		7-7/8"		4145'	5021	59
31 Rerun		7-7/8"		4175'	30'	2-1/4
30 Return		7-7/8"		4292'	117'	6-1/2
31 Rerun		7-7/8"	•	4326'	34'	10-3/4
32	Security	7-7/8"		43461	201	3-1/2
31 Rerun		7-7/8"		4355'	9'	11-1/4

DEVIATION SURVEYS (TOTCO)

Date	Depth-Ft.	Inclination-Degrees
7-16-76	80	0
7-17-76	112	0
• • • • •	. 237	1/8
	330	1/2
7-21-76	650	3/4
7-23-76	1293	1
8-13-76	2084	3/4
8-18-76	2380	1-1/2
9-2-76	2154	1-1/2
9-3-76	2284	1
9-26-76	2500	ī
9-29-76	2760	1-1/2
10-1-76	3015	1-3/4
10-4-76	3272	1-3/4
10-7-76	3610	2
10-8-76	3805	1-3/4
10-11-76	4292	2
10-12-76	4346	1-3/4

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		Run	Depth	Depth	Lopped	
Type Log	Date	No.	Driller	Logger	From	To
BIRDWELL LOCS						
Acoustic Borehole	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	331'	1555'
Acoustic Borehole	8-19-76	2	2387'	2381 1	15025	77691
Compensated	• ••	-	2307	2301	2005	2300.
Acoustic Borehole Compensated	10-14-76	3	43551	4351'	2150'	4336'
Caliper	7-25-76	1	1572'	1560'	3001	15601
Caliper	8-19-76	2	2387'	2382'	15031	23801
Caliper	10-14-76	3	4355'	4348'	2330'	4347'
Density Borehole Compensated	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	331'	1559'
Density Borehole Compensated	8-19-76	2	2387'	2384'	50'	2382'
Density Borehole Compensated	10-14-76	3	4355'	4348*	1400'	4347'
Electric	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	331'	15581
Electric	8-19-76	2	2387'	2384'	1503'	2387
Electric	10-13-76	3	4355'	43531	2337'	4351'
Induction Electric	8-19-76	2	2387*	2384'	1503'	2379'
Gamma Ray-Induction	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	331'	1554'
Gamma Ray-Induction	10-13-76	3	4355'	4348.5'	2336'	4343'
Guard	7-25-76	1	1572'	15601	3341	1552
Gamma-Guard	8-19-76	2	2387'	2382'	1503'	23741
Gamma-Guard	10-13-76	3	4355'	4348'	2340'	4344'
Micro-Contact	10-13-76	3	43551	4353'	2333'	4351'
Neutron Borehole	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	331'	1559'
Neutron Borehole	8-19-76	2	2387'	2381'	1503'	2378'
Neutron Borehole Compensated	10-14-76	3	4355'	4348*	2250'	4347'
NCTL	10-15-76	3	4355*	N/R	3001	2400'
Temperature	7-25-76	1	1572'	1560'	0'	1560'
Temperature	8-19-76	2	2387'	2382'	. 0'	2382'
Temperature	10-15-76	3	4355'	4348'	200'	4340'

LOG INDEX SHEET

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LOG INDEX SHEET (Cont'd.)

		Run	Depth	Depth	Log	zed
Type Log	Date	No.	Driller	Logger	From	To
BIRDWELL LOGS (Cont	'd.)					
3-D Velocity - 3'	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	100'	1550'
3-D Velocity - 6'	7-24-76	1	1572'	1560'	100'	1550'
3-D Velocity - 3'	8-19-76	2	2387'	2382'	1400'	2377'
3-D Velocity - 6'	8-19-76	2	2387'	2382'	100*	2378'
3-D Velociry - 3'	10-15-76	3	4355*	4348	2300"	4350'
3-D Velocity - 6'	10-15-76	3	4355'	4348*	430'	4344'

NOTE: Finished prints of the above logs furnished by USGS.

DRESSER ATLAS LOGS

Acoustic Cement	9-11-76	l	2289*	2282'	1370'	2379'
Acoustic Cement Bond VDL	9-14-76	2	2285'	2286'	300'	2283'
Induction Electrolog	8-9-76	1	1738'	1600*	1503'	1595'
Differential Temp- erature	9-11-76	1	2389'	2383'	0*	2382'
Differential Temp- erature	9-13-76	2	2389'	1438'	0"	1437'

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NOTE: Field prints of the above logs furnished by USGS.

MUD REPORT

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Date	Denth	Vt.	Vis.	¥14.	ъН	Wtr.	Chlorides PPM	Solide
	Desen	<u></u>						301103
7-17-76	200	8.4	28					
18	102 (reaming)					
10	(8.8	、 28					
. 19	325 (reaming 8 8) 50				`	
21	325	0.0	20					
22	650							
23	1395	9.2	37	10	10.5	6.4	300	6.0%
24	1586	9.6	59	18	11.0	5.6	300	9.0%
25	1572	9.5	60	22	11.0	5.2	300	8.5%
26	317	• •	ho	12	12 0			6 59
28	300	9.2	45	12	11.0	5.0	300	6.02
29	1071	9.4	44	13	9.5	6.8	300	7 3/42
30	1300	9.3	37	7	11.0	6.0	300	7.0%
31	1392	9.2	37	8	9.5	5.2	300	6.0%
8- 1-76	443	9.1	34	8	9.5	5.2	300	5.0%
2	832	9.5	37	12	10.5	5.6	350	9.0%
. 3	1014	9.9	49	18	10.5	7.0	300	12.0%
4	1305	10.2	38	10 10	10.0	8.0	350	13.02
2	1400	J. J	casino	<u>۲</u>	10.5	1.0	200	11-04
ě	1574	8.9	37	4	12.0	6.0	300	4.02
9	1738	9.2	52	11	12.0	8.8	300	6.0%
12	1991	9.0	37	8	10.5	6.8	300	5.0%
13	2084	9.1	63	15	11.5	5.6	350	5.5%
14	2087	9.1	75	26	11.5	6.0	300	5.0%
15	211/	9.2	/3 46	2/	10.5	6.U 6 n	350	5.0%
10	22.80	9.1	53	11	10.0	6.0	400	5.02
18	2387	9.1	60	13	10.5	6.5	400	5.0%
20	2388	9.0	53	18	9.0	6.0	300	5.0%
25	1550	9.3	47	10	12.0	6.8	350	7.0%
26	1554	8.9	42	5	11.0	6.0	350	4.0%
2/	1940	9.1	28	12	10.5	5.0	350	2.02
29	1259	9.1	39	4	10.0	6.0	350	5.0%
9- 2-76	2200	9.0	45	9	10.0	8.0	350	5.0%
5	2294	9.3	43	8	11.0	7.2	350	6.5%
6	2296	9.2	53	14	11.0	6.4	350	6.5%

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Mud Report - 2

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						Wtr.	Chlorides	e.11.4.
Date	Depth	Wt.	<u>Vis.</u>	YId.	- рн	Loss	PPM	201105
9- 7-76	2309	9.2	50	11 -	10.5	5.6	350	6.5%
8	2387	9.3	66	20	11.0	6.8	300	7.0%
q	2306	9.3	60	15	11.0	7.2	300	7.0%
14	2326	8.3	53	10	10.0	5.0	400	7.0%
17		9.0	43	6	10.5	8.0	350	6.0%
20	2284	9.0	45	6	11.5	9.2	400	6.0%
22	2398	9.1	43	8	11.0	7.6	350	6.5%
23	2449	9.2	46	6	11.5	5.2	350	7.0%
24	2455	9.2	45	8	.11.0	5.8	400	7.0%
25	2476	9.2	45	9	10.0	5.2	500	7.0%
26	2513	9.2	47	9	10.5	5.0	500	7.0%
27	2580	9.2	45	10	11.0	4.8	600	7.0%
28	2676	9.2	45	9	10.5	5.0	500	7.0%
29	2767	9.1	43	11	11.0	4.4	400	6.0%
30	2840	9.1	43	6	11.0	5.0	400	6.0%
10- 1-76	3015	9.1	44	8	10.0	5.0	400	6.0%
2	3090	9.1	49	12	10.0	5.0	400	6.0%
3	3185	9.2	56	22	11.0	5.5	400	7.0%
Ĩ,	3278	9.1	44	8	10.5	5.5	400	6.0%
. 5	3470	9.2	44	4	10.5	6.0	400	7.0%
6	3516	9.2	60	22	10.0	5.0	400	7.0%
7	3610	9.2	52	16	10.0	5.0	400	7.0%
8	3858	9.2	52	14	10.0	5.4	400	7.0%
· 9	4050	9.2	51	10	10.0	5.2	400	7.0%
10	4115	9.2	50	7	10.0	5.0	400	7.0%
11	4292	9.1	48	8	10.0	5.0	400	6.0%
12	4339	9.4	58	22	.10.5	5.2	400	8.03
10-13-76	4355	9.4	65				· ·	

Geology of test well

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, L The following log tops and lithology are from the report from Hegna, Kerns, and Traut. The stratigraphic nomenclature from their report and that on table 1 have not been checked for conformance with the nomenclature presently used by the U.S. Geological Survey.

The core-analysis results are from the report furnished by the Core Laboratories, Inc., Denver, Colo.
Table 1.--Core intervals

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(Depths are from kelly bushing (3,618 ft above sea level), which is 14 ft above land surface)

Core	Interval	Cored	Recovered	-
<u>NO.</u>	(depth in It)	(IE)	(IT)	Formation
1	650-680	30	29	Sundance (Hulett SS Mbr.)
2	1502-1528	26	26	Minnekahta Ls.
3	2087-2117	30	30	Amsden
4	2280-2335	55	53	Amsden and Madison
5	2335-2388	53	53	Madison
6	2455-2474	19	19	Madison
7	2474-2500	26	23.5	Madison (Mission Canyon)
· 8	2500-2513	13	12.5	Madison (Mission Canyon)
9	2513-2525	12	11.5	Madison (Mission Canyon)
10	2632-2646	14	13.5	Madison (Mission Canyon)
11	2646-2676	30	28.5	Madison (Mission Canyon)
12	2760-2820	60	60	Madison (Lodgepole)
13	2820-2845	25	25	Madison (Lodgepole)
14	3015-3070	55	54	Madison, Devonian, and
		•		Stony Mountain
15	3102-3132	30	30	Red River
16	3185-3191	6	6	Red River
17	3272-3302	30	29.5	Red River
18	3491-3521	30	29.5	Red River (Hecla Mbr.)
19	3610-3643	33	2	Winnipeg SS
20	4145-4175	30	30	Flathead SS
21	4292-4326	34	34	Flathead SS and Precambrian
22	4346-4355	9	7.5	Precambrian

LOG TOPS

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	•	NDECCED
	BIRDWELL	ATLAS
SUNDANCE	444 •	
HULETT SANDSTONE	616'	
GYPSUM SPRING	8081	
GOOSE EGG	1294 '	
HINNEKAHTA	15001	1506'
OPECHE	1530'	1534'
MINNELUSA-AMSDEN		1570'
BELL SANDSTONE	2280'	
MADISON	2292'	
MISSION CANYON	24821	
LODGEPOLE	27541	.*
ENGLEWOOD	3030'	
DEVONIAN (?)	3042 '	
STONY MOUNTAIN	3060 '	
RED RIVER	3070'	· .
WINNIPEG		
ROUGHLOCK SANDSTONE	3530'	
ICEBOX SHALE	3542 '	
ALLADIN-WINNIPEG SANDST	ONE 3596'	
DEADWOOD	. 3692'	
FLATHEAD	4096 '	
PRECAMBRIAN (ELLISON 7)	4295 *	

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LITHOLOGY

10' samples begin @ 50'

50-	80	Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained/fine grained, subangular,
•		clean, quartzose, mostly unconsolidated grains w/some dark gray/
		black and orange chert grains, noncalcareous
80-	110	Sandstone as above w/decreasing chert grains, very clean
110-	120	Sandstone as above w/some dark gray and tan claystone
120-	140	Sandstone, tan, fine grained, subangular, unconsolidated, very
		clean, quartzose
140-	150	Sandstone, light grav/tan, very fine grained, subangular, abundant
		Fe stain
150-	190	Claystone, light gray, soft, noncalcareous
190-	200	Claystone as above w/some mottled red, yellow and purple
200-	210	Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained/medium grained, subround/
		well rounded, unconsolidated w/some dark gray shale
210-	260	Claystone, greenish gray, red, tan, green and dark gray
260-	270	Sandstone, clear, medium grained/coarse, well rounded, unconsoli-
		dated w/varicolored claystone as above
270-	300	Claystone, light green, soft, subwaxy w/some tan, red and gray,
		trace pyrite
300-	310	Sandstone, clear, fine grained, well rounded, very friable
310-	330	Claystone, light green/greenish gray, soft, subwaxy, SLM 335'
330-	340	Mostly cavings sandstone and claystone as above
- 340-	370	Claystone, brick red and light gray, silty, subwaxy
370-	380	Claystone, light gray and green, soft, waxy
380-	470	Siltstone, light yellowish gray, noncalcareous, argillaceous w/
		green and red claystone w/few coarse, subangular, free chert
		grains in red claystone matrix
470-	500	Claystone, greenish gray, waxy w/light gray bentonite
500-	630	Claystone as above w/some gray glauconitic siltstone and thin
		lenses sandstone, light gray, very fine grained, friable, glau-
		conitic, calcareous

HULETT SANDSTONE

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- 630 Circulating
 Sandstone, light brownish gray, very fine grained, soft, subround, friable, some clay infill, abundant bentonite
- 630- 650 Sandstone, white/light gray, very fine grained, well sorted, friable, soft

650- 680 Core #1 (Hulett) - recovered 29'

Sandstone, white/greenish white, very fine grained, subangular, well sorted, calcareous, friable w/green clay infilled matrix, locally glauconitic, some thin greenish gray claystone partings

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660- 750	fair/cood porosity
750- 770	Sandstone, white/light gray, very fine grained, glauconitic, soft, clay infill
770- 820	Claystone, greenish gray, soft, bentonitic w/pyrite, trace sandstone, white, very soft, very fine grained, glauconitic

GYPSUM SPRING-SPEARFISH

820- 850	Shale, brick red, silty w/white/clear anhydrite
850- 880	Dolomite, tan, dense, chalky
880- 900	Shale, brick red, anhydritic, clear, and dolomite, tan, inter- bedded
900- 940	Limestone, tan, chalky w/gypsum and anhydrite w/few tan chert inclusions
940- 960	Anhydrite, white w/marcon, green and yellow shale
960-1010	Shale and siltstone, brick red w/white anhydrite
1010-1110	Siltstone, brick red, decreasing anhydrite, some green mottling
1110-1150	Siltstone, brick red
1150-1200	Shale, brick red, occasionally silty
1200-1300	Siltstone, brick red, trace white anhydrite

GOOSE EGG

1300-1380	Siltstone as above w/greenish gray, waxy shale
1380-1410	Limestone, light gray/pinkish white, hard, dense w/green and red siltstone
1410-1500	Siltstone, brick red w/some green, waxy claystone, trace white anhydrite

MINNEKAHTA

1502	Circulating		
	Dolomite, white/tan, dense, hard		

1502-1528 Core #2 - recovered 26'

Dolomite, light gray/cream, dense, micritic, hard, vuggy at top, lavender, argillaceous @ base, locally fractured, vertical fractures @ 1504', 1507-1510', and 1524', shattered rubble zones @ 1518-1519', 1521-1523', and 1526-1528', vugs @ 1504', 1507-1510' (partially filled w/calcite and pyrite), stylolite @ 1505', bleeding water @ 1514-1517'

