### ROSSI 21-19 DESCRIPTION OF CUTTINGS

Interval	_ %	Description
34 - 42	42	Dark grey to brown Volcanics with some vesicles (Basalt? -
	42	Andesite?) Red stained (Iron?) - weathered versions of above.
•		
•	2	Magnetic grains usually subrounded
	2	Quartz angular to subangular
*	10	CaCO <sub>3</sub> cemented grains of caliche
	1 1	Subrounded (heavy minerals?) black grains
	<b>.</b>	Chert
		Above very fine to med sand size frags
		Angular unless otherwise noted. The less than
		angular fraction may be sluff from up the hole where
		no casing has been set.
42 - 52		Same as 34-42 with a smaller fraction of non-angular fragments
. 42 - 32		bame as 34 42 with a smaller fraction of hon-angular fragments
52 - 62		Same as 34-42 with minor silica cemented Breccia of same
<i>JZ UZ</i>		rock types
		Some CaCO <sub>3</sub> on other rock types
•	•	Jome, success of the control of the
62 - 72		Same as 34-42
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72 - 82		Same as 52-62
82 - 91		Same as 52-62 but fragments are distinctly larger running
•		up to very coarse sand size. This is the first sample with
		the sample catcher. Up until now the samples have been off
	•	of the screen.
	•	
91 - 101	45	Angular dark grey to brown volcanics
	50	Subangular to subrounded fragments of above
	5	Caliche fragments
,		All fragments coarse sand sized to fine sand sized
101 - 118	55	Dark grey to brown either siltstone or volcanic (see 148-163)
	•	with abundant microscopic heavy minerals or a volcanic with
,	i	microscopic dark minerals, probably an andesite.
	25	Dowle ones receivables and exite with williance infiliance
	. 35 2	Dark gray vesicular andesite with silicious infilings
		Micro-vesicular basalt
	Minor	Off-white tuff granules
	0	Silica cement on some grains
	. 8	Red stained (weathered?) dark gray to brown siltstone or
	•	andesite.
118 - 126	,	Same as 101-118
110 120		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
126 - 136	55	
	5 2	( Comp 14th alood on a 101 110
		( Same lithologies as 101-118
•	Minor 10	
	28	( Plus silica cemented breccia of the other lithologies
•	20	magnitite present
•		
136 - 148	. Same	Same as 126 - 136
1/0 1/0	0.0	
148 - 163	80	Same lithologies as 126 - 136
	15	Vesicular andesite
	3	Vesicular basalt
	0	Tuff
	0	Red stained phase absent
	2	Silica cemented micro-breccia of the other lithologies
		Some chips of the possible siltstone phase of 101-118 show
		vesicles therefore all of it is probably volcanic.
		SiO <sub>2</sub> coatings still present about 20% of the grains are
a ·		rounded indicating some transport by water. These probably
		are from interformational gravels.
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Interval		Description
163 - 178	60	Dark gray to brown andesite with abundant microscopic
	30	dark minerals Very vesicular basalt with a pale green, amorphous infiling
	5	in some of the vesicles - possibly a clay alteration. SiO, cemented micro-breccia of the above
	5	Red phase of the dark gray to brown andesite fragment size
		in this sample is generally coarse sand size. 20% rounded grains
178 - 193	Same	Same lithologies as 163-178
		Almost all fragments are angular One grain has a secondary black botryoidal
50		"growth" on it.
193 - 201	85	Brown andesite with mafics
	15	Black vesicular basalt
•		All grains appear weathered.  Some grains show secondary SiO, deposition as well as
		a pale green coating.
,		There is secondary growth of a black metallic on some grains.  Almost all of the grains are angular.
201 - 230	90	Volcanic (andesite) - aggregate - Well weathered, poorly sorted, angular pieces. Range in size from fine sand grain
٠.	10	to approximately 2-1/2 ml in length Rounded grains of above and light gray siltstone?
		Sand sized, poorly rounded to rounded, light colored (quartz)
		trace clumps of clay & rotten alteration material does not react with HCl.
		Clumps of cement present due to drilling through casing.
		Should also be noted that this interval had some problems due to Tappy's inexperience, the derrick's inexperience,
		the hassles of the rig. The sample is most diagnostic of
		the bottom of the interval.
230 - 240	99	Angular. Similar to above. Size range about the same. Well
/	1	weathered. Tanish-greyish, brownish in color. A few bk fragments. Sand sized. Very fine grained sand on up.
	-	Not as many quartz grains as in the last interval.
		Clay & alteration prod. not observed. Minor dark fragments Iron filings from bit present
		Does not react w/HCl. Minor Fe staining
240 254	100	Camp on above annual complete to better
240 – 254	100	Same as above except sorting is better. Size of angular fragments reduced in size
•		Derrick man washed sample so fine grained sand etc. was
, ·		lost. No reaction with HCl - Note one green mineral.
254 – 285	65	Same as above. Again - sample washed by derrick man & therefore no fine portion.
	35	Vesicular basalt vesicles are both spherical & Ovoid.
		Some amygdules present. (filling: chalcedony? Opal?) again - green mineral.
000 . 055	00	
285 - 315	99	Moderately sorted (volcanic) gravel. Again very angular, very weathered. Some fragments contain vesicles & amygdules
	₩	filled with chlorite(?)
	1	trace of magnetite Basalt cuttings
	• ·	Sample collected by the same derrick man washed [the
· .		reason this continued for 3 intervals is that this was the 11pm - 7am shift.]
·	•	Coating of silica on some fragments
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Interval	<u>%</u>	Description
315 - 343	46	Angular, weathered volcanics similar to the above.
and the second second		Not containing as many of the amygdules as the previous
	5	<pre>interval. Some Fe stained sand size fine to medium grain - poorly rounded</pre>
	46	Volcanic cuttings - black - basaltic - hard, dense
	3	alteration product - some very soft & rotten
•		Sample on the whole poorly sorted.  Basalt has few amygdules or vesicles
		Gravels - minor iron stained
		no reaction with HCl
343 - 373	98	Volcanics - dark 48 basalt - dense - angular
	, ,	Reddish 48 brown, 2 blue-gray - does not appear to be
	2	iron stained of the above.  Alteration products - white, hard & soft yellow fragments -
	-	Some what rounded some pieces are banded - bright yellow
		minor iron staining
,		Sizes range from very fine granules to $\approx .4$ mm.
373 - 403		Volcanics
	32 32	Black to gray - basalt - some with vesicles - some amgydules Brownish - red
	30	Tan & steel blue (check for siltstone & claystone?)
•	5	Alteration material - fresh-white & rotten brown mustard
	1	colored minor iron staining on fragments
		size range - fine sand to .5 mm chips
		Very similar to last interval but more color range Silica filling vesicles
		Silica lilling vesicles
403 - 433		Very much the same as 373-403
		do note some (heavy) very "black" fragments much darker than the black basalts
		white (hard) silica? fragments are larger size as above
		No reaction w/HCl Minor iron stains - limonite
		Yellow bright alteration material
:	•	amt. of finermaterial more abundant than last interval
433 - 463	94	Volcanics - vesicular basalt? - black, light brown, reddish
455 405	74	brown, tan & gray - amygdules altered
		alteration - to limonite, yellow banding, brown banding
•	Tr	also white silica fillings dark "heavy" fragments - trace
•		all angular fragments from fine sand size to $\approx .5$ mm
,	1 5	limonite fragments alteration material - as described under
	,	Volcanics - rounded fragments as well as angular chips
463 - 497		Very similar to last interval
403 - 497 /		Slight increase in amount of sand size fragments
		Increase in iron staining
	,	Amount of alteration product fairly constant as above interval
505 - 520	40	Gravels - Volcanic - poorly sorted - weathered
		Some are very poorly rounded - corners rounded off - large pieces; some well rounded
	2	limonite fragments
	40	Volcanic sands grains - small - angular alteration material - iron stained - silica deposits
		Sorting is poor - high content of small sand size material
E20 E/O	0.4	
520 - 549	94	Gravel - volcanic weathered - sub-angular - mostly 1-2 mm in size - not as much fine sand material as in previous
		intervals
•		moderately sorted iron staining
		angular to poorly rounded
	2	Sand
,	. 4	Volcanic chips - basalt