OPECHE

1530-1550

Shale, green, soft, subwaxy w/some brownish red siltstone

1550-1568 Siltstone, purple, soft, calcareous

MINNELUSA-AMSDEN

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1568 Circulating Sandstone, white/light gray, very fine grained, friable, dolomitic, fair porosity

1568-1596 No samples

1596-1710 Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained/coarse, poor sorting, well rounded, coarse frosted grains, some spotty light greasy stain, very weak fluorescence, good strong cut, no odor, good porosity, dolomitic

1710-1730 Sandstone as above, becoming weak, very light stain, light fluorescence, slow cut, good porosity

1730-1840 Sandstone, white, medium grained/coarse, well rounded, frosted grains, calcareous, unconsolidated grains, clean

1840-1910 Dolomite, white/pink w/sandstone, white, very fine grained/medium grained, well rounded, frosted, unconsolidated/friable

1910-1960 Dolomite, white/cream/pink, dense/sucrosic, locally limestone, trace pyrite

1960-1980 Shale, greenish gray, silty, red and maroon 1980-2050 Dolomite, white, pink and tan, dense, micritic w/some clear anhydrite inclusions, locally sandy, very fine grained, white, friable, white clay infill

2050-2070 Sandstone, very fine/fine grained/white clay-dolomitic cement, clean and porous in part w/some dolomite as above

2070-2084 Dolomite, light tan to pink, dense, micritic w/some sandstone as above

2084 Circulating - 1½ hrs. Dolomite as above

2084-2087 Dolomite as above

2087-2117 Core #3 - cut and recovered 30'

(field description - from unchipped core on catwalk)

- 2087-2088 Dolomite, gray-tan, micrite w/good fine vuggy porosity from fossil mold
- 2088-2093 Dolomite, fragmental, mudstone w/clasts to 2", interclast areas finely sucrosic, matrix w/good vuggy porosity, vugs enhanced by plucking from coring, but range 1-20 mm., vertical to near vertical fractures 1-2 mm. in width w/partial filling by clear calcite

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2093-2099	Dolomite, mudstone as above, mostly dense w/minor areas of vuggy porosity as above, highly fractured (vertical) w/calcite filling as above
2099-2102	Dolomite, dense, gray, mudstone w/an occasional vug, very stylo- litic
2102-2110	Dolomite, fragmented as above @ 2088' w/some clasts, 2" x 4" zones of excellent vuggy porosity @ 2105', @ 2106' some vugs to 11'', stylolitic
2110-2117	Dolomite as above, reddish in part w/green shale partings, soft clay, highly fractured and brecciated
2117-2140	Dolomite, tan-gray w/traces of lavender, traces of fine, vuggy porosity, poor sample, abundant cavings - trip
2140-2150	Dolomite as above w/traces of red, silty-sandy dolomite, caving (?)
2150-2190	Dolomite as above w/fair, fine vuggy porosity, slightly more cream
	than above, some white chert and clear calcite, probably vein filling, some pink chert 2160-2170'
2190-2200	No sample
2200-2210	Dolomite, mudstone, tan-brown-darker w/some cream as above, in- crease in pink-reddish dolomite, fair, vuggy porosity as above
2210-2220	Dolomite as above w/abundant pink, sandy, argillaceous dolomite, and sandstone, white to pink, dolomitic cement, traces of pyrite
2220-223 0 .	Sandstone as above, cream to red w/abundant loose quartz grains, subrounded, fine to medium, probably porous w/dolomite as above, traces of red, silty shale, some fine vuggy porosity as above
2230-2250	Sandstone, pink to white, mostly loose grains w/thin interbeds of pink to cream, very sandy dolomite
2250-2260	As above w/increase in cream to pink dolomite and brick red silty shale
2260-228 0	Sandstone, fine to medium as above, abundant loose grains, probably w/red silt matrix, red silty shale as above w/some pink, lavender and cream sandy dolomite, some w/fine vuggy porosity
BELL SANDSTO	DNE
2280	Circulating - 1 hr.

As above

2280-2335 Core #4 - recovered 53'

(lost estimated 2' sandstone)

2280-2282	Dolomitic silt and sandstone w/swirl and wavy bedding, red, tan and yellow
2282-2284	Sandstone, dolomitic w/15-20° crossbeds
2284-2292	Sandstone, red, fine to medium grained, mostly porous and friable

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2292 -2292.8

Dolomite, purplish, very argillaceous

MADISON

2292.8-2299.4 Limestone, tan, fragmental w/interclast areas filled w/silty shale and sand, red stylolites and fractures @ 2297-2298'. vuggy solution porosity @ 2298-2299' 2299.4-2305.6 Shale, red w/some clasts of limestone as above 2305.6-2311 Limestone, cream, tan, mudstone, stylolitic w/some slightly dipping red shale laminations 2311 -2320.6 Limestone, tan, cream, mudstone, very dense, hard, stylolitic, red shale break @ 2314-2314.6', highly vertical fractured @ 2316-2318' 2320.6-2327.8 Limestone and shale as above, excellent large vuggy porosity 2 2326-2327.2', vugs to 2" to 1" 2327.8-2330 Limestone as above, very stylolitic w/fine micro laminations of red shale, large vugs $@ 2329.6' w/\frac{1}{2}"$ calcite crystals 2330 -2331.6 Red shale as above, dolomitic

2331.6-2335 Dolomite, gray, earthy, very broken w/abundant red shale as above

2335-2388 Core #5 - cut and recovered 53'

2335-2345 Dolomite, very earthy, dirty, very argillaceous, red to yellow, mottled, wavy bedding w/abundant vertical fractures healed w/ calcite

2345-2349 Limestone, very dense, hard, mudstone w/crenulate shale parting, gray-tan to purple

2349-2350 Limestone, dolomitic as above w/fair fossil moldic porosity, more tan

2350-2357 Dolomite, brown, rusty, mudstone w/micro vuggy porosity, less than 1 mm., poor permeability (?), vertical fractures, mostly calcite healed

2357-2367Dolomite, very argillaceous w/horizontal to swirl laminations2367-2370As above, mostly green

2370-2372 Dolomite, tan, gray, mudstone w/streaks of vuggy porosity, 1-2 mm.

2372-2388 Limestone, gray, tan, mudstone w/abundant vertical fractures, completely shattered between 2377-2382'

2388-2410 Limestone, white/tan, micrite, dense, hard, low porosity

2410-2430 Limestone, tan/pink, dolomitic, mudstone w/some fair/good intergranular porosity, locally earthy

2430-2449 Dolomite, white/tan, sucrosic, good intergranular porosity, few pinpoint vugs

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2449-2450 Core #6A - recovery from Bowen lunkbasket

Dolomite, pink, argillaceous w/vugs up to $\frac{1}{2}$ ", mostly filled w/clear calcite, large brown resinous chert nodules, breccia texture

- 2450-2455 Dolomite, pink, dense, mudstone w/clear/white/tan chert
- 2455-2474 Core #6 recovered 19'

2455-2460 Dolomite, pink, breccia, argillaceous around clasts of limestone, some chert, solution vugs l" x 2" w/dogtooth calcite in vugs, fractured @ 2457-2458.5', fair/good porosity
 2460-2463 Dolomite, pink/lavender, very argillaceous, dense, low porosity

- 2460-2463 Dolomite, pink/lavender, very argillaceous, dense, low porosity 2463-2464 Dolomite, pink, breccia, vugs to l'' x ½'', fractured, good porosity
- 2464-2466 Dolomite, pink/tan, breccia, limestone clasts w/red shale around clasts, very fractured @ 2465', clear calcite crystals in small vugs, fair porosity
- 2466-2471 Dolomite, tan/pink, argillaceous, breccia, abundant clear calcite crystals in vugs up to 1" x 1", intense fracturing @ 2468.5' to 2470' and 2471', some light brown chert, good porosity
- 2471-2474 Dolomite, tan, breccia w/pink shale partings around clasts, vugs nearly completely filled w/clear calcite crystals, vertical fracture @ 2472', fair porosity

2474-2500 Core #7 - recovered 231

- 2474-2478 Dolomite, pink, breccia w/limestone clasts, argillaceous, nearly unconsolidated @ 2474.8', vugs up to 1" x 3" (2476.7'), fractured, fair/good porosity
- 2478-2479 Marlstone, pink/lavender, mottled, greenish gray, dolomitic, fractured

MISSION CANYON

2479-2481	Dolomite, pink, breccia, fractured (2479-2480'), fair/good porosity, very argillaceous, pink, mottled, light gray
2481-2485	Dolomite, white, chalky, limy, earthy, dense, low porosity
2485-2488	Limestone, tan, fragmental, pelletoidal (possibly algal) w/some clear calcite infill, chalky, bleeding water, low/fair porosity
2488-2491	Dolomite, tan/pink breccia, argillaceous, fractured @ 2489', poorly consolidated @ 2491', very argillaceous, few isolated pinpoint vugs, good porosity
2491-2497±	Dolomite, pink, breccia w/limestone clasts, locally argillaceous, vuggy (1½" x ½" @ 2492.5'; 2492-2494'), partially filled w/large dogtooth calcite crystals, dense matrix, fair/good porosity, few dark oraw(black inclusions (i = 1 gm)) bard

2500-2513 Core #8 - recovered 121'

2500-2504 Dolomite, tan/pink, breccia w/limestone clasts, fractured @ 2501' and 2502', dense, hard matrix
2504-2510 Dolomite, pink/tan, breccia texture decreasing, hard, dense, mudstone matrix w/low porosity, fractured @ 2506', bleeding water
2510-2512 Dolomite, pink, breccia, fractured @ 2511', hard, dense matrix, stylolite @ 2512'

2513-2525 Core #9 - recovered 111'

2513-2516 Dolomite, pink, very argillaceous, maroon, dense, hard w/large clear calcite crystals nearly plugging all porosity
 2516-2520 Dolomite, pink, breccia w/vertical vugs (1 x 3 mm.) w/calcite infill (possibly syringopora coral), intensely fractured @ 251811,

and 2519½-2520' 2520-2521 Dolomite, pink, argillaceous, hard, vertical fracture 2521-2524½ Dolomite, pink, breccia, intensely fractured @ 2522½', 2524' and 2524½'

2525-2555 Dolomite, white/pink/tan, locally limestone, sucrosic w/vuggy porosity, partially plugged w/clear calcite crystals, fair/good porosity
 2555-2575 Dolomite, tan, dense, hard, low intercrystalline porosity

2575-2630 Dolomite, tan, sucrosic, good intergranular porosity, some calcite infill

2632-2646 Core #10 - recovered 131'

2632-2634¹ Dolomite, pink/tan, breccia, vugs to 1¹/₂" x 2" w/no apparent interconnections w/large calcite crystals partially infilling, vertical fracture 0 2634¹

26341-2640 Dolomite, tan/pink/white, crystalline, very fine grained, hard, low matrix porosity, few small vugs @ 2636-26371/2, fractured @ 2639-2640'

2640-2645¹ Dolomite, light brown/tan, hard, dense, mudstone, abundant vertical fractures w/small clear calcite crystals in fractures, breccia texture @ 2644-2645¹/₂'

2646-2676 Core #11 - recovered 28:

2646-2647 Dolomite, tan, limy, chalky, earthy, breccia texture, few small disconnected vugs w/calcite crystals along margins
2647-2651 Limestone, tan, dolomitic, chalky, poor porosity
2651-2656 Limestone as above w/some breccia texture, pink shale partings locally to 1" thick

2656-2657 Limestone, tan/light gray w/red shale, breccia texture, stylolitic, algal, low matrix porosity, fractured @ 26572! 26571-2664 Dolomite, tan, mushy/chalky, some breccia, few vugs @ 26631', partially infilled w/clear calcite crystals 2664-2671 Limestone, tan, very dolomitic, chalky, thin red shale partings; locally internal sedimentation (burrows ?), fractured @ 2664-2666', secondary calcite completely infilling matrix porosity 2671-2675 Limestone as above w/isolated vugs to $\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ 2676-2680 Dolomite, tan/white, sucrosic w/clear calcite, fair intergranular porosity 2680-2700 Limestone, white, colltes/pisolites, some algal, low porosity 2700-2730 Limestone, white/tan, mudstone, chalky w/secondary calcite, few colites, low porosity 2730-2740 Dolomite, light brown, sucrosic, yellow fluorescence, no cut, low/fair porosity 2740-2750 Limestone, white/tan, chalky, oolites/pisolites, fair porosity 2760 Circulating Dolomite, light brown, sucrosic, fair porosity, some scattered dead oil stain, yellow/blue mineral fluorescence, no cut LODGEPOLE 2760-2820 Core #12 - recovered 60* 2760-2768 Dolomite, light gray/brownish gray, argillaceous, stylolite @ 2762', bleeding water (2764-2768'), pinpoint vugs, fair porosity Limestone, gray, anhydritic, argillaceous, stylolitic, white 2768-2773± anhydrite modes (27691') w/swirl bedding, red/greenish gray shale (2772') 2773--2782 Dolomite, tan, sucrosic w/some gray shale, some fossil shells, bleeding water (2780-2782'), burrows (2781'), poor/fair porosity 2782-2784 Shale, greenish gray, calcareous 2784-2787 Dolomite, gray, anhydritic, argillaceous, very stylolitic 2787-2788 Limestone, gray, anhydritic, stylolitic, bleeding water, low porosity 2788-2790 Anhydrite, gray/white, calcareous, argillaceous Limestone, light gray, anhydritic, argillaceous, dense, stylo-2790-2795 litic, low porosity, few white anhydrite nodes, brachiopod casts and molds locally 2795-2797 Dolomite, gray, dense, burrows, low porosity Limestone, light gray, anhydritic, argillaceous, stylolitic w/ 2797-2801 few thin $(\frac{1}{2})$ gray shale interbeds

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2801-2802	Anhydrite, white/light gray, nodular nodes surrounded by brown-
2802-2805	Limestone, light gray, argillaceous, dense, very stylolitic, burrows (2804-2805')
2805-2808	Dolomite, pinkish gray, sucrosic, fair/good intergranular porosity, bleeding water
2808-2811	Limestone, light gray, anhydritic, stylolitic, dense, low porosity
2811-2820	Dolomite, light brownish gray, argillaceous w/few thin (1") gray shale interbeds, bleeding water, fair/good intergranular porosity
2820-2845	Core #13 - recovered 25'
2820-2826]	Dolomite, light gray w/few white anhydrite nodes, bleeding water (2820-2821', and 2824-2826½'), fair/good intergranular porosity, small bairline fractures filled w/red shale (2823-2824')
28264-2829	Limestone, light grav w/thin grav shale interbeds, stylolitic.
	anhydrite, dense, low porosity
2829-2831	Dolomite, light brownish gray, argillaceous, bleeding water, low porosity
2831-2845	Limestone, light gray/tan, and shale, red/gray/tan, dolomitic, anhydritic, stylolitic, dense, low porosity, few 1 mm. vugs (2836-2837'), oolite w/calcite infill @ base
2845-2880	Limestone, tan/cream, chalky, micritic, low porosity
2880-2930	Limestone, tan/cream, mostly micrite, some oolite and pisolite, low porosity w/some interbeds dolomite, tan, sucrosic, yellow
2930-3015	Dolomite, light brown/tan, crystalline, sucrosic, strong yellow fluorescence, no cut, good intergranular porosity
3015-3070	Core #14 - recovered 54'
3015-3026	Dolomite, tan/light brown, medium crystalline, bleeding water, fair/good porosity, no fluorescence, vertical fracture $(3017\frac{1}{2})^{-3}$
3026-3028	Limestone, gray, anhydritic, dense, stylolitic, low porosity
ENGLEWOOD (?	<u>?)</u>
3028- 3036 1	Dolomite, pinkish tan/red, burrows w/calcite and dolomite infill, generally low porosity, good intergranular porosity @ 3030~3033', bleeding water, possible disconformity @ base
3036±-3040±	Dolomite, red, argillaceous w/few burrows filled w/crystalline dolomite and calcite, low porosity, possible disconformity @ base

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30401-3059 Dolomite, pink, and shale, red, interbedded w/some burrows dense anhydrite node (3047'), low porosity

STONY HOUNTAIN

3059-3060Dolomite, pink w/yellow and red clay, unconformity @ surface3060-3065Dolomite, pinkish gray, coarse crystalline w/some red and yellowshale mottlingShale, red and yellow mottled, subwaxy, dolomitic, unconformity

3066-3067½ Shale, red and yellow mottled, subwaxy, dolomitic, unconformity @ base

RED RIVER

30671-3069 Dolomite, gray, rubble zone, some large solution vugs partially filled w/crystalline dolomite and calcite, good porosity

3070-3090 Dolomite, tan, finely crystalline, yellow fluorescence, no cut, fair porosity, few pieces limestone, tan, pisolite
 3090-3102 Dolomite, white/tan/pink, fine/coarse crystalline, fair/good porosity, no fluorescence

3102-3132 Core #15 - recovered 30'

3102-3104Dolomite, ta, thin bedding, hard, possible chert, low porosity3104-3110Dolomite, tan/cream, sucrosic/earthy w/some red shale in breccia
texture, vuggy w/vugs to 3" x 3", good porosity

- 3110-3123 Dolomite, tan/cream, earthy, vuggy, numerous small vugs from solution of shell and coral material, some breccia texture, good porosity
- 3123-3126 Dolomite, light gray/tan w/red, argillaceous clasts in breccia texture, poor/fair porosity, small pinpoint vugs

3126-3130 Dolomite, light gray/tan, some pink, argillaceous, medium crystalline, fair/good intergranular porosity, locally breccia texture, vertical fracture (3127-3129')

- 3130-3132 Dolomite, light gray/tan, dense/coarse crystalline, low/fair porosity, speckled blue fluorescence
 - 3132-3185 Dolomite, white/cream/tan, mostly mudstone w/few oolites and pellets, low/fair porosity, trace white chert

3185-3191 Core #16 - recovered 6' (?)

Dolomite, tan/cream, sucrosic, finely crystalline, intense conchoidal fracture, hard, fair matrix porosity top 6", poor below, breccia texture

3191-3210

Dolomite, pink/tan, mudstone, trace tan chert, low porosity

3210-3272

Dolomite, tan/cream, sucrosic, fine/medium crystalline w/some white/clear chert, fair/good porosity, no fluorescence, water flow on connection @ 3211'

Core #17 - recovered 30' 3272-3302

Dolomite, tan/light gray, earthy, mudstone, breccia w/dolomite and red shale clasts, mottled, vugs to 1" x 2", mostly isolated. low/fair porosity, increasing red, argillaceous content (3285-3289'), possible dolomitized shells (3291'), possible burrows (32891-3293'), tubular coral debris (3288'), very angular clasts decreasing in size (3297-3302')

3302-3400 Dolomite, tan/pink/cream, medium/finely crystalline, fair/good intergranular porosity

Dolomite, pink/tan, mudstone, finely crystalline, low matrix 3400-3460 porosity

- Dolomite, pink/salmon, argillaceous, low porosity 3460-3470
- 3470-3480 Shale, red, very calcareous
- 3480-3491 Limestone, white, mottled, pink, chalky, low porosity
 - 3491 Circulating Limestone as above w/trace shale, grayish green, soft, silty
- 3491-3521 Core #18 - recovered 291
- 3491-3514 Limestone, light gray and red mottled, hard, very low porosity, argillaceous, vertical fracture (34982-3502') healed w/crystalline calcite, shell molds and casts (3512')
- 3514-3520 Shale and limestone, red/maroon, some mottling (burrows ?), very low porosity, hard
- 3521-3540 Shale, red, and limestone, gray, mottled, red

ROUGHLOCK SANDSTONE

3540-3560 Sandstone, white, very fine grained, subround, very calcareous, hard w/some sandstone, fine grained, maroon, argillaceous, soft, low porosity, trace apple green waxy shale 3560-3570 Sandstone, white, fine grained, subangular, very calcareous, white

clay infill, low porosity w/shale greenish gray, splintery

ICEBOX SHALE

3570-3610

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Shale, greenish and reddish gray, very splintery, slightly calcareous, subwaxy

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WINNIPEG-ALLADIN SANDSTONE

3610	Circulating Sandstone, clear, medium/coarse, well rounded, frosted, fair/ good sort, unconsolidated, excellent porosity
3610-3643	Core #19 - recovered 2'
3610-3612	Sandstone, white, medium/coarse, well rounded, unconsolidated, very clean, fair/well sorted, slightly calcareous w/trace cal- careous cement, frosted grains, excellent porosity
3643-3650 3650-3680 3680-3700	Sandstone as above Sandstone as above w/shale, greenish gray, splintery Shale, gray, waxy, mottled, green and red w/sandstone, white, fine grained, subround/subangular, clean, friable, very cal- careous, fair/low porosity
DEADWOOD SAM	NDSTONE
3705	Circulating 30 min shale, red, mottled, green, waxy, very splintery w/ sandstone, white, fine grained/very fine grained, glauconitic, calcareous w/white clay infill, low porosity 60 min sandstone, light gray/clear as above
3705-3750	Sandstone, white, fine grained, subangular, fair/well sorted, slightly dolomitic, glauconitic, low/fair intergranular porosity
3750-3770	Sandstone as above w/shale, green and reddish gray, splintery,
3770-3790	Shale, red and greenish gray, splintery w/limestone, cream,
3790-3810	Sandstone, white, subround, very fine grained/fine grained, glauconitic, calcareous, low porosity
3810-3880	Shale, green, waxy w/pink dolomite, limy, hard, dense, and sand-
3880-3910	Sandstone, light gray, very fine grained/coarse, poor sort, glau conitic, clay infill, low porosity w/pink dolomite, hard, low
3910-3930	Dolomite, pink, hard, dense, low porosity w/green shale and siltstone
3930-3960	Sandstone, very fine grained/siltstone, light gray, glauconitic, calcareous, low porosity, trace pyrite w/some green, purple and red shale
3960-4000	Shale, gray green, splintery, fissile w/white limestone inter- bedded, silty w/some chert

4000-4050 Shale, green, yellow and purple w/siltstone, white, very calcareous, chalky

4050-4080 Shale, gray-green, red and maroon, waxy w/limestone, white, chalky, and dolomite, pink, dense, low porosity

4080-4100 Shale as above w/increasing limestone and dolomite as above

FLATHEAD

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4145-4175 Core #20 - recovered 30'

4145-4147 Sandstone, light brown/brownish red, calcareous, medium/coarse, subangular/well rounded, very friable, planar crossbedding 10-20°, few frosted grains, good porosity, water wet
4147-4175 Sandstone, light reddish brown, fine grained/coarse, calcareous,

- subangular/well rounded, locally abundant clay infill, friable, some frosted grains, 99% quartz grains w/rare dark rock fragments, fair/good porosity, water wet, 2-4" shale, greenish gray, calcareous w/free quartz grains (4163½' and 4165'), small vertical fractures (4151-4151½', 4154-5154½', 4157-4157½', 4166½-4167', and 4171-4172')
- 4175-4190 Sandstone, fine grained/coarse, clear, subangular/well rounded, clay infill, slightly calcareous, low/fair porosity

4190-4210 No samples

4210-4230 Sandstone, clear, loose grains, medium/coarse, subround/well rounded, some frosted grains, good porosity
4230-4240 Shale, gray green/green, splintery
4240-4250 Sandstone, medium/coarse, clear, unconsolidated, subangular/

round, frosted grains, good porosity

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4250-4260 No sample

4260-4270 Shale, green w/coarse, well rounded quartz grains 4270-4292 Sandstone, clear, unconsolidated, medium/coarse, round/well rounded w/few calcareous and green shale fragments, good porosity

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4292-4325 Core #21 - recovered 34'

4292-4299 Sandstone, light reddish brown, angular/well rounded, fine grained/ very coarse, clay infill, calcareous, fair porosity, becoming coarse grained @ basal unconformity w/3" cobbles, water wet

PRECAMBRIAN ELLISON FORMATION (?)

4299-4310	Greenschist, near vertical foliations, green, pink and purple,
	orthoclase altering to kolin, chlorite and talc, biotite and
	quartz common, vertical fracture (4301-4302' and 4306-4308')
4310-4311	Zone of large angular inclusions, possible unconformity
4311-4326	Gneiss (granodiorite composition), banded, pink, orange and
	gray, vertical fractures (4318-4319' and 4324-4326'), premata-
	morphism mini faulting with displacement up to 1" (4320-4321')

4326-4346 Gneiss (?), mostly quartz, pyroxenes and orthoclase

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4346-4355 Core #22 - recovered 8'

4346-4354 Gabbroic gneiss, dark gray/greenish gray, foliated, more than 50% calcic plagioclase, w/pyroxenes, no fractures, probably younger than gneiss described above

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CORE LABORATORIES, INC. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS. TEXAS

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Well_	MADISO	NO.1			Cores	DINOND W	"F	īle	PP-2-520	8
Field	WILDCA	T			Drilling Fluid	HATER ELS	C NOD r	Date Report_	13-27-76	, }
Country	ಗಾಂಡ	Sta	wy	01972	Elevation	3518' XB		Analysta	EL:RG	
Location	NE' SE	SEC. 15.	-T57N-R6	51.	Remarks					
				COF (Figure	E ANALYSIS	RESULTS		-		
	DE ETH	PERMEA	BILITY		RESIDUAL	GEN.	WEO	LE CORE P	ERIS.	
NUMBER	FEET	HORIZONTAL	VERTIGAL	PERCENT	VOLUME SE PORE	DNS.	HAI.	90 ^{°°} .	VERT.	
		رة)	<u>)</u>			4				
12345	650.0 651.0 655.0 656.0 657.5	14 0.71 1.9 191 210	3.9 0.06 0.34 107 184	20.6 11.0 16.8 26.7 27.6	HOLETT	2.61 2.62				
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	660.5 663.6 654.6 655.2 669.3 671.3 673.6	503 199 35 112 32 19 3.8	390 136 0.26 91 15 29 0.35	29.8 24.7 19.3 21.6 19.3 18.4 15.6	· • · ·	2.65	·			
13 14 15 16 17 18	675.0 676.4 1503.3 1504.8 1506.6 1510.0	333 52 V.O. V.O. 0.22 V.O.	381 9.5 0.01 0.01	26.7 20.6 4.8 3.7 4.7	MINEXAETA	2.82				
19 20 21 22	1510.6 1511.6 1513.2 1513.8	0.03 0.01 0.18 2.6	0.02 	4.3 1.5 1.2 8.1		2.71 2.71				
214 25 26	1515.0 1515.3 1516-17	50F 109F		10.2 26.9 4.0	3.0、44	2.79	1.2	1.1	*	·
27 28 29 30	1518.7 1520.5 1522.8 1525.5	2.1 1.6 0.0 0.0	3.9 0.40 √0.01 √0.01	15.0 15.5 4.1 1.5		2.81 2.70 2.69			• •	

F-FRACTURED PERMEABILITY PLUG ***UNSUITABLE FOR PERSEABILITY MEASUREMENT**

NOTE: (*) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER. (1) INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED.

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(2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULT

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CORE LABORATORIES. INC. Petrolenm Reservoir Engineering DALLAS. TEXAS

Company.	UNITED STATE	S GLOICG	TCAL SURVE	- Formation	AS NOTED	Page2	of	8
Well	MADISON NO.	1		Cores	DIAMOND La	File	72-2-52	08
Field	WILDCAT			Drilling Fluid	WATER BASE MUD	Date Report	10-27-7	6
County-	CROCK	State	WICHIG	Elevation	3618° KB	Analysts	BL:NG	
Location	NEX SEL SEC.	15-157:	-2654	Remarks				

CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS (Figures in parentheurs refer in footnote remarks)

NUMBER FEET HORIZONTAL VERTICAL FERCENT TO DIL MATER DILS.	900	VIII.
(x _A)		
31 2038.1 0.29 0.05 5.5 HINELUSA 2.83		
32 2089.0 17 20h 12.3		
33 2051.8 152 2.2 8.5		
34 2092.7 17 9.1 4.0		
35 2093.7 592 316 4.0		
36 2094:6 0.63 2.0 6.9		
37 2096.0 2.4 0.22 6.0		
38 2096.8 0.55 0.73 6.9		
39 2098.2 3.7 0.32 4.8		•
Lo 2100.5 0.33 21 4.4		
<u>ha</u> 2102.3 1.5 0.39 6.6	,	
42 2104.3 0.74 0.32 6.5		
43 2105.0 53 191 4.6 2.79	• •	
地 2105.9 0.01 0.11 2.1 2.83		
15 2107.1 25 9.2 7.5		
15 2108.2 0.10 0.08 1.0		
47 2110.4 0.01 315 2.4		
18 2110.8 0.01 <0.01 0.8 2.84		
49 2280.0 0.03 0.47 0.9		
50 2280.5 0.15 * 3.6		
51 2201.4 0.28 <0.01 6.1		
52 2251.9 0.53 6.4 10.0		
53 2282.7 9.0 42 18.5		
54 2234.0 18 0.47 18.3 2.64		
55 2284.6 119 34 21.0	1.1.	~
	111	علا
		•
57 - 2275.0 - 0.01 - 0.01 - 1.0 - 0.01 - 0		
62 2206.1 < 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03		
63 2296.6 210 13 8.3		
61 2297.2 < 0.01 0.157 3.1		
65 2298-9 10 1.9	1	

F=FRACTURED PERMEABILITY PLUG

NOTE:

(+) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER. (1) INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED.