Interval		Description
549 - 578	48	Coarse sand sized cuttings - weathered volcanic material - angular
	48	Fine sand sized - volcanic material - angular slightly weathered,
		Fe stained, red, brown, black in color - Minor quartz fragments & alteration material Some of the material is partially sub-rounded
578 - 605	99 ′	Volcanic Tuff
	<b>.</b> 1	Brownish-gray w/some iron staining abundant feldspar phenocrysts Very angular except for "bomb"
	,	which are very well rounded (glass?) Alteration products - limonite Minor vesiculation
,	•	No reaction with HCl Abundant glass or biotite(?)
	,a	coarse sand & smaller Minor black basalt
	,	
605 - 637	100_	Welded tuff(?) Similar to last interval except that fragments are larger biotite iron staining
		alteration - iron oxide No reaction w/HCl
637 - 667		Tuff same as above
667 - 691	100	Volcanics, basalt - 50% weathered 50% fresh hard, dense black, dark grey Fe stain - weathering - brownish red in color
		Angular fragments Permeability - low Quartz - fragments minor Minor reaction w/HCl - could be from mud
691 - 724	80	Volcanics - andesite(?) could possibly be a tuff - contains grains of maxic minerals otherwise texturally similar to tuffs above. Ginn well discription calls this material volcanics without
•	20	any other breakdown. Basalt
	•	poorly sorted No reaction with HCl Black to brownish red (Fe stained)
		Feldspar phenocrysts minor biotite alteration products - yellow stained
		Some fragments very dense - others not
724 - 747	90 10	Volcanics - andesite lavender and fe stained Iron stained basalts
		<pre>phenocrysts of feldspar Abundant sand size material sands present? - Fe stained quartz grains Minor fresh basalt fragments biotite minor</pre>
		The last two intervals resemble tuffs - there is such a variation in material size

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Interval		Description
747 - 775	95	Volcanics - Fe stained - red in color
•	5	hard, dense Basaltic andesite
	_	No reaction with HCl
	•	Biotite Xls - some fairly weathered away  Some fragments where cut show fresh surface -
		dense & black
		Ground mass & fragments fairly constant in composition Interval very well baked
		Interval very well baked
775 - 805	20	Very similar to last interval, but more weathering -
•	20	Basalt fragments, Fe stained & fresh ground mass amount is much less than overall fragments
		Does not react with HC1
	80	Very dense material Andesite or tuffs heavily weathered but has similar
	•	texture to 691-724
805 - 835	25	Volcanics - Basalt, and andesites, fresh, black, red,
		abundant biotite Xls Minor sanidine phenocrysts
	,	angular fragments
	•	most of cuttings are weathered, iron stained red
· , *	,	a green alteration product present in minor amounts weathered on the basalt
		fragments are dense, no reaction w/HCl
•	75	<pre>amount of fragment material &gt; amount of fine stuff Reddish andesite texturally similar to 691-724</pre>
•	,	
· 835 <b>-</b> 865		Volcanics - similar to last interval except
		iron staining more predominate
		Sanidine phenocrysts Ground mass = fragments
	100	little fresh material; almost all altered -
, *,	100 50	Iron stained Andesite or tuff as above
	20	Black vitreous obsidian(?) like volcanic
865 - 895		Volcanics - weathered, red, black, tan
	20	Common white alteration product, rotten soft breaks about easily. Chalky but no reaction w/HCl - Possibly
		a rotten vesicular basalt
		biotite (Basalt appears to have been vesicular and then extremely weathered & altered - silicified basalt, no tuffs?)
		(Possible fuffaceous material from further up in the hole)
1	10	Secondary mineralization amorphous silica
	10 30	Black vitreous obsidian (?) Black micro xtlan basalt
	60	Red to orange andesite or tuff The andesite has the same textural features as the baselt
·		The andesite has the same textural features as the basalt may be a weathered version of the basalt
	•	
895 - 925		Similar to last interval Silification - weathered, iron stained
		nice mica - secondary?
		Tuffaceous material - possibly slough or may be getting into tuff bed
		green material - secondary alteration?
		Vesicular material w/secondary fillings - tuffaceous materials(?)
-		sanidine phenocrysts
		biotite
• "	•	
		<u> </u>

Interval	%	Description
925 - 955	95	Volcanics - basalt and andesite - fresh & weathered (Fe stained) Biotite
•		Sanidine phenocrysts more iron stained than the last interval
	· 5	green alteration product(?)
•		amorphous silica(?)
		No reaction w/HCl
·		Tuffaceous material - (slough?)
955 - 985	100	Volcanics - basalt, fresh & iron stained
		not as badly stained as the previous interval
•		minor more tuffaceous material lavender probably sluff
		biotite no reaction w/HCl
		no reaction wy nor
985 - 1015	10	Abundant quartz grains, angular, may be a crystalized tuff or a quartz sand lense.
	90	Fresh & iron stained basalt and andesite as above
		Yellow-greenish material which crumbles when you bit on it Sanidine phenocrysts
		Again, similar to the last interval except for minor
		tuffaceous material, fragment size decreased and more
		small findings.
1015 - 1045	100	Volcanics - Basalt fresh & iron stained
2023	200	Minor tuffaceous material
		Tea green alteration material on some of the black basalt
		Yellow - green alteration material which crumbles becoming more abundant, no reaction w/HC1
		Fe stained basalts not as prevelant as in last interval.
1045 - 1075	100	Volcanics - basalt - med.gray - fresh & weathered (iron stained)
		more of the green rotten stuff
		minor tuffaceous material no reaction w/HCl
		White fragments very soft & rotten
	,	Minor biotite
		Very similar to last interval Interval somewhat similar to Ginn 1420'
		The second secon
1075 - 1105	85	Volcanics - Basalt: fresh & iron stained
		clumps of formation clay tuffaceous material
		No reaction w/HCl
	. 15	rotten yellow-green material present
	, ,	Abundant white, soft, material (as mentioned in previous
		intervals) Minor secondary quartz?
		Should be noted that we are drilling 30 ft/hr during this
		interval
		biotite
1105 - 1135	60	Volcanics - weathered basalt & fresh stuff
	14	minor quartz - opaque white & iron stained
	10	<pre>clay altered tuff(?)</pre>
	30	rotten yellow-green stuff and other alteration products
		another 30'/hr interval
• •	•	minor biotite - fresh & weathered weathered basalt both Fe stained & corroded
		No reaction w/HCl
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

<u>Interval</u>	- 2	Description
1135 - 1165	40	Volcanics - fresh & Iron stained basalt
	.5	Silica product → chalcedony or opal abundant No reaction with HCl
		Another interval in which drilling 30'/hr
•	15	tuffaceous material - lavender or light green
•	40	"Sandy" ground mass White crumby "crap" abundant
		interbedded clays
		biotite Xls in basalt outside of the black basalt everything else is pretty rotten
1165 - 1195	40 40	Basalt - fresh & weathered White to pale green silicious(?) fragments containing
•	40	white round grains of siliceous material
		very similar to last interval
	20	drilling 30'/hr Lavender tuff
		no reaction w/HCl
1195 - 1225	70	Basalt, fresh (minor); fractured & iron stained
1173 1113	20	Sand cemented with silica
	10	Minor tuffaceous material
	10	Rotten green & white opaque fragments 30'/hr drill rate
•		Similar to last interval
		Chunky size basalt fragments ≈ /mm
1225 - 1255		Volcanics - basalt - good size corroded
		chunks - black - fractured - minor Fe staining
•	70	No reaction w/HCl In basalt - biotite and olivine? weathering out
	,	rotten alteration products
	£	not as much sandy ground mass as in the last interval
	5 25	Lavender tuff Silicious material ranging from olive drab to white
		some is a breccia cemented together again
1255 - 1285		Very similar to the last interval
1233 - 1283	•	Basalt-black & somewhat fractured
		minor opal [or chalcedony]
		not as much clay - not as much sand material as last interval no reaction w/HCl
	•	good size chunks of basalt
		clumpy white fragments - again - soft & grainy
1285 - 1315	100	Basalts - baked - iron stained
	Minor	Minor green stained opaque stuff - but this time some of
e e		it is hard - most of the basalt is weathered
	•	drilling rate slowed down to $pprox 10$ ft/hr
		almost totally weathered baked basalt minor amounts of sand
1315 - 1345	100	Volcanics - Basalts - some baking but minor compared to the last interval . Abundant micro fractures in volcanics
•	Tr	Feldspar phenocrysts
		green (chartruse) material again
		minor amounts of sand - probably sluff fragment size becoming more uniform
	100	
1345 - 1375	100	Volcanics - Basalt - black, fresh, hard, dense biotite Xls in basalt
		Sanidine phenocrysts(?)
	•	No reaction w/HCl
		apatite Xls (?) Minor chartruse fragments - poss. sluff
•	• ,	looks to me like a healthy basalt.
•		Minor light green secondary material
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<u>Interval</u>	<u></u>	Description
1375 - 1405	50 7	Volcanics - basalt - fresh black & gray
		green secondary mineral and/or altered tuff
		Polysomelyte?
		Polygorskite?  fairly hard stuff white
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ofeen)
•		chartruse alteration product
Mi		chartruse alteration product minor iron staining - could be sluff
•		naybe some apatite Xls?
		opal fragments
		altered material w/linear biotite Xls -
•		looks almost like gneiss altered tuff(?) look at in the office
	_	
1405 - 1438		Very similar to last interval
		fresh black basalt minor tuffaceous material
		ninor clay material reacts w/HCl
		abundant green alteration tuff(?)
		chalcedony
		Interval is very altered
		Is it possible to have opal & chalcedony forming together
•		If so - then opal present - if not I don't know?
1438 - 1469	50 I	Black basalt - minor green alteration
	•	opal chips - concoidal fracture - translucent
		pasalt - dense slightly Xline - opal attached to basalt in some cases
4		andesite - generally weathered
		minor other opaque white fragments - possibly chalcedony
: '		minor reaction w/HC1 - but cannot determine what -
		possibly some reaction with the mud basalt very slightly Fe stained red - but only minor
		a few fragments are translucent w/opaque bandings of
	· c	orange & mustard color
		some amygdules present
		Fragments are fairly equal in size except for ground mass
•		which is sand size
	r	no tuff apparent
,		
1469 - 1501 10		Volcanics - black basalt to gray andesite with some
-		veathering & Fe staining I can hear some reaction with HCl but I can't see it -
		could be mud additive
•		ninor green alteration basalt
		naterial is dense crystalline
		ninor white chalcedony or opal pasalt has some amygdules
,		piotite
	í	Fragment size is overall small w/abundant ground mass.
		Sanidine phenocrysts(?) Siliceous deposits on basalt - white & green
1501 - 1531 10	7 00	Volcanics - basalt - black, dense crystalline,
,	I	Fe staining present
•		some of the basalt is riddled with opal
		very similar to last interval but fragment size larger
•	r	no reaction w/HCl
	. <b>t</b>	panded iron staining on some of the vesicle fillings