123 OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULT:

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CORE LABORATORIES, INC. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS: TEXAS

Сотпрала у	UNITED STATES GEOI	LOGICAL SURVER	Formation	AS NOTED	Pare 3	of 8
Well	MADISON NO. 1		_ Corrs	ייין האטרגעע	File	E2-2-5208
Field	WILDCAT		Drilling Fluid	WATER PASE HOD	Date Report	10-27-76
Countr	CEDOR State	WYOITIG	Elevation	3618 ' KB	Analyses	EL:PG
Location	NEX 52: 520. 15-15	5711-2657	Remarks			

				CC (Figs	DRE ANALYS	SIS RES				
	DIFFIN	PERMEA	ARCYS		RESIDUAL SATURATIO	N	GET.	MEOI	2 0072 FER	NS.
NUMBER	FEET	HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL	PERCENT	01L	WATER C' PONE	EIS.	MII.	9:00	VERT.
		(X	<u>,</u>)							·
66	2300.3	<0.0		5.8	3		2.80			
67	2301.1	<0.01		0.7			2.71			
68	2302.7	<0.01		3.5			2.80			
69	2304.3	<0.01		2.6			2.72			
70	2305.8	<0.01		5.6	· · .		2.82			
71	2307.4	<).01		1.1	•		2.70			
72	2310.6	-c).01		0.6	.		2.70			
73	2317.7	<0.01		1.3	5		2.70			
74	2315.7	.<0.0 <u>⊺</u>		1.2			2.68			
75	2321.1	<0.01		1.1			2.70			
76	2327.3	<ગ.01								
. 77	2328.6	<0.0		1.1	•		2.71			
78	2330.3	<0.01	<.01	. 13.7	,				· •	
79	2311.9	0.72	0.59			-	2.83			
80	2335.4	0.07	•		•					
81	2335.4	0,08								
82	2337.1			11.5			2.63	•		
83	2337.5		-	15.1			2.82			
84	2339.7	0.04	0.04	13.3			•			
85	2340.5	0.09	0.05	16.5						
86	2340.9	0.05	0.07	16.1	L					
87	2342.4	0.14	0.13	18.6						
88	2344-4	0.88	0.57	21.9			2.82			
89	2345.3	4.1	0_80	21.5						
90	2345.8	_ ∞.01	⊲.01	1.7	•					
91	2345.5	<0.01		1.2						
92	2343.2	0.02		6.1						
93	2349.6-49.	.3		- 5.7	0.0	85.7	2.67	21	0,13	17
94	2350.8	0.94	0.13	14.0						
95	2351.8	2.2	2.7	15.2		. -				
96	2353.6-54.	1		11.8	1.9	49.6	2.84	*	*	¥
97	2355.6-56.	.2		27.4	0.5	72.4	2.84	7.8	6.2	8.4
98	2358.0	<0.01		0.6						
99	2359-4	ଏ.ଘ		4.5			-			
100	2354.0			8.9	I		2.75			

*UNSUITABLE FOR PERMEABILITY MEASUREMENT

12) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULT:

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CORE LABORATORIES, INC. · Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS, TEXAS

Сотрал	UNITED STATES	GEOLOGICAL SURVEY	Formation	AS NOTED	_Page_L	of 8
Well	HADISON NO. 1		Cores	DIAMOND L"	File	RP-2-5208
Field	WILDCAT		Drilling Fluid	WATER BASE HUD	_Date Report_	10-27-75
County_	CEOCK	State WYOMENT	Elevation	3518' XB	Analyses	BL;PG
Location	10% 5% 50.	15-T5711-R65W	Remarks			

CORE ANALYSIS RESULTS (Figures in parentheses seles to footnote semarks) PERMEABILITY RESIDUAL WHOLE CORE PERIS. GRN. DEPTH FEET PERSENT S VOLUME % PORE S POR HORIZONTAL 900 VERTICAL DNS. MAX. VERI. 9.6 2366.3 <0.01 2.79 2358.8 <0.01 2.81 10.7 2370-70.6 6.8 1.6 68.1 2.82 4.2 4.5 ¥ 2375.7 0.77F 2.3 2.76 2385.0 0.02 2.70 1.3 2385.5 <0.01 0.9 2.68 2458.6-60.1 3.8 0.0 15.8 2.81 3.4 1.3 1.7 2463.9 0.95 0.15 4.9 5.6 2.83 2466-67.3 59.6 0.0 1.5 0.91 ¥ 2476.5-77.8 8.3 2.82 0.0 62.0 * ¥ ž 2481.3 ം.വ 2.75 7.Ŀ <0.01 24:83.2 11.5 0.01 <0.⊄ HISSION CANTON 18.5 21:35.9-36.7 2.79. 50.6 8.5 0.0 9.1 13 2487.8 1.8 5.6 23.9 2.83 21.33.1 1.8 4.6 20.7 2490.3 2.6 1.7 19.1 2.83 4.5 0.38 3.4 21.91.4 2494.7 8.2 0.07 2497.2 2.6 8.8 2.82 12 5.6 2503.5 1.3 9.0 2.82 276 2505.4 900 15.4 36 2507.9 13.9 113 2509.2 0.80 7.6 2.78 2.2 35 315 789 2513.9 27 15.2 2.82 1.81 2517.5 17.7 2518.4 234 23.9 390 255 385 2523.7 22.8 2_80 2532.2 26 25.8 2.82 99 5.0 2634.3 338F 22.2 2636.8 3.2 13.7 2538.8 50 93 21.9 2618.0 14 10 30.4 2.97

F=FRACTURED PERCEABILITY PLUG

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*UNSUITABLE FOR PERCEASILITY MEASUREMENT

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NOTE

(2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESUL

(*) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER. (1) INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED.

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CORE LABORATORIES. INC. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS. TEXAS

Company	UNITED STATE	S GEOLO	GICAL SURVEY	_ Formation	AS NOTED		6 <u>8</u>
Well	HADISON NO. :	1		_ Cores	DIAMOND L"	File	RP-2-5208
Field	WILDCAT			Drilling Fluid_	WATER BASE MUD	Date Report	10-27-76
County_	ZOCED	State	WYONER	Elevation	3618' KB	Analysts	BL:RG
Location	NEW SE's SEC.	15-157	ม-26รัง	Remarks			

				CC (Figu	DRE ANALYS	SIS RES	SULTS ole remarks)			
	OFFTW	PERMEA	ARCYS		RESIDUAL	N	זיקה	WHIC	ILE CORE PE	
NUMBER	FEET	HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL	PERCENT	VOLUME S PORE	VOTAL WATER	DNS.	MAX.	90 ⁰	VERI.
		(1	ľ)							
136 137	2657.9 2659.9-60	9.2	5.4	27.9 35.5	0.5	83.9	2.80 2.81	*	¥	*
139 140 141	2666.4 2669.4 2671.6	129 236 68	78 77 77 77	13.4 18.6 31.4	· .		2.66 2.73			
142 143 144	2673.3 2674.3 2761.3	96 320 12	107 213 6.8	30.2 34.0 13.7	LODGEPOLS	• •	2.84			
145 146 147 148	2763.2 2765.1 2768.6 2769.1	0.07 4.8 0.01 0.01	0.07 3.9	11.4 15.9 0.9 3.2	•	•	2.73	·	• .	
150 151 152 153	2771.4 2772.4 2775.5 2779.2	 √0.01 √0.01 √0.01 0.15 0.13 		0.7 0.1 131	·		2.69 2.68			
154 155 156 157 158	2780.7 2787.9 2793.9 2794.2 2795.2	0.80 11 0.01 0.01	2.0 9.9	15.5 13.1	•		2.81 2.82 2.76 2.79 2.83			
159 160 161 162	2797.2 2797.6 2800.1 2801.0	0.01 0.02 0.02 0.02	·	0.9			2.82 2.71			
163 164 165 165	2805.2-07 2811.6 2814.7 2815.6	21 1.4 2.2	0.19	10.5 18.4 14.1	0.0	34.8	2.81	0.18	0.10	0.3
167 168 169 170	2820-21.1 2822.4 2324.9 2830.1	0.02	0,09	15.7 11.6 11.0	0.6	51.1	2.81 2.81	4.3	3.7	11

*UNSUITABLE FOR PERSEABILITY MEASUREMENT

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(2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULT

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CORE LABORATORIES. INC. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS. TEXAS

Company	UNITED STATE	S GEOLOGICAL SURVEY	Formation	AS NOTED	Page 5	of8
Well	MADISON NO. 1	1	Cores	DIAMOND La	File	RP-2-5208
Field	MILDCAT		Drilling Fluid	WATZE BASE HUD	Date Report	10-27-76
County-	TROCE	State WIOMING	Elevation	3618' KB	Analysts	BL:PG
Tanking	15% 5% 500.	15-7577-2654	Remarks		•	

CODE ANIALVER DESILTE

				(Figu	ers in parentheses refer to fontui	00L13 04 11marks)			
BANPLE	DEPTH	PERMEA MILLID	BILITY	POROSITY	RESIDUAL SATURATION	GEN.	WH!	des core pe	<u>74</u> 5.
NUMBER	FEET	HORIZONTAL	VERTIGAL	PERCENT	GIL TOTAL	DNS.	MAX.	90 0	VEPT.
		ړΣ)	<u>)</u>						
171 172	2832.6 2835.5-36	0.01		2.8	0.0 60.7	2.81	0.11	0.02	⊲0.01
17)	3717.2	742	92 73	20.9		2.81			
175	3018.7	81	io	22.8	·				
176	3020.2	130	zi.	26.0					
177	3021.6	45		17.6	•	•			
178	3023.8	303	168	26.4					
179	3025.2	6.0		13.0	1				•
180	3030.2-31	•3	•	13.4	0.8 50.8	2.71	0.18	0.13	0.2
181	3036.5	4-4		15.8	ENGLEWOOD				
182	3038.4	4.5	0.43	17.7		2.81	•		
183	3040.9	0.10	0.05	11.8	DEVONIAN		•		
184	3042.9	· 0.09		15.4	la de la companya de			4	
185	3047.8	0.04	⊲.0	12.8		2.79			•
186	3053.7	⊲.0		10.9	,	-			
187	3060.5	0.24		7.7	STONI HOUNTAIN	2.82	•		
188	3060.9	0.11		8.3	•	2.80			
189	3052.9	0.15	0.06	8.0	ļ.	2.79			
190	3054.9	0.88		12.4	L Contraction of the second seco				
191	3067.9	11	2.6	12.4		2.83			
192	3103.9	194	198	20.5	RED RIVER			· .	
193	3104.8	21,90	3.2	18.4				· ·	
194	3106.7	4890	25	24.8			~~	1 -	
195	3107-07-5		• •	- 15-3	0.0 86.1	2.01	50	0.7	<u> </u>
196	3110.5	4.5	1.1	9.0					
197	3113.1	03	ICO	17.0	Ì	2.79			
TA2		175	0.1	17.1		0 70	- 7		~
722		310	170	23.2	0.0 00.5	2.19	11	2.7	*
200	212102	110	10	10-1					
202	7125-4	203	- 4.0 - K).	- m 4					
202	7128.2	2005	С <u>4</u> с я	75.0	1	•			
203	3273 O	·⊥/ 10	7.0	ינר גירר	1	2 81			
205	3276.2	9.5	*4	13.5	· · · ·	e • • F		•	

*UNSUITABLE FOR PERICABILITY MEASUREMENT

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(*) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER. (1), INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED. (2) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESUL

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CORE LABORATORIES, INC. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS, TEXAS

Сотрал	WITED S	STATES GEO	LOGICAL	SURVE	r Formation	AS NOTED		Pare 7	of 8
Well_	MADISON	1 20. 1			Cores	DIAMOND L"	····	File	FP-2-5208
Field	WILDCAT	·			Drilling Fluid	NATER BASE	HUD	Date Report	10-27-75
County.	CROCK	Sta	teWIO	: <u></u>	Elevation	3618 . 13		_Analyzes	BL:PG
Location	NEZ SEZ	<u>sec. 15-</u>	-15711-25	511	Remarks				
		•		CC	RE ANALYSIS R	ESULTS			•
		PERMEA	BILITY		RESIDUAL SATURATION			WRULZ COPE	PIRIS.
NUMBER	FEET	HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL	PERCENT	SIL SA PORE SA PORE	DIS.	MAZ.	50°	VERT.
		(٢,)	h <u>a 14 an</u>					
206	3278.6	8.6	21	12.5		2.83			
207	3231.1	62			• .	0 80			
200	3282.6	53	7.4	17.7		. 2.02			
210	3285.6	46	1.4	15.4					
211	3289.1	76	17	14.9					
212	3291-92	• -		13.8	0.0 90.	9 2.80	11	7.9	20
213	3295.7	49	0.82	15.3		2.82			
211	3297.5	य	0.09	12.4		0 Po			
215	3300.8	55	· 4.1	11.6		2.82		,	
210	3491.9			1.7	REWLAK .	2.12		,	
218	34,97 9	<u>~</u> п		7.6	N N	£• [£			
219	3502.6	<0.01		2.4		2.74			÷
220	3505.9	<0.01	•	1.6				·	
221	3512.4	⊲0.51		3.2		2.82			
222	3514.3	<0.01		3.2					
223	3515.8		•			2.78			
224	3516.7				WIRREPEG	2.75		-	-
225	3510.5-11	•		Ħ	# #	2.62	#-	#	#
226	1115.1-46	.4		20.2	0.0 85.	5 2.62	329	268	5.5
227	1152.0	271	297	18.0	FLATEEAD	2.63			
220	4155.0	52L ·	205	10.0	· 0 0 81. 1	R 2.62	77 ۲	7 58	20
230	17 60.0	•4 03	. ا. ٦	13.3	0.0 04.0		· +11	190	207
231	1161.7	271	17	19.9					
232	1163.5			1.4		2.85			
233	山65.0	523	907	17.2					
234	170.0	103	2.4	12.9		2.64			
235	1172.3	3/17	•	19.6					
230	4174.3	175	321	14.5		2 T			
238	1,202 7	702 .0 m	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	12•2 1		2+(1 2 70			
239	1,295.7	16	2.1	6.7	PPECANEDTAN	2010			
210	1296.5	201	217	12.8					

*UNSUITABLE FOR PERMEABILITY MEASUREMENT

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12) OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESULT

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NOTE: (*) REPER TO ATTACHED LETTER () INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED. () INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED. () INCOMPLETE CORE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED. These analyses, opinions or interpretations are based on observations and materials supplied by the client to whom, and for whose exclusive and confidential use, this report is made. The interpretations or opinions expressed represent the best juniment of Core Laboratories, Inc. (all errors and conjustes ex-cepted); but Core Laboratories, Inc. and its officers and employeet, assume the reportivity and make no warrantly or retrementations, as to the provinciavity, proper operation, or prolitableness of any oil, gas of other mineral well be sand in connection with which such reports used or relied upon. 6L-911-5

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CORE LABORATORIES, INC. Petroleum Reservoir Engineering DALLAS. TEXAS

Compan	UNITED	STATES G	DIOGICA	L SURV	E Formation		P		of8
Well	HADISO:	1 1:0. 1			Cores		F	ile	<u>NP-2-5203</u>
Field	WILDCAT				Drilling Fluid		D	ate Report_	10-27-75
County_		St	ateWIC	51021	Elevation		A	nalysts	BL:RS
Location	102 503	<u>1 520, 15</u>	-T5711-R4	5.1	Remarks				
				CC (Figur	DRE ANALYSIS RES	ULTS	_		
SAMPLE	DZETH	PERMEA	BILITY ARCYS	POROSITY	RESIDUAL SATURATION	CTDI	WF	ETCO EICI	PERS.
NUMBER	FEET	HORIZONTAL	VERTICAL	PERCENT	S VOLUME S PORE CY PORE	DIS.	MAX.	90 ⁰	VERT.
<u>.</u>		(1)	7)						
211 212 213 213 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215 215	4308.6 4311.7 4313.1 4315.0 4316.5 4320.9 4345.2 4345.2 4349.5 4352.4	not 1	VATLASI	11.5 4.3 4.0 1.5 2.3 1.2 5 FOR 1.4	• ANALISIS .	2.67 2.63 2.62 2.61 2.63 2.65 2.71 3.06			

NOTE: (*) REFER TO ATTACHED LETTER. (1) INCOMPLETE COHE RECOVERY-INTERPRETATION RESERVED.

121 OFF LOCATION ANALYSES-NO INTERPRETATION OF RESUL

These analyses, opinions or interpretations are based on observations and materials supplied by the client to whom, and for whose exclusive and confidential use, this report is made. The interpretations or opinions expressed the best judgment of Core Laboratores, inc. (all errors and consistent excepted) but Cire Liberatures, inc. and its officers and employees, source or reponsibility and make no warranty or representations as to the productivity, proper operation, or prolitibleness of any oil, gas or other numeral well or sand in connection with which such report to use a relief upon.

Hydrologic testing

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Sixteen conventional drill-stem tests and packer-swabbing tests were attempted. Ten of these tests gave clues to pressure heads of water in the intervals tested and flowing water was obtained during seven of the tests (table 2). The discharge or flow obtained from these tests of short duration is not a valid indication of the water-yielding potential of the intervals because of probable deep invasion of the formations by drilling mud, chemicals, and loss-of-circulation materials. Failure to obtain data from six of the tests was due to packer malfunction, plugging of ports by poorly consolidated sandstone and shale, or failure of packer seats in incompetent rocks.

Intervals for testing with packers were selected after preliminary interpretation of geophysical logs and examination of cores. Primary considerations were the presence of interstitial and (or) fracture porosity, suitable hole diameter, and a representation of each of the major rock types and formations penetrated in the hole. The intervals tested covered approximately 40 percent of the Paleozoic section below the 13-3/8-in casing (1488-4341 ft).

Inflatable packers were used in testing the intervals. These packers can be run with significantly greater hole clearance than the hard rubber packers often used on standard drill-stem testing tools; timewise they also provide a seal more than twice as long as the hard rubber packers. Two tool assemblies were used during the testing. Inflatable straddle packer assemblies (fig. 7) similar to those used by the oil industry were run on 4-1/2-in drill pipe. A single packer, when practical, with tail pipe for extra support, was used in place of the straddle packers which have a tendency to slip down the hole when they are being inflated. The data from these tests are important for comparison with similar tests made in oil and gas test holes.

When the weight of the mud and muddy water in the drill pipe was too great to permit the well to flow from a test interval, the conventional packers were deflated and removed from the hole. Single or straddle inflatable production injection packers (fig. 8) were then lowered into the hole on 2-7/8-in EUE 8-round tubing and hydraulically set over the interval previously tested with the conventional equipment. After the ports were opened, the drilling mud and muddy water were removed from the hole by swabbing. In most instances, water from the isolated interval flowed to the surface after 1,000 to 1,500 gallons of the mud and muddy water were swabbed from the tubing.





Table	2.—Summary	o£	drill-stem-test data	
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(Kelly bushing (KB) is 14 ft above land surface and 3,618 ft above sea level.)

Test	Formation	Interval (ft below KB)	Shut-in pressure (1b/in ²)	Depth to preasure recorder (ft below KB)	Discharge or flow (gal/min)	Remarks
*1	Minnekahta Limestone	1,500-1,575	. 682	1,480	12	Began flowing after swabbing. Shut-in pressure at KB 44 lb/in ² .
2	Sundance (Hulett Sandstone Member)	650-725	203 .	635	· ••••	Test questionablepacker deflated prior to a final shut in.
3	Upper part of Hinnelusa	1,540-1,738	694	1,525		Recovered 750 ft mud, 690 ft slightly water cut mud, 30 ft sand and lost-circulation material.
*4	Do.	1,542-1,738	39	0	75	Ran packer on 2-7/8-in tubing and swabbed.
5	Upper part of Hadison	2,299-2,388	1,015	2,288	1/4	· · ·
*6	Amsden	2,218-2,298	985	2,203	1/2	
7	Do.	2,217-2,305	• • • • • • •			Tool plugged40 ft of sand on top of bottom packer.
8	Hinnekahta Limestona	1,482-1,525	****	atom at an at		Test failedmandrel broke on top packer. Had to fish out straddle pipe and bottom packer.
9	Flathead Sandstone	4,094-4,355	1,796	4,104		
10	Flathead Sandstone	4,092-4,355		• •	55	Began flowing after swabbing.
11	Winnipeg Sandstone	3,579-3,694	۵۰ م ر مر م			Tool plugged with sand.
.12	Red River	3,329-3,440				Do.
13	Winnipeg Sandstone	3, 579-3, 694	90au an an an			Packer seat failed after 2 min.
*14	Red River	3,300-3,480	1,470	3,314	·	
+15	Mission Canyon	2,530-2,570	1,126	2,540	18	Shut-in pressure at KB 33 lb/in ² after 9 hrs of flow.
*16	Charles and Hission Canyon	2,434-2,530	1,092	2.444	20	

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* Original drill-stem-test data included in report.





After completing all packer testing, a well head (figs. 5 and 6) was installed. The mud was removed from the hole and the well began to flow. It flowed about 250 gal/min through a 2-in valve in the well head with about 32 lb/in back pressure. Measured at the well head, the shut-in pressure was 48 lb/in and the temperature of the water was about 50°C.

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Table 2 summarizes the drill-stem and packer-swabbing tests run in Madison test well no. 1 and indicates the test data that are included in this report.

Box 712 Phone LYNES, INC. Sterling, Colo. 80751 522-1206 Area 303 Operator 20 Contractor_ Flow No. 1. Ihomson Drlg. Inc Jop Choke. Min. 9/16" 37 Shut-in No. 1. 20 Rig No. Bottom Choke Min. 7 7/8" 610 NE-SE Flow No. 2_ Spot_ Size Hole_ Min. 120 15 Sec. Size Rat Hole. Shut-in No. 2 Miri. See U.S.G.S. 2 7/8" Tubing 57 N Flow No. 3_ --Twp. Size & Wt. D. P. Min. 65 W ---Shut-in No. 3 ---Size Wt. Pipe_ Rng. Min. Distribution Wildcat ----Field. 1. D. of D. C. Crook Length of D. C. ---County. Bottom <u>102</u>° F 1575 State_ Wyoming Total Depth_ Hole Temp. 1500-1575' 3618' "K.B." 9.5 Interval Tested Mud Weight _ Elevation Inflate Hinnekhata Type of Test_ Gravity_ •• Formation. 60 Viscosity_ 2:20 PM. Tool opened @. Inside Recorder 13 12 11 10 5 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 0 Kuster AK-1 PRD Make. No. 5978 1200 @ 1480' Cao. Press Corrected Initial Hydrostatic 757 А Final Hydrostatic κ 750 800 Ticket No Initial Flow ß ** (K 11 Final Initial Flow ** Ċ 700 Initial Shut-in 690 D 600 Second Initial Flow Ē ** Second Final Flow 645 ۴ 500 Second Shut-in G 682 Third Initial Flow H 2997 Madl son-Limestone 400 Third Final Flow **FS**T Third Shut-in Т 300 200 : 100 Date Rick Hanson Our Tester: //1 Rudy Ollila 7-25-76 Witnessed By: No Oil No _Water __No Did Well Flow - Gas. RECOVERY IN PIPE: 1000' Water 1st Flow - Tool opened with a weak blow, increased to 3" underwater blow and remained thru flow period. 2nd Flow - Tool opened with a strong blow, to bottom of bucket immediately. Tool slid 6". Re-opened with very good 2 0 UST No. blow died in 30 minutes. Remained dead while hooking Final REMARKS: up swabbing unit. Started to swab at 7:33 PH. Started flowing at 8:17 PM. Shut tool in at 1:27 AM. Copies Well flowed about 10-12 gallons per minute after pulling 10 swabs. Tool was shut in after 5 hours. Pressure at "K.B." (kelly bushing) was 44 psi (pounds per square inch)

Well Name and No.



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UNITED SERVICES DIVISION OF LYNES, INC.

Fluid Sample Report

ta7-25-76	Tick	et No.,	2997	
mpany U.S.C.S.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
ll Nemo & No. <u>Madison Limesto</u>	ne #1 DST	No	1	
unty <u>Crook</u>	State	•	Wyoming	
mpler No	Test	Interval	1500-1575 '	
ssure in Sampler75	PSIG	BHT		or
Total Volume of Sampler:2500			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cc.
Total Volume of Sample: 2500				cc.
Oil:Nane			وبيد وه بينه ولي من الكري و يوكر و يو و من من بين الكري و الم	
Water:2500				
Mud:None				cc.
Gas: None		<u></u>		cu. ft.
Other:None		·····	•	
	Resistivity			
Water:2.8 @ .	76 ⁰ F of C	hloride Conten	+ <u>1850</u>	ppm.
Mud Pit Sampla@	of C	hloride Conten	ŧ400	ррт.
Gas/Oil Ratio	Stavity		одрі @	•F .
Where was sample drained On loc	ation			
			•	
Remarks:				

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UNITED SERVICES

80X 712 STERLING, COLORADO 80751 PHONE 303-522-1206

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #1, Interval: 1500-1575', in the U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1, NE SE Section 15, T57N-R65W, Crook County, Wyoming:

For purposes of this analysis, the following reservoir and fluid propertics, and test parameters have been used:

BHT = 102° F, $\mu = 1.0$ cp., t = 40 minutes (estimated), h = 10 feet (estimated), m = 2.8 psi/cycle.

 The conditions which were applied to this formation test differ significantly from the normal procedures which are used in a conventional drill-stem test. A 610-minute Final Flow period was used during which swabbing of the fluid in the tubing was donc; however, the volume of swabbed fluid was not reported.

For purposes of this analysis, an estimated effective flowing time of 40 minutes has been used to determine the production rate of 312.7 BPD. The pressure record obtained in this test indicates that an essentially full fill-up of fluid occurred during the estimated 40 minutes of flowing time. The production rate of 312.7 BPD, based upon the above estimates, has been used in the basic equation to calculate a numerical value for the transmissibility of the formation within the test interval.

Although it is indicated that a maximum reservoir pressure of 683 psi was recorded mechanically during the last 60 minutes of the Final Shut-in period, extrapolation of the pressure build-up curve has been made using 9 points on the extrapolation plot. This has been done in order to provide an "m" value which is a key factor used in the basic equation to calculate a numerical value for transmissibility. Because of the questionable reliability concerning the "m" value and the Average Production Rate, the numerical results which were obtained in this analysis should be considered as indicators rather than quantitative values. U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1 Interval: 1500-1575' (DST #1)

Comments - Page 2

- 2. The Initial Shut-in pressure record which was obtained in this test is poorly legible, but indicates that a maximum reservoir pressure of <u>690 psi</u> was recorded during this shut-in period. Extrapolation of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of <u>632 psi</u> at the recorder depth of 1420 feet. The difference between the extrapolated Initial and Final Shut-in pressures (8 psi) is considered insignificant. The indicated maximum reservoir pressure is reasonably consistent with original reservoir pressures which were found in the Minnekahta and Minnelusa formations at earlier dates and comparable depths in the general area of this formation test.
- 3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 2.62 indicates that significant wellbore damage was present at the time of this formation test. Because of the relatively high volume-rate of fluid production which occurred during this test, it is suggested that the indicated well-bore damage is due to the choke effect of the tool rather than formation damage.
- 4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 18158.9 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability to the produced fluid of 1815.9 md. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 75 feet of interval tested. The indicated Average Permeability of the formation within the total 75 feet of tested interval is 242.1 md.
- 5. The radius of investigation of this test is indicated by the relationship, $b \approx \sqrt{kt_0}$ to be about 270 feet if the thickness of the effective zone of porosity is 10 feet.
- 6. The evaluation criteria used in the DST Analysis System indicate that the tools and recorder functioned properly; however, because of the deviation from normal drill-stem-test procedures, the numerical results obtained in this analysis should be considered as indicators rather than quantitative values.

Roger L. Hoeger Consultant for Lynes, Inc.



UNITED SERVICES DIVISION OF LTHES. INC.

Operator_U.S.C.S.

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Lease & No. _______ Madison_Limestone_11______DST No_____

FIRST SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN)	(T"PHI)	PSIG
PHI	J PHI	
9.0	6.6650	656
12.0	53.5000	676
24.9	27.2500	689
36.0	18.5009	681
45.0	14.1250	682
69.0	11.5999	653
72.9	9.7 500	683
84.0	8.5000	653
96.9	7.5625	683
198.0	6-8333	683
120.0	6.2509	683

EXTRAPLN OF FIRST SHIT IN : 690-0 M : 2-8

RESERVOIR PARAMETERS:

COLLAR RECOV	1.000 PI	PE RECOV	1500-000	INT FLO TIM	20- 446
FINL FLO TIM	610.000 00	ID EXPANS	1.000	BTM HOL TMP	102.000
API GRAVITY	19.000 SP	EC GRAVTY	1.000	VISCOSITY	1.690
PAY THICKNES	10.000 SU	IESEA DPTH	2138.000	WATR GRADNT	0.433

CALCULATIONS: FIRST SHUT IN

685.2
11.6
9.0
8.198
40-9
312.7
18159.9
18158.9
1815-9
10.71
2.62
28.06
270+0
8.0
3720-4

U.S. Geological Survey DST No. 4 (Swab Test) Date 8/10-8/11/1976

Spot_	NE-SE	Csg. Size & Grade 13 3/8" From surface to 1502'
Sec	15	Tubing Size 2 7/8" 6.5# EUE 8 Rd.
Twp	57 N	Tool Depth
Rng.	65 W	On Location @ 4:00 pm. 8/10/76
Field	Wildcat	Off Location @
County	Crook'	Lynes Rep. Hollis Magruder
State	Wyoming	Well Owners Rep Rozer Miller

Tool Description 7 3/8" X 2 1/2" X 66" Production Injection Packer

Fm	Minnelusa

Summary:

1.)

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Ran 73/8" Lynes packer in hole on 2 7/8" OD tubing and set packer at 1542' below KB at 8:30 p.m. Opened below packer and began swabbing at 9:45 p.m. Swabbed about 1650 gallons of mud and LCM with 12 swabs. Well began to flow water-cut mud and LCM at 11:30 p.m. Initial flow was 16 gpm. Flow increased to 60 gpm at 1:50 a.m., and to 75 gpm at 2:30 a.m. Temperature of water while flowing was 100.4°F. Test was stopped at 3:13 a.m. Final shut in pressure after 30 minutes was 39 psi. Note: All depths and pressure from KB.


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UNITED SERVICES

BOX 712 STERLING, COLORADO 80751 PHONE 303-522-1206

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #6, Interval: 2218-2295', in the U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1, NE SE Section 15, T57N-R65W, Crook County, Wyoming:

For purposes of this analysis, the following reservoir and fluid properties have been used:

BHT = 85° F (estimated), $\mu = 1.0$ cp., t = 90 minutes, h = 10 fect (estimated), m = 37.3 psi/cycle.

 Extrapolation of the Initial Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of <u>993.4 psi</u> at the recorder depth of 2203 feet. Extrapolation of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve indicates a maximum reservoir pressure of <u>994.1</u> <u>psi</u>. The difference between the extrapolated Initial and Final Shut-in pressures (0.7 psi) is considered insignificant.

The indicated maximum reservoir pressure is reasonably consistent with original reservoir pressures which were found in the Amsden and stratigraphically related formations at comparable depths and earlier dates in the general area of this formation test.

- The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 434.0 BPD, is based upon the total fluid recovery of 27.11 barrels and 90 minutes of flowing time (flow period #1 plus flow period #2).
- 3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 0.2 indicates that no significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test.
- 4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of <u>1889.8 md.-ft./cp.</u> indicates an Average Permeability to the produced fluid of <u>189 md.</u> for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total interval of 80 feet. The average effective permeability for the formation within the total interval of the test is 23.6 md.

U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1 Interval: 2218-2298' (DST #6)

Comments - Page 2

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- 5. The Radius of Investigation of this test is indicated by the relationship, $b \approx \sqrt{kt_0}$ to be about 130 feet.
- 6. The evaluation criteria used in the Drill-Stem-Test Analysis System indicate that the results obtained in this analysis should be reliable within reasonable limits relative to the assumptions which have been made.

en: Boger L. Hoeger

Consultant for Lynes, Inc.



DIVISION OF LYNES. INC.

Operator____U.S.G.S.