Interval		Description
1531 - 1560	100	Volcanics - basalt - similar to last interval minor reaction w/HCl - due to mud again. I think the vesicles are filled with opal
		siliceous coating of some fragments sanidine phenocrysts similar to last interval
	:	some of the Fe stained material almost looks sedimentary in origin but appears to be volcanic also
1560 - 1590	100	Volcanics - black, dense botriodal quartz
	•	hard dense crystalline, minor Fe stains silica filling fractures similar to last interval same comment
1590 - 1610		Lost interval due to burning of derricks hand
1610 - 1625	95	Volcanics - black basalt & red iron stained basalt. Fragment size very much reduced from last described interval - all ground mass material sanidine phenocrysts
•		siliceous material on & in basalt fragments abundant white siliceous material fragments - some
	5	tinged green mostly quartz and chalcedony mica
		Siliceous material more abundant than in previous intervals
	•	Iron staining also more prevalent Reaction w/HCl
1625 - 1659	95	Volcanics - black, dense; also red, iron stained basalt Also andesite w/black amygdules Realgar(?) Abundant ground mass
	5	Sanidine phenocrysts reaction w/HCl - (but from mud?) basalt somewhat vesicles filled - white siliceous material - chalcedony(?) and quartz biotite Xls (?) fragment size is overall ground mass size reacts w/HCl - caliche
1659 - 1688	90 5 5	Black, dense, crystalline basalt, some iron staining reacts w/HCl - caliche Opal or chalcedony fragment size larger than last interval silica filling fractures & vesicles
	Tr	biotite somewhat chewed up sanidine phenocrysts (?) Pyrite with (iron staining or limonite) (minor)
1688 - 1718	100	Basalt, fresh, black, dense, Xlline Very minor iron staining fragments are very small sand size or big & chunky Sand fraction > chunk fraction Some green alteration material some vesicles w/fillings; siliceous very minor reaction w/HCl This is the interval during tripping & I think this may effect the sample. Very similar to 1625-1659

Interval		Description
1718 - 1748	95	Basalt - fresh black & iron stained red
1/10 - 1/40	. <b>93</b>	iron stained material appears to be more vesicular than the black stuff green (pale) partially translucent filling
		some vesicles fragment size more evenly distributed than last interval
·	<b>5</b>	Caliche - reaction with HCl most of the weathered basalt is spotty weathered, but
		there are fragments (few) that are totally red  Rasolt (westhered)  White  Stained
	ſ	does not react wy GTAINED
		silica material filling fractures
1748 - 1778	95	Basalt, dark grey + black, dense xlline  White   fillings  6/855
		minor iron staining Some are vesicular
	_	black fillings as noted in previous interval
	5	Caliche - reacts w/HCl Very similar to last interval
1779 - 1809		Same as last interval but not as much Fe staining
1809 - 1842		Similar to previous three intervals except does not have reaction w/HCl
		more finer material
		minor green alteration material
		glass filling vesicles fragments of clear quartz - w/concoidal fracture
		Roger thinks the basalt is andesitic? Volcanics - hydrothermal, oxidation
	· ;	fragments are very vesicular abundant secondary siliceous material
1845 - 1877	•	Similar to the last several intervals
	95	Oxidized basaltic - andesites? w/vesicles
		botriodal opal or chalcedony abundant abundant glass (?)
	5	Calcite - reacts w/HC1
		vein filling - chalcedony abundant
1877 - 1909	95	Similar to last intervals - oxidized & fresh, dense, vesicular; xlline (basaltic - andesite?)
•	5	except that the fragment size is somewhat increased → layer Calcite material is extremely xlline
1909 - 1939	95	Basaltic - andesite? - dense, xlline, not as heavily oxidized as previous intervals not as much fracture filling material
	5	not as much reactive fiffing material not as much vesicularization calcite % about the same small % of brecciated material In the next interval, circulation was lost.
1939 - 1969	90	Basalt - fresh w/glass vesicles in which partial Xlization has occurred
•		reacts w/HCl
4		abundant chalcedony or opal minor realgar(?)
ì		pyrite
	10 ·	calcite

Description 1939 - 1969 lost circulation - did not let cuttings run over Shaker so next sample was taken by hand using a (continued) collander held under mud-out pipe. 2000 85 Fresh black basalt 10 reaction w/HCl calcite abundant siliceous material - chalcedony or opal & embedded in abundant pyrite - attached to quartz  ${\tt material\ minor\ green\ alteration\ of\ some}$ soft material - does not react w/HCl abundant sand size material sandstone type material - CaCO, cement Circulation was lost @ 1969'. Shaker was therefore bypassed. A sample was collected @ 2000' by using a sieve due again to lost circulation zone - shakers were by passed until 2175. See chart for penetration rates of volcanics from 1969 to 2175. 2175 - 2180 99 Clay - bentonite? soft, creamy light beige color. Small volcanic chips contained within. Very minor reaction with HCl low permeability - high porosity clay is sticky & globby clay was probably formed from the decomposition of volcanic ash and looks as to be composed largely of montmorillonite has capacity to absorb water and therefore swell. Most of the contained material is sand size and rounded but some angular chips are present In this interval, the penetration rate dropped exceedingly

to  $\approx 7'/hr$ .

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_	Interval		Description	
2	180 - 2215	25	Light creamy clay	
		75	Volcanic chips - basaltic andesite both	
* *			fresh & oxidized	
•		3	minor green alteration material, also white & off-white easily broken with pointer	,
			light alteration material may be decomposing	
		•	into bentonite	,
	,	• •	most of the fragments are large angular chips but some is considerable ground mass sand size	,
			a few minor chips of orpiment-realgar?	
			little or no reaction with HCl	•
•	·		clay is a creamer white than last interval - most of the volcanic chips are fresh, black & dense	
22	215 - 2244	50 50	Off-white-grey, creamy clay, very soft	
		50	Containing volcanic chips. Very similar to last two intervals	•
			minor reaction w/HCl	
			There are a few clumps of clay that are a bit harder	
		· ·	but still very easily mashed up Both clear white & opaque white fragments	
	·	" ,	enclosed within the clay	
		•	The volcanic chips - probably (basaltic-andesite?)	
			or basalt - appear angular, dark black & dense. Difficult to see them because of clay background.	
			The fragments are not well sorted but chips & ground mass	
			again, as in previous intervals, there appears to be	•
	•		some realgar - (orange) fragments. Also, lost circulation material caught up in clay.	
			Could not separate through washing.	•
. 00				
	244 – 2274	20 40	Clay - creamy off-white to grey (from mud) Volcanic chips - basalt - dark black, dense	,
•			reaction w/HCl	
		30	Tuffaceous material	
	•	10	Alteration products - both siliceous & possibly caliche fragment size is overall very large chips	
		•	there is some ground mass which is sand size	
	•		volcanic fragments - some have undergone minor oxidation	
			It appears that we have left the clay zone & entered a tuffaceous interval	
			We encountered two drilling breaks in this interval.	
			Some of the alteration material is soft, some brittle, & some hard	
			Chips of chalcedony or opal	
1 -	NT/ 5555	••		
. 22	274 - 2305	90 10	Bentonite - grey clay - Volcanic chips - few large but mostly sand size material	
	•	10	caught up in clay matrix	
	,		reaction w/HCl	•
			Difficult to study volcanics because of clay Drilling rate decreased significantly in this interval	
		•		
23	305 - 2335	75	Creamy yellow white clay stained grey from mud	
	•	5 20	Big volcanic chips - black dense subangular to rounded Silty-sand volcanic material	
	•		minor reaction w/HCl but could be due to sluff	
0.0	27 226	30		
23	337 - 2366	20 80	Black basalt? Siltstone to claystone	
			White to gray in color with some green which generally	
			grades into gray	
			some fragments appear to be breccias of the white and green claystones	
			Minor brown claystone fragments range from fine sand	
			size to angular pebble size.	•
	•	, •	White claystone could be a tuff? Minor pyrite	
		<b>.</b>	minor pyrice	•
•	* 1			
•	÷.			