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Lease & No. Madison Limestone #1

IITED SERVICES

6

Recorder 110. 5978 @ 2203'

FIRST SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN)	(T"PHI)	PSIG
PHI	/ PHI	
Ø.9	0.0000	7 94
6.9	6.0000	924
12.0	3.5000	938
18.0	2.6667	945
24.9	2.2599	950
30.0	2.0000	954
36.0	1.8333	958
42.0	1.7143	961
45.0	1.6250	964
54.9	1.5556	967
60.0	1.5900	969
		-

EXTRAPLN OF FIRST SHUT IN : 993.4

SECOND SHUT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN)	(T"PHI)	PSIG	
PHI	/PHI		
0.0	0.0000	960	•
12.0	8.5000	971	
24.0	4.7 530	974	
36.9	3.5000	977	
48.0	2.8759	97 9	
60.0	2.5000	980	•
72.0	2.2500	981	
84.0	2.6714	982	
96•0	1.9375	983	
105.0	1.8333	984	
120.0	1 -7 500	985	•

EXTRAPLN OF

SECOND SHUT IN : 994-1

M : 37.3



UNITED SERVICES DIVISION OF LYNES. INC.

Operator_U.S.G.S.

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Lease & No. Madison Limestone #1

Recorder No. 5978 @ 2203'

RESERVOIR PARAMETERS:

•	COLLAR RECOV	464.888	PIPE RE	COV 1754-889	INT FLO	TIM 30.000
	FINL FLO TIM	60.000	MID EXT	PANS 1.000	BTM HOL	TMP 85.000
•	API GRAVITY	10.000	SPEC GR	AVTY 1.090	VISCOSIT	Y 1.000
	PAY THICKNES	10.000	SUBSEA	DPTH 1315.000	WATR CHA	DNT 0.433
	CALCULATIONS:	SECOND	SHUT IN			
	EXTRAP PRESSOR	PSIG)		994.1		
	NO OF PTS E	ENTERED		11.0		
	NO OF PTS L	JSED		6.0		
	RMS DEVIATI	ION(PSI).		0.011		
•	TOTL FLO TI	M(MIN)		90 - 0	·	
	AVE PROD RATE	BELS/DAY)	434.0		
	TRANSMISS(MD-F	T/CP)		1859.8		
	IN SITU CAP(MI	D-FT)		1559.5	•	
	AVE EFFECT PER	RM(MD)		108-98		
	PROD INDX(BBLS	JAY-PSI		12.736		·
	DAMAGE RATIO.			0.2		
	PROD INDX-DAMA	AGE(BBLS/	DAY-PSI)	2.127		
	RAD OF INVESTO	(FT)		130.4		
•	DRAWDOWNCPERCE	ENT)		0.0		
	POTENMETRC SUP	RF(FT)		3711.4		

					Iddr
Contractor Thomson	Drlg., Inc.	Top Chake	<u> </u>	Flow No. 130	_Min.
Rig No20		Bottom Choke	1"	Shut-in No. 160	_Min.
SpotNE-SE		Size Hole	7 7/8"	Flow No. 230	_Min. 只
Sec15		Size Rat Hole		Shut-in No. 2 60	Min. 💡
Twp 5/ N	·····	Size & WL D. P	41 16.50	Flow No. 3	Min. 0
RogOJW		Size WL Pipe		Shut-in No. 3	
		I. D. of D. C	2771	\dashv_{\perp}	S 12
State Wyoming		Teral Death	43551	Hole Tame 150°F	10
Elevation 361S ¹ "	K.8."	Interval Texted	3300-3480'	Mud Weight 9.5	12
Formation_Red Rive	er	Type of Test	Inflate	Gravity	G
			Straddle	Viscosity46	
		4	· · · · · · ·		02:
	**************************************			Tool opened @4:20 PM	—— _S
				Outoido Para	
·				BRD Make Kuster K-3	ا ا ا
• • • •				No 13137 Can 2950 @ 3	3141
μ.				Press Core	rected
				Initial Hydrostatic A 16	53
•				Final Hydrostatic K 16	46 -
		•	-	Initial Flow 3. 13	35 5
				Final Initial Flow C 14	70 2
HL.	A		•	Initial Shut-in D 14	70 Z
	- <u>}</u>		•	Second Initial Flow E 14	<u>+0</u>
. 1 .				Second Shutting G 11/	70
	· · ·	. *		Third Initial Flow H	
i	\	•	•	Third Final Flow	<u> </u>
•	l l		•	Third Shut-in J	
į	ŀ		•		
•					
		•,		Our Tester: Paul Robbins	
· ·				Witnessed Ry-Dave Hoppes	1=
			***	Trunesseu by.	
Did Well Flow — Gaš RECOVERY IN PIPE:	<u>No 01 No</u> 3300' Total 360' Drilli 450' Water 2440' Water	Water <u>No</u> Fluid ng mud = 5.11 cut drilling m = 32.07 Bbl.	861. ud = 6.39 861.		-76
	lst Flow - T	ool opened wit	h strong blow.	decreased to dead in 22	z
	= 1 M	inutes and rem	ained thru flo	w period.	
REMARKS:	2nd Flow - T	ool opened wit	h'no blow and	remained dead thru flow	
	P	eriod.			
				•	<u>ě</u>
			the themeters	heaskdown of shut-in	16
•	Shut-in pres	sures were sta	tic, therefore	DICARDONN OF SHAR-IN	[••



BOX 712 STERLING. COLORADO 80751

PHONE 303-522-1206

NITED SERVICES

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #14 Interval: 3300-3480', in the U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1, NE SE Section 15. T57N-R65W, Crook County, Wyoming:

For purposes of this analysis, the following reservoir and fluid properties and test parameters have been used:

BHT = 150°F., μ = 1.0 cp., t = 60 minutes, h = 10 feet (estimated), m = 1.3 psi/cycle.

 The character of the pressure record which was obtained in this test indicates that the maximum reservoir pressure of 1470 psi was recorded mechanically during both shut-in periods. A slope of 1.3 psi/log cycle has been applied to the extrapolation plot of the Final Shut-in pressure build-up curve to provide a value for "m" for use in the basic Horner equation to permit the calculation of numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page. Because of the questionable reliability of this "m" value, these numerical results should be considered as indicators rather than quantitative values.

The potentiometric surface elevation of the formation within this test interval, based upon the static reservoir pressure of 1470 psi at the recorder depth of 3314 feet and the use of the gradient constant of 2.33 ft./psi, is 3729 feet above sea level. This value of potentiometric surface is in close agreement with that which was determined for the Flat Head sandstone in DST #10 in this same well. It is therefore suggested that hydraulic continuity may exist between these two formations.

The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 2851.2 BPD, is based upon the total fluid recovery of 43.6 barrels and 22 minutes of the Initial flow period, at which time it was reported that the surface blow died.

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U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1 Interval: 3300-3480' (DST #14)

Comments - Page 2

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- 3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 0.3 indicates that no significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test.
- 4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of <u>351397.8 md.-ft./cp.</u> indicates an Average Permeability to the produced fluid of <u>35139.8 md.</u> for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 180 feet of interval tested.
- 5. The radius of investigation of this test is indicated by the relationship, $b \approx \sqrt{kt_0}$, to be about 1452 feet.
- 6. The evaluation criteria used in the Drill-Stem-Test Analysis System indicate that the tools and recorder functioned properly; however, because of the questionable reliability concerning the measured slope of the extrapolation plot, as noted above, the numerical results obtained in this analysis should be considered as indicators only.

er L. Hoeger //

Consultant for Lynes, Inc.



LYNES, INC.

Operator_U.S.G.S

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;---; ___ Lease & No.__Madison_Limestone_#1_____DST No.__14___

Recorder No. 13137 @ 3314'

RESERVOIR PARAMETERS:

COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES	277.999 39.998 19.909 19.699	PIPE REF MUD EXE SPEC GR/ SUBSEA 1	200 3023.090 PANS 1.090 NUTY 10.000 DPTH 304.090	INT FLO TIM BTM HOL TMP VISCOSITY WATR GRAENT	39.990 159.999 1.999 6.433
CALCULATIONS:	SECOND	SHUT IN			
EXTRAP PRESS(F NO OF PTS I NO OF PTS I RMS DEVIATH TOTL FLO TI AVE PROD RATEO TRANSMISS(MD-F IN SITH CAP(MI AVE EFFECT PEF PROD INDX(EBLS DAMAGE RATIO PROD INDX-DAMA	SIG) NTERED SED (N(PSI) M(MIN) EELS/DAY) T/CP) OFT) OFT) S/DAY-PSI AGE(BELS/I)))))))))))))))))))	1470.4 11.0 9.0 0.137 60.3 2851.2 351397.8 351397.8 35139.75 1189.410 0.3 395.485	· · ·	
RAD OF INVESTO DRANDOWN(PERCE POTENMETRC SUP	FT) ENT) RF(FT)		1452•9 0•0 3699•8		

LYNES, INC.

Operator____U_S_G_S

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Lesse & No. Hadison-Limestone # 1 DST No.

14

Recorder No. 13137 @ 3314'

FIRST . SHIT IN PRESSURE:

TIME(MIN) PHI	(T"PHI) /PHI	PSIG
G.9	9. 09999	1465
6.9	6.0383	1468
12.9	3.5999	1469
19.9	2.6667	1469
24.9	2.2599	1479
39.9	2.9999	1479
36.5	1.5333	1475
42.0	1.7143	1479
48.0	1.6259	1479
54.9	1.5555	1470
69.9	1 - 5900	1473

EXTRAPLN OF FIRST SHUT IN : 1476.3

SECOND SHUT IN PRESSURE:

(T"PHI)	PSIG
/PHI	
0.0000	1465
11.09999	1468
6.9990	1469
4.3333	1469
3.5999	1479
3.0000	1470
2.6667	1479
2.4296	1470
2.2598	1478
2.1111	1479
2.0000	1479
	(T"PHI) /PHI 0.0000 11.0900 6.0000 4.3333 3.5000 3.5000 2.6667 2.4256 2.4256 2.2500 2.1111 2.0000

EXTRAPLN OF SECOND SHUT IN : 1479.4

M : 1.3

Contractor Flow No. 1 0/7 Min. Stot 20 Bottom Cohes 1" Shut-in No. 1 60 Min. Soct 15 Size Hole 77/3" Shut-in No. 2 Min. Sec 15 Size Bat Hole Shut-in No. 2 Min. Sec 15 Size Kut, D. P. 44!" 16.60 Flow No. 3 Min. Field Wildcat I. D. of D. C. 22" Shut-in No. 3 Min. County Crook Length of D. C. 4371" Bottom Shut-in No. 3 Min. State Wyoming Total Depth 43551 Hole Temp. 106 F State Wyoming Total Depth 43551 Hole Temp. 106 F Viscosity 45 No. 1300 Cap. 2900 25401 No. 1300 Cap. 2900 25401 No. 1300 Cap. 2900 25401 No. 1300 Cap. 2900 25401 Initial Hydrostaic	Contractor Flow No. 1 O// Min. Spot 15 Size Hole 7 7/3" Shut-in No. 1 60 Min. Spot 15 Size Hole	a. 20 NE-SE 15	Top Choke Bottom Choke	-	و ملط بیسا ۲	877
Hig No. 12 - 52 Bottom Choke 7 / 73 " Sturt No. 1 00 Min. Sec. 15 Size Nole 7 / 73 " Flow No. 2 Min. Sec. 15 Size Rat Hole Shut-in No. 1 00 Min. Sec. 15 Size WL D. P. 44" 16.60 Flow No. 2 Min. Shut-in No. 1 0.0 of D. C. 241" Shut-in No. 3 Min. State MVpmIng Length of D. C. 24371 Bottom Southin No. 3 State Wyoming Total Depth 43551 Hole Temp. 106" F Hereit Tested 2530-2570" Mud Weight 9.5 Formation Mission Canyon Type of Test Inflate Gravity Tool opened @ 4:50 AM. 0utside Recorder No. 13005 cap. 200: @ 25401 Press Press Courtside Kuster K-3 No. 13005 cap. 200: @ 25401 Press Press Carrested Initial Hydrostatic A 1256 Final Initial Flow 8 34 Final Initial Flo	Hig NG Bottom Choke 7/73" Sturt No. 1 DO Min. Sec. 15 Size Hole 7/73" Flow No. 2 Min. Sec. 15 Size Rat Hole	NE-SE	Bottom Choke_	11	Plow No. 1	Min.
Soc. 15 Size Raie Min. Twp. 57 N Size & Wt. D. P. 44" 16.60 Shutin No. 2 Min. Rng. 65 W Size & Wt. D. P. 44" 16.60 Shutin No. 3 Min. Rng. 65 W Size & Wt. D. P. 44" 16.60 Shutin No. 3 Min. Size & Wt. D. P. 44" 16.60 Shutin No. 3 Min. County Crook Length of D. C. 21" Bottom Hois Temp. 106" F Elevation 3613" "K.B." Interval Tested 2530-2570" Mid Weight. 9.5 Formation Mission Canyon Top of Test Inflate Gravity Formation Mission Canyon Type of Test Inflate Viscosity 46 Outside Recordez PRD Make Kuster K-3 No. 13005 Cap. 2900 2540" No. 13005 Cap. 2900 22540" Initial Flow No 1205 Second Stutin G Third Initial Flow 1256 Second Stutin G Third Initial Flow Third Shutin <td>Sec</td> <td>15</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td>7 7/8"</td> <td> Shut-in No. 1</td> <td>Min.</td>	Sec	15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 7/8"	Shut-in No. 1	Min.
Sec. 27 N Size & Wt D, P. 44" 16.60 Flow No. 3	Size # Kt Hole Size # Kt Pop. Size #	A	Size Hole	, ,,,,	Flow No. 2	Min.
Twp. Size & Wt. D. P Flow No. 3	WP, Size & WL D, P. +Y 10:30 Flow No. 3 Min. Size W. D, Pipe	57 N	Size Rat Hole	h 1 1 1 6 60	Shut-in No. 2	Min.
Mng	Min. Size Wt. Prie	<u> </u>	Size & WL D. P.		- Flow No. 3	Min.
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UNITED SERVICES

80X 712 STERLING, COLORADO 80751 PHONE 300-522-1206

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #15, Interval: 2530-2570', in the U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1, NE SE Section 15, T57N-R65W, Crook County, Wyoming:

For purposes of this analysis, the following reservoir and fluid properties and test parameters have been used:

BHT = 106°F, μ = 1.0 cp., t = 15 minutes, h = 10 feet (estimated), m = 0.4 psi/cycle.

 The character of the pressure record which was obtained in this test indicates that the maximum reservoir pressure of <u>1130 psi</u> was recorded mechanically during the 60-minute shut-in period. An estimated slope of 0.4 psi/log cycle has been applied to the extrapolation plot of the shut-in pressure build-up curve in order to make it possible to calculate numerical values for the effective transmissibility and average permeability. The application of this estimated "m" value places some question on the reliability of the above calculated results. These numerical values should therefore be considered as indicators rather than quantitative results.

The indicated maximum reservoir pressure of 1130 psi at the recorder depth of 2540 feet (+1078') indicates a potentiometric surface elevation of 3711 feet above sea level. A conversion constant of 2.33 ft./psi has been used to convert the indicated static reservoir pressure to its equivalent potentiometric surface elevation. This value of potentiometric surface is in close agreement with that which was determined for the Flat Head sandstone in DST #10 and the Red River formation in DST #14 in this same well. It is therefore suggested that hydraulic continuity may exist between these three formations.

The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, <u>3052.3 BPD</u>, is based upon a total fluid recovery of 31.86 barrels (a total fill-up of fluid in the pipe from the recorder depth to the rig floor) and a total flowing time of 15 minutes (the amount of flowing time at which fluid reached the surface).