	Interval	%	Description
1	2366 - 2400	10	Black basalt?
		30	White to gray with some brown claystone and siltstone
Ţ		50	Reddish brown andesite? With occasional vesicles
]		5 5	Apple green to black massive material Cream white clay
			Oream wiree cray
1	2400 - 2431		Same as 2366 - 2400
		5 ,	White to gray claystone and siltstone
·		95	Reddish brown andesite? Some grains have secondary coatings of the
	•		green material
1	2431 - 2461	45	Reddish brown andesite?
1		45	Dark gray to black andesite?
1	•		texturally the reddish fraction appears to be
		5 ,	a weathered version of this.  Both show extensive secondary coatings of white  (and green?) quartz.
1			(and Orecal) deares.
1		3	milky quartz
		2	brown siltstone probably sluff mud had distinctive reddish color
1	2476 - 2491	Same %	Same lithologies as 2431 - 2461
	2470 - 243I	Jame %	mud did not have reddish brown color.
1			Minor laminated silica (but slight reaction to HCl)
1	0/01 075	. ·	
1	2491 - 2510	Same %	Same lithologies as 2431 - 2461 slightly higher percentage of siltstone
			also another minor banded sediments.
·	2510 - 2540	50	Light to dark grey andesite with apple green
1			secondarily filled vesicles
1		15	Black basalt with secondarily filled fractures
		20 5	Metallic gray volcanic (possibly intrusive) Quartz angular grains
1		J	Minor banded silica(?)
1	· · ·	10	Breccia fragments of first type
1	•		Minor claystone
1		•	all fragment sizes coarse sand or less
·	2540 - 2555	50	Black basalt w/2nd filled fractures
1	-,-	15	dark brown basalt? with vesicles
1		15	light gray to dark gray andesite with apple green
1		5	2nd filled vesicles Quartz some well rounded - apparently casts of
1		,	vesicles
		15	Metallic gray volcanic or intrusive
			all fragments are angular and coarse sand sized or less
	2555 - 2586	95	Metallic gray volcanic or intrusive
1		5	Quartz
	•	,	Same sizes as above
	2587 - 2619	70	Metallic gray volcanic
]	•	25	light gray to dark gray andesite with apple green
1	· ·	5	2ndary vesicle infillings. Anhedral quartz
·		J	fragment size very coarse sand and smaller
	2619 - 2651	55	Same lithologies as above
]	-U17 - 2UJI	40	Dame TichotoRies as above
,		5	
	2651 2602	C	Camp 1441-1-4
	2651 - 2682	Same	Same lithologies as 2587 - 2619 the possible intrusive is looking more coarse grained in this sample. One granule sized piece of quartz is in this sample.
			cuto campte.
	•		
	•		

Interval	_%	Description
2682 - 2705	Same	Same lithologies as 2587 - 2619
2002 - 2705		1 fragment of a quartz arenite present.
		It has a CaCO, cement (may be sluff)
		Also several 3large quartz fragments
• •	•	
2705 - 2713	10	Black basalt
•	35	Dark green coarse grained volcanic
		some grains showing secondary quartz vein fillings.  Coatings and vesicle fillings of dark green material
		(polygorskite?)
	15	Red weathered version of above
•	25	Gray massive non fissial claystone? very hard. no reaction
•		to HCl
•	5	red-brown and tan siltstone
	5	Anhedral quartz
	5	Calcite? clear but slight reaction to HC1
2713 - 2746	75	Green-gray volcanic (andesite?) few vesicles usually filled
2/13 - 2/40	75	with dark green infilling and occasionally banded quartz.
		Also secondary fracture fillings on some grains.
		Xtal size is almost visible at 10 power in the volcanic
	20	Similar looking volcanic but brown in color
	5	Brown siltstone
		Minor anhedral quartz
2746 - 2775	•	Come lithelegies on shows
2/40 - 2//3		Same lithologies as above except milky quartz and chalcedony are much more
		abundant 5% and up to small pebble in size all angular.
	•	abandane on and ab to omatt babara in othe out andatat.
2775 - 2791	Same	Same lithologies as 2746 - 2775
	_	07/6 0777
2791 – 2806	Same	Same lithologies as 2746 - 2775 with minor amounts of
		soft gray siltstone with black stringers
2806 - 2840	Same	Same as 2791 - 2806
		with minor very fine grained sandstone cemented with
		dark green material. Also minor crystal tuff possible sluff.
2840 - 2855		Missing
2855 - 2870	75	Cross sucre and site with for westeller was 11.
2033 - 2070	/5 <sub>/</sub>	Green-gray andesite with few vesicles - usually filled with dark green material which also
·	•	coats some grains. Xtas size almost visible at 10 power
	20	Similar looking in texture gray andesite
•	•	with smaller xtal size
	5	Quartz and chalcedony from fracture fillings
•	`	minor soft gray siltstone with black stringers
2870 - 2900	Same	Same lithologies
2010 - 2300	Dame	with green-gray having quartz as fracture
, ,		fillings on some grains
	SWITC	HED TO FOAM DRILLING
2900 - 2931		Company of the company of the country of the countr
2900 - 2931	20	Grain size fine sand to silt - well sorted Gray to tan claystone
	<b>20</b>	breaks under the probe no reaction to HCl
	25	Pale green transluscent massive material that also breaks
		under the probe
V .	25	Green-gray andesite described above
	5	gray andesite described above clear
	5	Minor calcite Transparent white tuff?
	10	Transparent white tuff? Quartz & chalcedony
	10	Reddish brown transluscent calcite? Slight reaction to HCl
		50% of the sample is angular; 40% is sub-angular to sub-
·		rounded on a gross scale but angular on a fine scale
		10% rounded
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Interval		<u>Description</u>
2931 - 2941	60 10	Black to gray-green basalts and andesites Gray claystone
	5 15	Quartz and chalcedony White tuff? or claystone, soft
	10	Siltstone dark gray to cream

Stuck in hole 11/2/76 from sluff above fish (see next page) it appears that these last two samples may be more representative of the sluff than of what was drilled into.

# 170 pppCL x 1.65 NACA

#### ROSSI 21-19

Clean Out Run to Fish at 2851 Feet

30 Ca

_Interval		Description
2420 - 2550	10 45 20 20 5	White tuff Brown siltstone & claystone/some w/uhedral calcitic xflc in it. Gray siltstone & claystone Cream colored siltstone & claystones Calcite w/moderate general reaction to HCl among other grains Minor volcanics evident small pebble size and smaller 60% angular, 35% sub-angular 5% subrounded
2562 - 2572		Similar to above in lithology except volcanics are present to about 15% of the sample Similar rounding also small pebble size and smaller mostly granule size and smaller
2590 - 2620		Similar to 2562 - 2572 volcanics still about 15% of the sample very coarse sand and smaller
2742 - 2778		Similar to 2562 - 2572 small pebble size and smaller
2810 ÷ 2841		Similar to 2562 - 2572 granule size and smaller

Second clean out run after pulling up into the shoe and running in again. Same as 2420 - 2550 above with some very fine grained sandstone and basalt and andesite Size ranges from coarse pebble and finer. The pebble sizes are dominately sub rounded with a few angular frags. Since this material "sluffed" in on top of the fish after it had been cleaned out by the previous clean out run there must be a zone above 3851 that is sluffing.

This material is generally similar to the sedimentary zone at 2337-2366 with the exception of having little of the greenish claystone present in the 2337-2366 zone. The grains in the "sluff" material are much better rounded than those of the 2337-2366 zone.

The sluff could very well have come from that zone, or it might have come from the lost circulation zone under the shoe.

#### ROSSI 21-19 LITHOLOGIES

Interval	%	Description
2942		Mud out 113°F; Started drilling after fishing - mostly cement
2942 to 2957		123°F out; 100° mud in;
!		$\frac{9'}{25min} \times \frac{60min}{lhr} = 216 \text{ ft/hr} \approx 22 \text{ft/hr}$
	70% 3% 10% 10% 5% 2%	Volcanics - basaltic andesite (?) White tuff? or Claystone; soft Siltstone - grey to cream color Claystone Quartz & Chalcedony Calcite (reaction w/HCI)
		Volcanics are dark grey, dense, w/some amygdule fillings of silica. Angular - size is somewhat evenly distributed. Very minor small fraction - mostly small pebble size.  Siltstone & claystone are moderately rounded again - somewhat of an even size distribution.  Quartz or chalcedony fragments run from large sand size to small pebble size.  There is an honest trace of metal filings, this interval is not sluff - drilling 22ft/hr w/40 weight @ 40 RPM. Survey taken 30 ft. up from Kelly down 2957 ↑30' = 2927 → 3-1/4°  Mud weight = 66.5 V=60  @ this pt. trip made to change bit from mill tooth to button type  Also present is some cement.
2957 to 2988	20% 10% 60% 7% 3%	Siltstone - grey & Cream colored white & greenish - Some soft possibly cement not a strong reaction with HCI though Tuff Basaltic andesite Opal, quartz and/or chalcedony Caliche or calcite Volcanics have some amygdulation - fillings possibly of opal; angular chips; size ranges from lg sand size to small pebble size. Fragments of silicious material are angular w/concoidal fractures some opal - some transparent Siltstone (claystone?) varies from angular fragments to moderately well rounded Some are creamy orange color which I believe to be claystone there is some of the siltstone which is green in color Also present is some turquoise green material (It is minor) - fine grained - moderately rounded this same green color is
		staining some of the amygdule material - possible small round pees are out of this.  Small sized fraction is minor compared to the overall sample size Abundant iron filings possibly due to yesterdays milling

Interval	%	Description
2957 to 2988 (Cont'd)		A green stain is also present on some of the volcanics Minor amounts of very red (Fe stained) volcanics or could be very red andesites
2988 to 3018	10% 80% 5%	Volcanics - basaltic andesite - amygdules - red Tuff - some of which is very soft Siltstone - greyish green - soft - moderately rounded Note: It is possible that the siltstone is tuffaceous material. There is a difference in that the tuff is
	3%	angular fragments & what I am calling siltstone is somewhat rounded. Some of the siltstone is angular. Whether siltstone or tuff - I believe they are very closely related.  Quartz, clacedony and/or opal - concoidal fracture - some transparent; some opaque  Again - green alteration material present. The whole interval
	•	appears to be a water-laid tuff except for minor content of andesite -[(red) - angular, hard] & basalt most of the tuffaceous material is soft & can easily be broken
	2%	The basalt present is dense & black Caliche or calcite - reacts w/HCl The amount of silt & sand size material has increased in this interval The tuffaceous material has silicious material filling voids
3018 to 3052	46% 46% 5% 3%	Tuffaceous material similar to the above interval Volcanics - basaltic andesite - black & minor red Quartz or chalcedony - concoidal fracture Caliche & calcite The volcanics are dark-grey, hard, dense Present are minor amounts of red andesite again, as in the
		last interval. Their is the siltstone like material but it is probably tuff. It is a size of fragments runs from sandsize to small pebbles. Most of the fragments are angular, except for the minor amount of siltstone looking material which is moderately well rounded. (also, it is soft).  The green tuffaceous material is also present in this interval. I believe that most of the material that reacts w/HCl is caliche—It is soft, off-white & brittle. I think that this interval
3052 to 3080	97%	Volcanics - Basalt mostly med-dark grey but some light colored fragments - hard, somewhat granular. Contains phenocrysts but I can't tell what they are using a binocular scope.
	3%	Minor reaction w/HC1 but it is probably from the mud. Minor silica verning Quartz and/or chalcedony conchoidal fracture trace of tuffaceous material Minor amount of red andesite (?) Possibly some sulfides (?)
		Fragment size ranged from sand size to small pebble size fragments angular.

interval	%	Description
3080 to 3114	100%	Volcanics - basalts (?) Med to dark grey - somewhat granular - slight tinge of green on some
		Sulfides present in bands  Some of the fragments can be poked into by applying pressure - possible that they are altered
	2%	Quartz and/or chalcedony Caliche and/or calcite - reacts w/HCI Minor amounts of red andesite(?) Fragment size ranges from silt size to small pebble size -
	•	fragments are angular lag time
		.1215 X 3114 = 378.35 bb1
,		$\frac{400 \text{ gal min}}{42 \text{ gal/bbl}} = 9.52 \text{ bbl/min}$
		$\frac{378.35}{9.52} = \underline{39.7} \text{ min}$
		There is a dark coating on some of the volcanic fragments - I'm not sure what it is - Very black though Minor amounts of quartz and/or chalcedony
3114 to 3143	93%	Very similar to last interval Volcanics - dark grey, sometimes green tinge, red tinge somewhat granular
	5% 2%	Angular fragments - some very dense Tuff - off white & green - soft Caliche - reacts w/HCI
•		Trace of quartz and/or chalcedony - the material has concoidal fracture & transparent trace of red andesite minor silica veining   think   saw some sulfide material but when   went back to
		study it, I couldn't find it fragment size the same as the last interval
3143 to 3174	50%	Tuffaceous material - light in color - cream white to green - somewhat granular, a little bit soft (can stick w/poker)
^	45%	Volcanics basaltic andesite range from moderately dense to crystalline, med grey to dark grey - slight tinge of red & green
	1%	minor magnetite Pyrite or other sulfide green alteration product filling voids in tuff
	2%	calcaceous - reaction w/HCl Basalt is somewhat weathered - minor amounts of red andesite Caliche and/or calcite
	1-2%	overall fragment size is that of small pebble size Minor silica material - quartz and/or chalcedony

-		
Interval	<u> %</u>	Description
3174 to 3206	49%	Volcanics - basalts - hard, dense, but some are somewhat crystalline - light to dark grey & reddish some visible laths of feldspar
	49%	Tuff - somewhat hard - green tinge
	1%	Quartz or chalcedony - transparent - concoidal fracture
	1%	Caliche and/or calcite - reacts w/HCI fragment size ranges
•		from silt to sand size to that of small pebble size -
1		fragments are angular - more sand size material than in
		previous interval
3206 to 3234	60%	Tuff - greenish in color - granular texture - hard but a hole can be somewhat drilled into it w/poker. Angular fragments
ı	35%	Pyrite(?) Sulfide on some of the tuffaceous material Volcanics - dark (basaltic andesite?) dense; angular fragments minor amounts of red andesite
	5%	Volcanics - some have reddish color & are sort of granular Pyrite w/quartz - sulfide content highest so far of any interval Abundant caliche material - sample has strong reaction w/HCI - calcareous
		Also present in that green alteration material - part of the tuff lithology
	Minor	Quartz - opaque fragments - minor amounts transparent flat sheet- like fragments of calcite
*		abundant sand-size material I am having a difficult time deciding whether or not this material
		is a tuff or some other volcanic. It is not as hard as volcanics previously encountered. Color & texture reflect tuffs What I am distinguishing between tuffs & the volcanics is the
		color - what I am calling tuffs are green & the volcanics are dark grey most of the sulfide material is attached to fragments
3234 to 3264	67%	Tuff - light colored - green tinge - looks like a siltstone w/sulfides; angular fragments
	15%	Volcanics - basaltic(?) dark grey dense; some is reddish brown. Sulfides on basalt also overall sample reaction w/HCI due to large amount of fine size material
	15%	Abundant - caliche/calcite
	3%	Quartz and/or chalcedony both opaque & transparent flesh colored tuffaceous material also present in minor amounts
3264 to 3294	40%	Tuff - same as last interval
•	2%	Minor amounts of clay material
•	45%	Volcanics - dark grey, reddish color - hard, dense angular fragments - some is kind of brownish some is also kind of
•		crystalline The tuffaceous material is more rounded than the volcanics but
		on the whole it is angular again - abundant fine sized material good amount of sulfide material - (Pyrite?)

Interval	_ %	Description
3264 to 3294 (Cont'd)	3% 5-10%	Sample reacts strongly w/HCI - again probably do to the large amount of small sized material Quartz and/or chalcedony Abundant caliche Minor amounts of brown claystone like material could be part of the tuff formation Volcanics have minor veining of silicious material; also some sulfide veining
3294 to 3324	30% 60%	Volcanics light/med to dark grey; angular fragments Tuff - soft - breaks apart under pressure - greenish, brownish, reddish in color clay like material - siltstone like fragments, might both be tuffaceous material
•	4% 5% 1%	Quartz - opaque & transparent; concoidal fracture Caliche and calcite; again calcite in flat plates Sulfides; sulfide & realgar - associated together overall fragment size is small compared to previous intervals size does range up to small pebble size
		This interval appears to be mostly tuffaceous material mixed with clay & minor volcanics
3324 to 3362	95	Volcanics - (Basaltic ? andesite) w/vesicles filled w/silicious material and altered green-blue stuff. Volcanics are red & dark grey - somewhat granular.
	+R	Tuffaceous material - crumbles easily under pressure Clay - reddish/brown in color/abundant quartz and/or chalcedony
		abundant pyrite abundant Real orange material that looks like realgar I believe the volcanics are weathered phenocrysts of feldspar (sandstone?) Sample has strong overall reaction w/HCI probably due to large
÷		fraction of sand/silt size material Dark grey volcanics are dense but somewhat granular Caliche abundant
•		Abundant blue-green alteration material - as said before - closely associated w/red volcanics, I believe it was a vesicle of silicious material that has been altered
		This green material (same color, texture etc.) is also found associated w/tuffaceous material
3362 to 3392	100%	Volcanics - med to dark grey, hard & dense - moderately granular fragments are angular quartz/chalcedony magnetite
		Some red volcanic material similar to last interval but minor is this 301.
. *		minor claystone - flesh colored minor sulfides sand/silt fragment size much less abundant in this interval