U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1 Interval: 2530-2570' (DST #15)

Comments - Page 2

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- 3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 7.9 indicates that significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test: however, because of the magnitude of the production rate which occurred in this test, the indicated well-bore damage is probably due to the choke effect of the test tool rather than actual formation damage. The damage ratio implies that the average production rate should have been 7.9 times greater than that which occurred if well-bore damage had not been present.
- 4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of 1. 160, 675.3 md.-ft./cp. indicates an Average Permeability to the produced fluid of 116, 067.5 md. for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity with-in the total 40 feet of interval tested.
- 5. The evaluation criteria used in the Drill-Stem-Test Analysis System indicate that the tools and recorder functioned properly; however, because of the questionable reliability of the estimated "m" value which was used to calculate the above numerical results, these results should be considered as indicators only.

er L. Hoeger

Consultant for Lynes, Inc.



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LYNES, INC.

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Form 2

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		Lease of NO.				
	Rec	order No. 13137	° 9 25401			
•			•			
FIRST	SHUT IN P	RESSURE.				
TIME(MIN)	(T"PHI)	PSIG				
PHI	/PHI				· .	
,	•					
9.9	5.0990	1112				
6.0	147.1667	1125	•	(
12.9	74.0533	1129				
18-0	49.7222	1130				
24.0	37.5417	1130				
30.0	39.2333	1130				
35+17	25.3611	1130				
42.0	21.5510	1130				
47.1 5.4 a	19.2748	1139				
54.1)	17+2497	1130 5				
0.301	1240121	1139	•			
EXTRAPLN OF	FIRST ST	ATT IN . 1130	3.5 M	a . A		
				// • ••		
RESERVOIR PAR	AMETERS:			•		
RESERVOIR PAR	AMETERS:					
COLLAR RECOV	437.909	PIPE RECOV	2093.000	INT FLO	TIM	877 .00
COLLAR RECOV	437.909 877.909	PTPE RECOV MID EXPANS	2093.900 1.000	INT FLO BTM HOL	TIM	877 • 00 196 • 00
COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY	437.909 877.909 19.999	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY	2093.000 1.003 10.000	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT	TIM TMP Y	877 - 00 106 - 00 1 - 00
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES	437.909 877.999 19.999 10.999	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVITY SUBSEA DPTH	2093.000 1.003 10.000 1078.000	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y	877 • 00 106 • 00 1 • 00 0 • 43
COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES	437.009 877.009 19.009 10.000	PTPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 • 60 106 • 00 1 • 60 0 • 43
COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS:	437.909 877.999 19.999 10.990 FIRST	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVIY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1978.000	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 106 .00 1.00 0.43
COLLAR RECOU FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS:	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 10.000 FIRST	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 • 00 106 • 00 1 • 00 0 • 43
RESERVOIR PAH COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 • 00 106 • 00 1 • 00 0 • 43
RESERVOIR PAH COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP TY DNT	877 • 00 106 • 00 1 • 00 0 • 43
RESERVOIR PAH COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI).	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP TY DNT	877 .00 195 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED JON(PSI). IM(MIN)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 195 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI). IM(MIN)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1978.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 105 -00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE	AMETERS: 437.009 877.009 19.009 10.009 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI) IM(MIN) (BELS/DAY)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1978.000 1978.000 1978.000 1978.000 19.0 10.0 10.0 577.0 052.8	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 106 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD-	437.009 877.009 19.009 19.009 10.000 FIRST PSIG) USED USED TON(PSI). IM(MIN) (BELS/DAY) FT/CP)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1 	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1978.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 106 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M	AMETERS: 437.009 877.099 19.999 10.099 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI) IM(MIN) (BSLS/DAY) FT/CP) D-FT)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1 	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 105 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAH COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PE	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI) IM(MIN) CBELS/DAY) FT/CP) RM(MD)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1 	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 675.3 675.3	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 105 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAH COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PEI PROD INDX(BEL	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI) IM(MIN) (BELS/DAY) FT/CP) RM(MD) S/DAY-PSI)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1 	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 675.3 164.923	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 105 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAH COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PE PROD INDX(BEL DAMAGE RATIO.	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED IN(MIN) (BELS/DAY) FT/CP) RM(MD) S/DAY-PSI)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 675.3 164.923 7.9	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP TY DNT	877 .00 105 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PED PROD INDX(BEL DAMAGE RATIO. PROD INDX-DAM	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI) IM(MIN) (BELS/DAY) FT/CP) RM(MD) S/DAY-PSI) AGE(BELS/D	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 675.3 164.923 7.9 306.295	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP TY DNT	877.00 105.00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PED PROD INDX(38L) DAMAGE RATIO. PROD INDX-DAMA RAD OF INVESTO	AMETERS: 437.009 877.009 19.099 10.099 10.099 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI). IM(MIN) (BSLS/DAY) FT/CP) RM(MD) S/DAY-PSI) AGE(BELS/D (FT)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 1 6 1	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 164.923 7.9 306.295 059.2	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP TY DNT	877 .00 105 .00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PED PROD INDX(BED DAMAGE RATIO. PROD INDX(BEC DRAWDOWN(PERC)	AMETERS: 437.000 877.000 10.000 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED IN(MIN) (BELS/DAY) FT/CP) RM(MD) S/DAY-PSI) AGE(BELS/D (FT) ENT)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1160 1160 AY-PST) 1	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 675.3 164.923 7.9 306.295 059.2 0.0	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP TY DNT	877.00 196.00 1.00 0.43
RESERVOIR PAR COLLAR RECOV FINL FLO TIM API GRAVITY PAY THICKNES CALCULATIONS: EXTRAP PRESS(NO OF PTS NO OF PTS NO OF PTS RMS DEVIAT TOTL FLO T AVE PROD RATE TRANSMISS(MD- IN SITU CAP(M AVE EFFECT PED PROD INDX(BEL DAMAGE RATIO. PROD INDX-DAM RAD OF INVEST DRAVDOWN(PERC) POTENMETRC SU	AMETERS: 437.009 877.009 19.009 19.009 FIRST PSIG) ENTERED USED TON(PSI) IM(MIN) (BELS/DAY) FT/CP) S/DAY-PSI) AGE(BELS/D (FT) RF(FT)	PIPE RECOV MUD EXPANS SPEC GRAVTY SUBSEA DPTH SHUT IN 1 1 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160	2093.000 1.000 10.000 1078.000 130.5 11.0 10.0 0.213 577.0 052.8 675.3 675.3 164.923 7.9 306.295 059.2 0.0 688.9	INT FLO BTM HOL VISCOSIT WATR GRA	TIM TMP Y DNT	877 .00 195 .00 1.00 0.43

Pho	ne	
522-1206	Area	303

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LYNES, INC.

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Box 712 Sterling, Colo. 80751

Contractor	Thomson Drlg., Inc.	Top Choke	1	Flow No. 1 877M
Rig No	20	Bottom Choke_	<u>_1"</u>	Shut-in No. 1 60 M
Soot	JE-SE	Size Hole	7 7/9"	Flow No. 2 M
Sec	15	Size Rat Hole		Shut-in No. 2 M
Two.	57 N	Size & WL D. P.	41" 16.60	Flow No. 3 M
Rog.	65 W	Size Wt. Pipe		Shut-in No. 3 M
Field	Wildcat	L. D. of D. C.	2111	
County	Crook	Length of D. C.	437'	Bottom
State	Tyoming	Total Deoth	43551	Hole Temp 109° F
Fleation	36151 "K.B."	Integral Tested	2434-2530'	Mud Weicht 9.5
Formation	Nadison	Type of Test	Inflate	Gravity
			Straddle	Viscosity 46
				• is a start
				Tool opened @ 10:21
	•			
				Oitside Recorder
	•			PBD Make Kuster K-3
•				No 13005 Cap 2900 @ 2444
	•		•	Press Correcte
				Initial Hydrostatic A 1227
				Final Hydrostatic K 1200
		. *		Initial Flow B 509
•	•	•	R	Final Initial Flow C 1067
	Â	· ·	$ \mathbb{A}^{\mathbb{Y}} $	Initial Sout-in D 1092
		- 1		Second Initial Flow E
•				Second Figat Flow F 1
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-		•• (Third Initial Flow H
				Third Final Flow
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:				Our Terrer James O'Conner
-			•	
			·	Witnessed By:
Did Well Flo	w - Gas No Oil No			
RECOVERY	IN PIPE: 2434' Format	ion water = 30	0.50 Bbl.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	*****	• •		
	Flow - Tool	opened with st	trong blow, in	creased to bottom of
	bucke	t in 3 seconds	s. Water to s	urface in 18 minutes.
	Flowe	d 14 hours 39	minutes at 20	gallons per minute.
	Shut-	in at surface	for 1 hour.	37.2 psig surface pressure.

REMARKS:				
	•		•	
•				•



UNITED SERVICES

80X 712 STERLING, COLORADO 80751 PHONE 303-522-1206

Comments relative to the analysis of the pressure chart from DST #16, Interval: 2434-2530', in the U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1, NE SE Section 15, T57N-R65W, Crook County, Wyoming:

For purposes of this analysis, the following reservoir and fluid properties and test parameters have been used:

BHT = 109°F, μ = 1.0 cp., t = 18 minutes, h = 10 feet (estimated), m = 2.6 psi/cycle.

 The character of the pressure record which was obtained in this test indicates that the maximum reservoir pressure of <u>1092 psi</u> was recorded at a depth of 2444 feet. Extrapolation of the shut-in pressure build-up curve has been made by projecting a straight line through the last 7 points on the extrapolation plot and results in an extrapolated pressure of 1095 psi. The slope of this extrapolation curve has been determined to be 2.6 psi/log cycle. This estimated "m" value has been used in the basic Horner equation to calculate numerical values for the various reservoir properties shown below and on the summary page. Because of the questionable reliability of this estimated "m" value, these numerical results should be considered as indicators rather than quantitative values.

The indicated static reservoir pressure of 1092 psi at the recorder depth of 2444 feet indicates a potentiometric surface elevation of 3718 feet above sea level. A conversion constant of 2.33 ft./psi has been used to convert the indicated static reservoir pressure to its equivalent potentiometric surface elevation. This value of potentiometric surface is in close agreement with that which was determined for the Flat Head sandstone in DST #10, the Red River formation in DST #14, and the Mission Canyon formation in DST #15 in this same well. It is therefore suggested that hydraulic continuity may exist between these four formations.

U.S.G.S., Madison Limestone #1 Interval: 2434-2530' (DST #16)

Comments - Page 2

- The calculated Average Production Rate which was used in this analysis, 2439.9 BPD, is based upon the total fluid recovery of 30.5 barrels (a full iill-up of fluid in the pipe from the recorder depth to the rig floor) and a total flowing time of 18 minutes (the flowing time at which water reached the surface).
- 3. The calculated Damage Ratio of 2.0 indicates that significant well-bore damage was present at the time of this formation test; however, because of the magnitude of the production rate which occurred in this test, it is suggested that the indicated well-bore damage is probably due to the choke effect of the test tool rather than actual formation damage. The damage ratio implies that the average production rate should have been 2.0 times greater than that which occurred if well-bore damage had not been present.
- 4. The calculated Effective Transmissibility of <u>153, 290.4 md.-ft./cp.</u> indicates an Average Permeability to the produced fluid of <u>15, 329.0 md.</u> for the estimated 10 feet of effective porosity within the total 96 feet of interval tested.
- 5. The radius of investigation of this test is indicated by the relationship, $b = \sqrt{kt_0}$, to be about 3667 feet.
- 6. The evaluation criteria used in the Drill-Stem-Test Analysis System indicate that the tools and recorder functioned properly; however, because of the questionable reliability of the estimated "m" value which was used to calculate the above numerical results, these results should be considered as indicators only.

Consultant for Lynes, Inc.

LYNES, INC.

Operator U.S.G.S.

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Form 2

Lease & No. Madison-Limestone #1

No. 16

	Recor	<u>der No. 13005 @ 244</u>	<u>.</u>	
FIRS	T SHUT IN PRE	SSURE:		
TIMECMIN	CT"PHI)	PSIG		
PHI	/PHI	• • • • • • •	· ·	
6. 0	A •8668	1967		
6.0	147.1667	1987		
12.9	74.9833	1085		
15.9	49.7222	1989		
24.9	37.5417	1999		
39.0	39.2333	1991		
36.9	25.3611	1992		
42.9	21.5510	1992		
45.0	19.2798	1092		
54.0	17.2497	1992		
69.9	15.6167	1092		
EXTRAPLN O	F FIRST SHU	T IN : 1095.1	M : 2.6	•
, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
COLLAR REC	OV 437.000 F	IPE RECOV 1997	7.000 INT FLO TIM	1 977 .A
FINL FLO T	IM 877-000 P	ID EXPANS 1	BTM HOL TMP	109-0
API GRAVI	TY 19.000 S	PEC GRAVTY 1		1.0
PAY THICKN	ES 10.000 S	JBSEA DPTH 1174	4-000 WATE GRADNT	0.4
CALCULATIC	NS: FIRST S	HTT IN		
EXTRAP PRE	SSCPSIG.	1095-1	L	
NO OF P	TS ENTERED	11-6	3	
NO OF P	TS USED	7-6	ک .	
RMS DEV	IATION(PSI)	•••••• 9•1	174	
TOTL FL	O TIMEMIN)	••••• 877•6	7	
AVE PROD F	ATE (BELS/DAY)		9	
TRANSMISS	MD-FT/CP)	153290-4	4	•
IN SITU CA	P(MD-FT)	153299.4	4	
AVE EFFECT	PERM(MD)	••••• 15329-0	34	
PROD INDYC	BELS/DAY-PSI).	••••• R6•!	763	
DAMAGE RAT	IQ	••••• 2•0	3	
PROD INDY-	DAMAGE(BBLS/DA	Y-PSI) 172.	522	
	EST(FT)	3666+5	5	
RAD OF INV	FROFNIT'S	••••• 0.5	1	
DRAU OF INV	• • • • • • • • × 1 ¥:ت رايانې •		· · · · ·	
RAD OF INU DRAWDOWN(P POTENMETRO	SURF(FT)	3763.1	l ·	



Geochemistry

The water chemistry from selected intervals in Madison test well no. 1 and subsequent tests will be used as control points for interpreting regional geologic, geophysical, isotopic, and chemical data. Water samples were collected from drill-stem test zones that were selected to represent major rock types, formation age, and types of porosity.

After the inflatable packers were set above and below the zone to be sampled, if the interval flowed, measurements were made of the pH and conductivity of the fluid until both a stability of these values and clearing of the water were obtained, indicating formation water was being monitored. If the interval did not flow, swabbing was begun to remove sufficient heavy drilling mud from the water column and formation to develop the zone. If possible, water samples were collected for analysis only after it was determined by pH and conductivity measurements that the water would represent the formational fluid in the interval tested. Characteristics subject to variation in time such as pH, temperature, alkalinity, and conductance were measured in the field at the time of collection. Alkalinity was determined in a potentiometric titration using sulfuric acid and preparing a titration curve. The field data are included with the laboratory data in the analyses tables.

The analysis of water samples from the Flathead Sandstone (Cambrian), Charles and Mission Canyon Formations (Mississippian), and a composite water sample from Madison into Precambrian are shown in tables 3, 4, and 5.

Table 3.--Water-quality analysis--Flathead Sandstone

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CENTRAL LABORATORY, DENVER, COLORADO

WATER GUALITY ANALYSIS LAB ID # 303901 RECORD # 22949

SAMPLE LOCATION: 57N 065W 15DA STATION ID: 445546104382700 LAT.LONG.SEO.: 445546 1043827 00 DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--761018 END-- TIME--1000 STATE CODE: 56 COUNTY CODE: 011 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION: 46560033 DATA TYPE: 2 SOURCE: GROUND WATER GEOLOGIC UNIT: 374FLTD COMMENTS: FLATHEAD SANDSTONE (CAMBRIAN)

1 X TOT (15 CACAD)	NC.4	194	NERCURY DISCOUNSE	116.71	0 0
ALNIIUI TAS CACUSI	MOZ	104			1
ALUMINUM DISSULVED		20	HULTBUENOM DISSULVED		1
ARSENIC DISSOLVED	0672		NITROGEN TOTKJU AS N	MG/L	1+1
BARIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	200	PH FIELD		6.9
BICARBONATE	MG/L	224	PH LAB	_	7.7
BORON DISSOLVED	UG <u>/L</u>	340	PHOSPHORUS DIS AS P	MG/L	0.00
BROMIDE	MG/L	0.2	POTASSIUM DISS	MG/L	23
CADMIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	0	POTASSIUM 40.D.PCI/L		17 ·
CALCIUM DISS	MG/L	_70	RA-226 BY RN PCI/L		14
CARBONATE	MG/L	0	RESIDUE UIS CALC SUM	MG/L	802
CHLORIDE DISS	MG/L	290	RESIDUE DIS TON/AFT		1.08
CHROMIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	10	RESIDUE DIS 180C	MG/L	793
COPPER DISSOLVED	UG/L	· 1	RESIDUE TOT FIL 1050	MG/L	1200
DENSITY AT 20 C	· -	0.999	RESIDUE TOTNONFIL105	MG/L	278
FLUORIDE DISS	MG/L	4.5	SAR	_	5.1
GROS-8, D, CS137 PCI/L		19	SELENIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	1
GROS-B.D.SR-90-PCI/L		12	SILICA DISSOLVED	MG/L	31-
GROS-B.S.CS137 PCI/L	DETR.	DELETED	SODIUM DISS	MG/L	180
GROS-B.S.SR-90 PCI/L	DETR.	DELETED	SODIUM PERCENT		60
GROSS ALPHA DIS U-NA	UGZL	25	SP. CONDUCTANCE FLD		1320
GROSS ALPHA SUS U-NA	DETR.	DELETED	SP. CONDUCTANCE LAB		1380
HARDNESS NONCARB	MGZL	56	STRONTIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	2400
HARDNESS TOTAL	MGZI	240	SULFATE DISS	MGZI	74
TODIDE	MGZL	0.00	SULFUR 34/32 RATIO	DETR.	DELETED
IRON DISSOLVED	UGZL	80	TURBIDITY (JTU)		85
LEAD DISSOLVED	UGZI	0 ·	U.DTS.DIR.FLUOR-UGZU	UG/1 <	0.4
LITHIUM DISSULVED		400	VANADIUM DISSOLVED		1.5
MAGNESTUM DISS	MGZI	15	WATER TEMP (DEG C)		42.0
MANGANESE DISSOLVED	UGZL	50	ZINC DISSOLVED	UG/L	10

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Table 3.--Water-quality analysis--Flathead Sandstone--Continued

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS CONTINUED LAB ID # 303901 RECORD # 22949

SAMPLE LOCATION: 57N 065W 15DA STATION ID: 445546104382700 LAT.LONG.SED.: 445546 1043827 00 DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--761018 END-- TIME--1000

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ANIONS

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CALCIUM DISS MAGNESIUM DISS POTASSIUM DISS SODIUM DISS	(MG/L) 70 15 23 180	(MEQ/L) 3.493 1.234 0.589 7.830	BICARBONATE CARBONATE CHLORIDE DISS FLUORIDE DISS	(HG/L) 224 0 290 4.5	(MEQ/L) 3.672 0.000 8.181 0.237
SUDION DISS	190	1.030	SULFATE DISS	74	1.541

TOTAL 13.145

92

TOTAL

13.630

PERCENT DIFFERENCE = -1.81

Table 4.---Water-quality analysis---Charles and Mission Canyon Formations

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CENTRAL LABORATORY, DENVER, COLORADO

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS LAB ID # 303902 RECORD # 22952

SAMPLE LOCATION: 57N 065W 15DA STATION ID: 445546104382700 LAT.LONG.SEQ.: 445546 1043827 00 DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--761021 END-- TIME--1000 STATE CODE: 56 COUNTY CODE: 011 PROJECT IDENTIFICATION: 46560033 DATA TYPE: 2 SOURCE: GROUND WATER GEOLOGIC UNIT: 331MSNC COMMENTS: UPPER MADISON (CHARLES AND MISSION CANYON)

ALKTOT (AS CACO3)	MGZL	176	MANGANESE DISSOLVED	UG/L	100
ALUMINUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	30	MERCURY DISSOLVED	UG/L	0.0
ARSENIC DISSOLVED	UG/L	11	MOLYBDENUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	11
BARIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	100 .	NITROGEN TOTKJD AS N	MG/L	3.2
BICARBONATE	MG/L	214	PH FIELD		6.6
BORON DISSOLVED	UGZL	210	PH LAB		7.1
BROMIDE	MG/L	0.2	PHOSPHORUS DIS AS P	MG/L	0.01
CADMIUM DISSOLVED	UGZL	0	POTASSIUM DISS	MGZL	9.2
CALCIUM DISS	MG/L	180	POTASSIUM 40.D.PCI/L	_	6.9
CARBON TOT ORGANIC	MGZL	15	RA-226 BY RN PCI/L		0.70
CARBONATE	MGZL	0	RESIDUE DIS CALC SUM	MG/L	973
CHLORIDE DISS	MG/L	66	RESIDUE DIS TON/AFT	_	1.44
CHROMIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	20	RESIDUE DIS 180C	MG/L	1060
COPPER DISSULVED	UG/L	0	RESIDUE TOT FIL 105C	MGZL	1200
DENSITY AT 20 C		0.999	RESIDUE TOTNONFIL105	MG/L	41
FLUORIDE DISS	MG/L	1.9	SAR	-	1.2
GROS-B.D.CS137 PC1/L		15	SELENIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	8
GR05-8.0.SR-90-PCI/L		13	SILICA DISSOLVED	MG/L	25
GROS-8.5.CS137 PCI/L		2.3	SODIUM DISS	MG/L	70
GROS-B.S.SR-90 PCI/L		1.9	SODIUM PERCENT		. 50
GROSS ALPHA DIS.U-NA	UG/L	14	SP. CONDUCTANCE FLD		1345
GROSS ALPHA SUS.U-NA	UG/L	3.0	SP. CONDUCTANCE LAB		1380
HARDNESS NONCARB	MGZL	440	STRONTIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	4500
HARDNESS TOTAL	MG/L	620	SULFATE DISS	MG/L	470
IODIDE	MG/L	0.00	TURBIDITY (JTU)		10
IRON DISSOLVED	UG/L	310	U.DIS.DIR.FLUOR-UG/L	UG/L	6.3
LEAD DISSOLVED	UG/L	0	VANADIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	8.7
LITHIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	40	WATER TEMP (DEG C)		35.5
MAGNESTUM DISS	MG/L	40	ZINC DISSOLVED	UG/L	40

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Table 4.--Water-quality analysis--Charles and Mission Canyon Formations --Continued

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS CONTINUED LAB ID # 303902 RECORD # 22952

SAMPLE LOCATION: 57N 065W 15DA STATION ID: 445546104382700 LAT.LONG.SEQ.: 445546 1043827 00 DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--761021 END-- TIME--1000

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CALCIUM DISS MAGNESIUM DISS POTASSIUM DISS SODIUM DISS	(MG/L) 180 40 9.2 70	(MEQ/L) 8.982 3.291 0.236 3.045	BICARBONATE CARBONATE CHLORIDE DISS FLUORIDE DISS SULFATE DISS	(MG/L) 214 0 66 1.9 470	(MEQ/L) 3.508 0.000 1.862 0.101 9.786
	TOTAL	15.553		TOTAL	15.255

PERCENT DIFFERENCE = 0.97

Table 5.--Water-quality analysis--Composite of waters from Madison into Precambrian UNITED STATES UEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY CENTRAL LABORATORY, DENVER, COLORADO

WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS LAB ID # 304901 RECORD # 24075

SAMPLE LOCATION: 57N 065W 15DA STATION ID: 445546104362700 LAT.LONG.SEQ.: 445546 1043827 00 DATE OF COLLECTION: BEGIN--761024 END-- TIME--1700 STATE CODE: 56 CCUNTY CODE: 011 PHOJECT IDENTIFICATION: 033 DATA TYPE: 2 SOURCE: GROUND WATER GEOLOGIC UNIT: MADISON TO PRE-COMMENTS: CAMBRIAN COMPOSITE SAMPLE

ALK, TOT (AS CACO3)	MG/L	206	NITROGEN NH4 ASN TOT	MG/L	0.46
ALUMINUM DISSOLVED	UG/L ·	0	NITROGEN TOT AS N	MG/L	1.7
ANTIMONY DISSOLVED	UG/L	1	NITROGEN TOT AS NO3	MG/L	7.6
ARSENIC DISSOLVED	UG/L	13	NITROGEN TOT ORG N	MG/L .	1.0
BARIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	100	NITROGEN TOTKJD AS N	MG/L	1.5
BICARBONATE	MG/L	251	NOZ + NOJ AS N TOT	MG/L	0.22
BORDN DISSOLVED	UGIL	430	PH FIELD	-	7.5
BROMIDE	MG/L	0.1	PHOSPHORUS TOT AS P	MG/L	0.05
CADMIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	1	POTASSIUM DISS	MGZL	4.8
CALCIUM DISS	MG/L	95	RESIDUE DIS CALC SUM	MGZL	688
CARBONATE	MG/L	0	RESIDUE DIS TON/AFT	_	0.94
CHLORIDE DISS	HGIL	37	RESIDUE TOTNONFIL105	MG/L	220
CHROMIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	90	RESIDUE VOLAT. SUSP.	MG/L	68
COPPER DISSOLVED	UG/L	6	SAR		1.8
DENSITY AT 20 C	_	0.998	SELENIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	0
FLUORIDE DISS	MG/L	1.7	SILICA DISSOLVED	MG/L	26
MARDNESS NONCARB	MG/L	180	SODIUM DISS	MG/L	82
HARDNESS TOTAL	MGZL	380	SODIUM PERCENT		32
TRON DISSOLVED	UGZL	330	SP. CONDUCTANCE FLD		1000
LEAD DISSOLVED	UGZL	13	SP. CONDUCTANCE LAB	•	997
LITHIUM DISSOLVED	UGZL	20	STRONTIUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	1900
MAGNESIUM DISS	MGZL	35	SULFATE DISS	MGZL	280
MANGANESE DISSOLVED	UGZL	90	TURBIDITY (JTU)	-	35
MOLYBDENUM DISSOLVED	UG/L	17	ZINC DISSOLVED	UG/L	80
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ANIONS

CALCIUM DISS MAGNESIUM DISS POTASSIUM DISS SODIUM DISS	(MG/L) 95 35 4.8 82	(MEQ/L) 4.741 2.880 0.123 3.567	BICARBONATE CARBONATE CHLORIDE DISS FLUORIDE DISS	(MG/L) 251 0 37 1.7	(MEQ/L) 4.11(0.00(1.04(0.09)
20100 0133	UE .	5,501	SULFATE DISS	280	5.83
	TOTAL	11,309		TOTAL	11-07

PERCENT DIFFERENCE = 1.04

Preliminary results and future testing plans

Preliminary analysis of some of the information obtained during the drilling, coring, and testing of Madison Limestone test hole no. 1 follows:

Based on the drill-stem and packer-swabbing tests, all significant water-bearing units encountered in the test well, except the Hulett Sandstone, have sufficient heads to cause the water in them to flow at the land surface, 3,604 ft above sea level.

The chemical quality tests indicate that all significant waterbearing units contain relatively freshwater (less than 2,000 mg/L dissolved solids).

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Three water-bearing units, now cased and cemented in the well, warrant further investigation as to their potential as sources of ground water in the vicinity of the well. These are the Hulett Sandstone Member of the Sundance Formation, the Minnekahta Limestone, and the upper sandy section of the Minnelusa Formation. Packer tests were attempted on all three of these units, but only the two on the Minnekahta and Minnelusa were successful; the packer deflated prior to obtaining a test on the Hulett. The packer tests give clues to the pressure heads of water in the interval tested, and in some instances an indication of the water quality and temperature. Both the Minnekahta and the sandy section in the Minnelusa yielded water that was contaminated with drilling fluid and the discharge from both did not clear in the short time of the tests. However, the Minnekahta Limestone test resulted in a flow of 12 gal/min; the water conductivity was about 2,200 micromhos, water temperature at the well head was 34.4°C, and the head was 110 to 115 ft above land surface. The Minnekahta is only 28 to 30 ft thick.

The test in the upper part of the Minnelusa Formation resulted in a flow of 75 gal/min; the water conductivity was about 2,400 micromhos, water temperature at the well head was about 37°C, and the head was about 90 to 105 ft above land surface.

Units in the open-hole part of the test well, which are waterbearing, include the Madison, Red River, Winnipeg, and Flathead. Preliminary results of the test in the Madison Group (Charles and Mission Canyon Formations) show a yield of about 20 gal/min, water conductivity of about 1,350 micromhos, water temperature at the well head of 35.5°C, and a head of about 75 to 100 ft above land surface. (See table 4 for complete chemical analysis of water.) One packer test in the Red River was unsuccessful because the tool plugged with sand; the other test showed a head of about 85 to 105 ft above land surface, but because of the heavy mud in the drill stem, there was no flow. The two packer tests in the Winnipeg were unsuccessful due to the tool plugging and the packer-seat failing. Preliminary results of the test in the Flathead show a yield of 55 gal/min, water conductivity about 1,220 micromhos, water temperature at the well head of 42°C, and a head of about 60 to 115 ft above land surface. (See table 3 for complete chemical analysis of water.)

Water from the open-hole part of the well, which begins about 40 ft below the top of the Madison and ends about 60 ft below the top of Precambrian, has a head of 48 $1b/in^2$ or about 110 ft above land surface. Because of the well-head equipment, the water cannot flow freely from the 13-3/8-in casing at the land surface. However, one of the 2-in valves in the well head was opened and the well flowed about 250 gal/min with a head loss of about 16 lb/in^2 . Using these values the specific capacity of the well is about 6.8 (gal/min)/ft of drawdown. If the well could flow freely at the land surface, and assuming a slight decline in specific capacity due to increased flow, the yield would probably be 650 to 700 gal/min. This quantity is the minimum flow that the well would yield under free-flow conditions. No attempt has been made to develop the well and there are two zones, one in the Madison and one in the Red River, where drilling fluid was lost during the drilling in the amounts of 400 and 300 barrels respectively. When these zones are straddle packed and developed, an increase in yield is expected. Also no attempt has been made to pump the well. However, assuming a specific capacity of 4 (gal/min)/ft of drawdown, the quantity of water that could be obtained from the well, if the pumping level were 300 ft below land surface, is 1,640 gal/min. This figure is speculative. If the head in the well is partly the result of gas drive, then pumping the well probably would cause a considerable decrease in the yield per foot of drawdown.

Additional geophysical logs and tests will be run in the test well this spring. The logs will include televiewer, gamma spectrometer, trace ejector, and spinner-surveys. Packers will be set to isolate zones for individual development (removal of drilling fluid) and testing. The individual zones will be tested for head, temperature, water quality and quantity. In addition a vertical seismic profile and gravity profile will be run.

The well construction and well-head equipment are such that the well can be used for several years as an observation point, a test laboratory, and for geophysical-tool calibration.

Reference

U.S. Geological Survey, 1975, Plan of study of the hydrology of the Madison Limestone and associated rocks in parts of Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wyoming: U.S. Geol. Survey Open-File Report 75-631, 35 p.