	,	
<u>  Interval</u>	%	<u>Description</u>
3362 to 3392 (Cont'd)		Sample reacts w/HCI but could be mud because caliche is minor green alteration product present but minor but again associated w/red volcanics & can be seen being altered from silicious material Minor quartz veining in volcanics
		Tuffaceous material appears to be absent Fragment size ranges from silt/sand size to small pebble size
3392 to 3423	<sup>′</sup> 95%	Volcanics - light to dark grey & brown - hard and moderately granular; angular fragments - some is tinged green
	4%	Quartz or chalcedony veining
		fragments of quartz and/or chalcedony )  concoidal fracture
		Sample has minor reaction w/HCI
,		Volcanics similar to last interval but red
	10	volcanic material is very minor
	1%	Sulfides - pyrite associated w/volcanics & quartz sand-size fraction minor - mostly small pebble size chips
	Tr.	Very minor green tuffaceous material - Note: drilling break $3414 9'/7 \text{ min} = 77 \text{ ft/hr lg time} = 44 \text{ min}$
3423 to 3455	100%	Volcanics - dark grey, dense, fragments angular and > 2X's as big as previous interval
• .	2-3%	Some fragments are granular very few vesicles (amygdules) but when present are large; $\approx 1/2$ size of fragment - filling
	Tr.	quartz and/or chalcedony trace of tuffaceous material - looks like claystone fragments of quartz/chalcedony are minor light brown - welded - silica filling fractures minor amounts of green (tuffaceous?) alteration material trace of realgar(?) - could be just oxidized
	Tr.	sulfide material sulfide - pyrite - minor drilling 7'/10 min = 42'/hr. lag 44 min sample has minor reaction w/HCl - could be mud. Minor sand-size fraction trace caliche/and or calcite
3455 to 3485	60%	Volcanics - similar to last interval
	27%	Tuffaceous material - green - some is easily broken w/poker - other is more durable but can be jabbed at - possible water laid
•	10%	Clay - grey & brown in color - color could be stained by mud
•	1%	Caliche/calcite - reacts w/HCI
•	Tr.	Sulfides - pyrite - some oxidation (Fe staining) associated with it. Grey siltstone - possibly associated w/tuff some tuffaceous material is well rounded other is angular
	2%	Green alteration material as associated in previous intervals w/tuffs is also present in small amounts. I think this is the
		interval that the drilling break occurred in (considering lg time)
		Even though the amount of clay seems somewhat minor, it could be
		that it broke down under the temp. and the mud also present
		quartz/chalcedony associated w/volcanics

Interval	%	Description
3485 to 3515		Should be noted first that we got stuck @ 3488. Fishing
•		for≈10 hrs. Consequently, interval could contain sluff etc.
	45%	Volcanics - greenish grey to dark grey - some w/amygdules.
		Angular fragments; dense to somewhat granular size ranges from
		sand size → small pebble size (Basaltic Andesite) some volcanics
•		tinged red
	40%	Tuff - light cream color to light green - granular can be
		fractured w/probe. Some is welded tuff composed of small angular
		fragments
	5%	Abundant green alteration product - opaque - can be penetrated
,		with probe.
•	2%,	Sulfides abundant - pyrite - associated w/volcanics
•	5%	Quartz and/or chalcedony - concoidal fracture
"	3%	Caliche - reaction w/HCI
		Sample has strong reaction w/HCI
		minor quartz veining in volcanics
		large fragments of clay stone - pale orangy - flesh color -
•		easily broken apart w/probe
•		Orange - alteration material on sulfides - limonite(?)
		fragment size of sample has wide distribution -
•		small sand size/silt → small pebble size - all materials range
3515 to 3545		Very similar to last interval minus the abundant
		tuffaceous material, clay
	80%	Volcanics - Basalt - green tinge; light → dark grey crystalline
	5%	Abundant green alteration product associated with it
		Quartz and/or chalcedony - stained green
•	4%	Caliche
	10%	Minor tuff fragments - mostly tinged green
		breaks easily under pressure of probe
	Tr.	Chert(?) dense black - minor
	18.	Minor sulfides - most of which have been oxidized
		sample has strong reaction w/HCI - fragment size varies from
	`.	sand size to tiny pebble size
3545 to 3575	,	Very similar to last interval
	100%	Volcanics - Basalt(?) - green, grey, dense to crystalline,
		no visible phenocrysts; fragment size is more evenly distributed
		than previously but abundant sand-size fraction
		sulfides - pyrite - associated w/volcanics
		quartz and/or chalcedony - Quartz veining
	•	Chaliche
•		Sample has strong reaction w/HCI
•		Oxidation of some of the sulfides has occurred
		trace of tuff & clay
,	,	magnetite

Interval	%	Description
3575 to 3593	75%	Volcanics - Basaltic - andesite - reddish brown, grey to dark grey, vesicular; amygdules; somewhat xlline - angular fragments
	5%	Abundant green alteration material as described in
	15%	Tuffaceous material - fractures under probe - granular -
	30	claystone (associated w/tuff)
	3% 2%	Sulfides - pyrite - high amount Caliche
	26	Volcanics color is about 50% greenish grey & 50% reddish.
		Red volcanics appear to have more amygdules - quartz/chalcedony
,		filling but grey basalt do have amygdules also fragment size
		ranges from sand-size to small pebble size.
3593 to 3623	· 90%	Tuffaceous material - welded; green in color fractures under
		probe; angular fragments to poorly rounded - minor amounts of
		<pre>clay associated with it. Fragment size ranges considerably from silt/sand-size to small pebble size (good size chunks).</pre>
	10%	Volcanics - similar to last interval - sulfides associated w/
		magnetite(?) minor quartz veining in volcanics  Volcanics  Volcanics  Sulfide - Pyrite  Rand
		minor quartz veining in volcanics $(\bigcirc)$ $Sulfide = \beta_{an} L$
•	Tr.	Caliche
	-	Sample reacts well w/HCI
3623 to 3643		Drilling 16 ft/hr.
3023 10 3043	95%	Tuffaceous material - similar to previous interval again minor
	J J 10	amounts of clay associated with it, material is hard but w/fracture
•		under probe. Sample has minor reaction w/HCI; tuff appears to be welde
•	5%	Minor amount volcanics similar to 3575 to 3593
•.		minor fragments of chert(?) black, dense - somewhat smooth.
	Tr.	Sulfides - pyrite - associated w/volcanics.
		Caliche ) Minor amounts - similar to
		Quartz/chalcedony ) previous intervals.
		Sample size varies from abundant sand/silt size to small pebble size
'		Volcanics angular, tuff angular to poorly rounded
3643 to 3683	50%	Volcanics - medium to dark grey - dense - angular fragments
Je 1,5 10 3003		w/minor phenocrysts - but I can't tell what they are. Some are
	1	mildly Xlline - some have quartz veining
		quartz and/or chalcedony
		Chert - dense - black - contact w/volcanics
•	50%	Tuffaceous material similar to previous interval
	Tr.	Minor amounts of clay
	Tr.	Magnetite fragment size is overall small pebble size w/some sand-size
		fraction
· · · · · ·		Sample has minor reaction w/HCI

Interval	%	Description
3683 to 3713	70%	Volcanics - light grey, brown, dark grey and reddish - hard - dense - some are mildly (somewhat) Xlline
	30%	<pre>angular fragments - w/some quartz veining Tuff - green similar to previous intervals calcite/caliche</pre>
	Tr.	Sulfides
3713 to 3743	60% . 5%	Tuff - similar to previous intervals - hard, green Minor amount of clay associated with it Some of tuff is white & welded
+ <b>1.</b>	35%	Volcanics - similar to previous intervals - slight oxidation (Fe staining) on some fragments - quartz fragments
•	Tr.	Trace of sulfide (pyrite) associated w/it. Sample reacts strongly w/HCl
		Sample ranges from clay/silt/sand size to small pebble size Some green alteration (altered quartz) material present
3743 to 3773		Sample similar to last interval except more clay quartz fragments more common
	45%	Percentage of volcanics > in this interval otherwise much the same as 3713-3743
3773 to 3803	87%	Volcanics - basalt(?) greenish grey & dark grey - somewhat Xlline; dense, angular fragments
•	3% 8%	Several large clumps of clay - cream to grey in color Tuff - white welded - minor amounts of green tuffaceous material
•	2%	Calcite and/or caliche Volcanics have vesiculation - amygdulation in minor amounts Note: absence of pyrite (if present - in very minor amounts
	Tr.	Fragments of quartz - minor penetration ≈ 15'/hr.
3809 to 3840	87%	Volcanics - basalt(?) med to dark grey, Xlline, angular fragments - minor pyrite veins. *No apparent vesiculation (Similar to previous intervals)
	10% 3%	Caly - off white → grey (due to mud) Tuffaceous material - minor amounts - green *One large fragment - (basaltic andesite) - reddish grey
		w/amygdule calcite and/or caliche
	Tr. Tr.	Minor fragments of pyrite which have a trace of oxidation Minor calcite veining
		penetration ≈14 ft/hr. correlates w/Ginn 4200? fragment size ranges from sand/silt size up to small pebble size
		ground mass fraction probably due to clay(?)

Interval	%	Description
3840 to 3869	95%	Volcanics - very similar to previous interval
	1%	Minor fragments tuffaceous material
	2%	Minor clumps of clay
-	- •	Sample has strong reaction w/HCl
•	2%	Calcite fragments - opaque - some with green alteration
		material attached
		Minor sulfides - pyrite
,		fragment size varies from silt/sand size up to
		small pebble size - > amount of fine material as previous
		interval
•		
		penetration ≈ 12 ft/hr.; mud out temperature 160°F
3869 to 3902	87%	Volcanics - basalt/andesite(?) light to dark grey; to black;
•		hard, mostly Xlline → dense but occasionally angular fragments
		minor sulfide veining (pyrite)
	1%	Calcite - opaque
•	10%	Minor tuffaceous material-green
		Tuff - fractures under probe but is hard - contains fragments
•	•	of opaque calcite
		Very minor amounts of amygdules in volcanics
	1%	Greenish - white alteration material attached to
	1.0	volcanics which reacts w/HCI
	2%	Minor amounts of clay
	20	fragments size smaller than previous intervals but not as
		much groundmass material
		Several fragments of tan claystone
•		
		Opaque fragments of calcite - minor penetration ≥ 17 ft/hr.
3902 to 3931	82%	Volcanics - basalt(?) dark grey to black hard, Xlline -
	• • •	in contact w/sulfides - very similar to previous volcanics.
	10%	Clay - more abundant than in previous intervals - light brown in
,		color, thick and goey
	5%	Green tuffaceous material as in previous intervals
	2%	Calcite and/or caliche
	2-0	minor amounts of Fe stained (oxidized) material - bright red.
	1%	Green opaque fragments that do not react w/HCI
	10	Some have sulfide veining - altered quartz
	-	Some of the volcanics have veining of this material - can
		——————————————————————————————————————
		be dug into w/probe
		<pre>few fragments of creamy beige silt - claystone(?)</pre>
		Some is very soft - some hard
		fragments size similar to previous interval -
•		slightly more groundmass material - probably
•		due to > clay %
		penetration -

Interval	<del>%</del>	Description
3931 to 3960	93%	Volcanics - basalt - similar to previous interval -
•		minor oxidation
	2%	Minor clay clumps
	2%	Minor tuff fragments - pebble size
	<b>3</b> %	Abundant sand-size material (tuff fragments)
	Tr.	Trace calcite and/or caliche
•		Abundant fine, sand-size material - volcanics & tuff penetration $ ot \cong$
3960 to 3988	10%	Clay - creamy off-white
	7%	Tuff - white - breaks apart under pressure of probe also green tuff material
*	80%	Volcanics - basalt(?) - similar to previous intervals (Claystone/Siltstone) - orange
	3%	Calcite - moderately rounded fragments/some angular - opaque
	<b>~</b>	Not as much sand/silt size material as in previous interval
	Tr.	Green alteration material - but reacts w/HCI
		not as much fine sized material as previous interval penetration =
3988 to 4020	45%	Tuff - light greenish grey - breaks apart under pressure of probe - poorly rounded - contains angular volcanic fragments some fragments look like light grey siltstone w/o inclusions
•	5%	White clay
,	45%	Volcanics - basalt(?) - similar to previous interval
	2%	Calcite/Caliche
	3%	White opaque quartz w/green-blue alteration material - this time does not react w/HCl as in previous interval (3960 to 3988) minor sulfides
		deep blue-green fragments - soft
-	,	fragment size ranges from sand/silt size to
•		small pebble large fragments > fine fraction
	•	(still abundant fine fraction)

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		,	
•	•		
. —	Interval		<u>Description</u>
4	020 - 4051	50	Volcanics - basalt/andesite-(?) similar to previous intervals
4		40	Grey & brown siltstones - can be drilled into w/probe
	e.	5	also light greenish grey Calcite and/or caliche common
		2	Abundant pyrite - usually associated w/volcanics
			Tuffs - greenish, somewhat massive & hard
			some of the tuffaceous material is welded
			violent sample reaction w/HCl Abandant sand size fraction present
	•	3	Minor amounts of clay
			penetration =
4	051 - 4085	35	Tuff - light tan & greenish in color - Some welded -
·			similar to previous interval
		25	Volcanics - same as previous intervals
		30	Chert - black, grey, off-white - some w/veins also brown
	<b>y</b>	10	Quartz and/or chalcedony
		•	Most of sample is sand-size material
	•	-	<pre>pyrite - common green alteration material present - minor amounts</pre>
4	085 - 4115		Very similar to interval 4051 - 4085
•		10	except not as much tuff
		30	Chert (white, off-white, brown, black, with pyrite veining - some has)
			green alteration product present
		50	Volcanics are lighter in color - light brown & grey -
	4	3	also not as xlline but still very dense, & angular Sulfides - pyrite common
		4	Minor amount of soft creamy yellow claystone
		3	Minor amounts of clay - off-white in color
			the tuffaceous material has pyrite veins most of the sample is silt/sand size material even the larger
			fragments are smaller compared to what is usually returned
. 4	115 - 4145	25	Tuffs - (same as previous intervals)
•		25	Clay - light brownish-grey in color (mud stained)
			Volcanics - basaltic andesite - medium to dark-grey,
		5	black Chert - as described in previous interval
		10	Volcanics - Basaltic/Andesite - dense, (moderately
			xlline) abundant sulfides - chert has sulfide veining
		10	Green alteration material - dark green - almost black -
		~	soapy - abundant
			Fe staining on some of the volcanics
		25	some of the welded tuff breaks apart very easily Abundant tuffaceous sediment - sand/silt size
		<del></del>	material
			Sample has mild reaction w/HCl
4	145 - 4175	95	Tuffs & tuffaceous sediments
	•		green, white, reddish brown, beige - some are welded
			angular fragments - some are sedimentary-like fragments  Abundant tuffaceous sands that react strongly w/HCl
			the sands are composed of tuffaceous material -
	•		calcite, pyrite, green alteration material
	•	5	silt/sand size, poorly rounded Minor volcanics - dark grey, Fe stained; basalt/andesite
		-	some has green alteration material attached to it
			abundant calcite and caliche
			still minor amounts of chert present
- 4	175 - 4208	. ·	Very much the same as last interval

<u>Interval</u>	%	Description
4208 - 4241	7	Calcite fragments 1/4" (length) x 1/16" (width); white, moderately massive, shows cleavage - (big chips)
	65	Tuff - welded; mostly light to medium green but also
		brown, red, & off-white
	•	Large (1/2" length) fragments of light brown claystone, soft, easy to dig into w/probe.
	5	Grey & reddish grey siltstone/sandstone - [ part of
		tuff(?)] fragments are large & have very smooth
		faces, will fracture under pressure from probe some fragments show bedding
	3	Creamy white clay; also some light brown clay
•	5	Abundant green alteration material
	10	soapy texture, dull luster, very soft Volcanics - basalt/andesite(?) - Similar to previous
	10	intervals
	<b>3</b> ,	Fragments of quartz/chalcedony - opaque -
	2	some w/ Fe staining Sulfides - pyrite - very common
	Tr	Magnetite
		Figuring out % is difficult when there is so much
		diversity in sample - Volcanics $pprox 10\%$ This calcite is probably the vein referred to in
		Ginn lithology @ 4200 (makes us even)
		The tuffs include some feldspar laths but
		I cannot discern any twinning penetration $pprox$ 10 ft/hr.
		fragment size ranges from very large to sand/silt
·		size material. Abundant fine fraction
4241 - 4271	30	Volcanics - Basalt(?) - dark grey to black - greenish
		tinge - reddish tinge; hard, dense; angular fragments - small pebble size but larger than what has previously
•		been encountered minor amount of Fe staining => orangy/red
	_	some w/quartz veining
	30	Tuffaceous material*: white, green, grey, reddish
	10	<pre>some appears to be welded(?) Clay - minor - some large moderately rounded</pre>
		clay stone material-light creamy white to yellow/orange.
	•	Minor amounts of clay material (globby) - stained mud grey
	5	Calcite-material similar (probably the same) as what was encountered @ 4208 to 4241.
		large plates.
• .		Pyrite - very common - both individual fragments
	E	and associated w/quartz
•	5 . 15	Quartz and/or chalcedony Siltstone(?) grey, angular fragments
		minor reaction w/HCl - part of tuffaceous
		material (?) easily broken apart - fractures -
		with pressure from probe - some has black veining
Very similar		(Abundant sand & silt size fraction -
to sedimenta	ry 👌	(Sample size: two extremes - 50 large or 50 small
material		((not an even size distribution) *Some of the volcanics are (sort of) Xlline
•	5	dark(green or black) alteration material(?)
		Soapy - can be dug into w/probe -
		In some cases it looks very similar to the volcanics except that it is lighter & can be
		AATCOUTCO EVEEL THAT IT IS LIGHTEL & CAH DE

	•	
Interval	%	Description
4271 - 4301	30	Volcanics - black, dense
42/1 - 4301		
	· <b>10</b>	Black (alteration material?) as described in
•	· _	the previous interval.
	5	Calcite plates as described previously
	Tr	Caliche - minor
* •	3	Abundant pyrite
*	5	Minor tuffaceous fragments
	5	Quartz and/or chalcedony
		Abundant sand size material
	40	•
	40	Chert - black, grey, white
		The material described in the previous interval
,		as sandstone like material - granular now appears
		to be chert - it has lost all granularity, is smooth
		& veined with black material and pyrite.
	2	Sandstone - minor fragments w/bedding
	<b>-</b> `.	very similar to previous interval
	•	except for the change in the chert.
	1	
4301 - 4335	42	Meta quartzite - (white) & black (mixed) Xlline, very,
·		very hard, angular fragments. Opaque white quartz
		filling fractures. The overall color is dark grey to
		black but white material can be seen under scope -
		metamorphism evident - tight welding(?) of grains.
	10	
	42	Chert - black, grey, & white w/black veining & pyrite
		veining
	3-5	Abundant pyrite - large individual fragments
		as well as associated w/chert; w/tuffaceous material
•	5 -	Tuffaceous material - breaks very easily with
	-	pressure from probe - white to light green in color -
	·	somewhat soapy texture
•		• •
	٠.,	Abundant sand size fraction made up of pyrite, quartz,
,		calcite, chert
	<u>,</u> 6	Minor fragments of basaltic/andesite(?) still present
		Just located fragment - shows fibrous characteristics
		(possibly glaucophane)?
×	Tr	The dark green alteration product is missing but the
•		light green tuffaceous material (at least that's what
	•	I'm calling it) has some of it's properties except
		that it is not as soft. There is some green alteration
		material.
4335 - 4357	85	Metaquartzite - as described in previous interval
•	2	Minor amount of tuffaceous sediments & tuffs
	_	abundant pyrite
	3	Black or green alteration material as previously
e de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co	J	
•	· <u></u>	described but it is getting much softer
	Tr	Sandstone - moderately well rounded
	•	claystone - creamy yellow color (part of tuffaceous
		material?)
	10	Abundant quartz
		Abundant sand/(minor silt) size material & large fragments
	•	Drilling rate = 1 to 4 ft/hr - material completely
•		
•		ate away the bit.

#### ROSSI 21-19 Lithologies

Interval		
4369-4385	%	Description
	65	Light brown siltstone to claystone moderately well indurated - can be scraped easily with a probe - cream white on dry surface tends to be platy. Fragments up to gravel size. Light colored fraction generally to fine-grained to be seen under microscope (clay) dark fragments are visible though. Moderate reaction to HCL
	35	Quartzite - dark color - impure quartzite
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TR	Pyrite
•	TR	Fibrous mineral black, possibly glaucophane (?)

#### Description

At  $\approx 8:00$  am, 11-25-76 we started to drill with foam. Due to the rig-up system of foam drilling, the most logical and appropriate way of catching samples was to take them @ 15' intervals. This was discussed with Slim Garrett. Our 1st objective is to make hole; 2nd is catching samples. The samples are "grabbed", caught in a sieve, by the air men every 15 feet. The foam in, foam out temperature is also recorded on the sample bag label along with the depth the sample is taken. Consequently, we are losing the "fine" fraction of the sample. If in the future we can come up with a more appropriate way of catching samples, adjustments will be made.

4390

- Greyish-green material. Texture is very much like that of soap. Very soft. When dug into with probe, it is similar to digging into a bar of soap. It flakes up white. The fragments are moderately well-rounded. It is dense material and contains abundant sulfide material probably pyrite. It does not react with HCl. It is possible that this material is an altered tuff(?) Some of the fragments are much greener than others and some are patchy green Probably an alteration material filling fractures.
- Claystone light brown (tan) microcrystalline but even at high magnification I cannot discern what the grains enclosed in the clay are even under high magnification. The fragments are poor to moderately well-rounded.
- 10 Quartzite as described in previous intervals
- Tr Chert dark grey as described in previous intervals
- Tr Few fragments of volcanics probably sluff

Quartz - associated with quartzite abundant pyrite - as previously stated in tuff(?) material

<u>Note</u>: Absence of fine fraction due to the method of catching samples

4403

- 25 Alteration material as previously described but has even > amount of pyrite
- 3-5 Claystone as described in last interval but fragments are harder.
- 35-40 Metaquartzite, dense, hard, lt. black, & white highly fractured, abundant pyrite associated with it Pyrite filling fractures, also quartz filling fractures Same material as previously described
  - Shale, siliceous, dark black, fine grained cryptocrystalline, very smooth surfaces, fractures easily under pressure from probe breaks smooth, some fragments have pyrite veining
  - Pyrite abundant some moderately well rounded fragments others angular of pyrite material looks like alteration material (as described above) that has been replaced by pyrite.

    1 long piece of what appears to be blue asbestos-? long fibrous hair-like material

Quartz - opaque fragments
Sample has minor reaction with HCl

Grab Sample	%	Description
4418		Same lithology as last interval only diff. %
	50	Greenish-grey alteration material
	>5	Claystone
	37	Metaquartzite
	5	Shale
	3	Pyrite
4433		Size of fragments decreased greatly - large sand size
	70	Metaquartzite - light grey & white to light black, not as badly fractured as in previous intervals (4390)
	20	Alteration material as previously described
	3	Claystone as previously described (4390)
	5	Shale as previously
	2 .	Abundant pyrite - cubes getting bigger - shows good striations No sample reaction w/HCl there is some black soft material falls apart easily
		I have no idea what it is. It is round - tapers on the ends - flattens out under pressure - gets up to ≈ 1/4" long. I don't believe it is native to the formation, but some how got into the hole.
4448		Sample size (fragment size) increased to small pebble size
	70	Quartzite (meta) light black & white - fractured w/quartz veins and pyrite veins - large angular fragments - more quartz veining than previously
·	20	Alteration material - green - similar looking to previous intervals but it is becoming harder - angular to poorly rounded
,	5	Shale - black - similar to what has been previously described except that it too is becoming harder & more shiny
	Tr	Trace of clay - creamy white
	5 `	Claystone, tan & light brown - again, it is much harder than previous intervals
		Pyrite not as abundant as previous intervals
		Very minor sample reaction w/HC1

Grab Sample	%	<u>Description</u>
4463	50	Metaquartzite - as previously described
	9	Alteration material - as previously described
	40	Shale - greyish-green, aphanitic, moderately hard but can be dug into w/probe. Very fine fracture
		lines filled w/black veining Also dark black shale
	1	Claystone - tan - as previously described Abundant pyrite associated with everything Overall small fragment size
4478	90	Quartzite - large fragments - hard, dense, black (as described previously) - quartz veining
	3	Claystone, tan, soft - as described previously
	7	Shale - black & (light grey) - minor - as previously described Sample has minor reaction w/HCl Very minor amount of pyrite Sample size fragments - large
4493	100	Metaquartzite - as previously described fractured w/quartz veins
	Tr	Shale - black & grey
	Tr	Clay - very minor
	Tr	Claystone Sample has minor reaction w/HCl Sample size fragments large minor pyrite
4500	50	Claystone, brown, tan & green
ı	10	Metaquartzite -

### ROSSI 21-19 Lithologies

	<b>*</b> **			
	Interval	2	<b>"</b>	Description
	4525	40		Light green alteration w/white blebs grading to white alteration w/green blebs
		25	5	Light gray shale or slate, highly indurated
	•	25	5	Black shale
	·	10	)	Chert w/black veins
		Mir	or	Pyrite
	4553	5(		Black shale
		30	)	Light gray shale or slate as in 4525
		10	)	Light brown siltstone w/vigorous reaction to HCL
• .		10	)	Light green alteration product w/white blebs
		Mir	or	Pyrite
	4561	80	)	Black shale
	,	20	)	Light gray shale as in 4525
		Mir	or	Pyrite
	•	Maj	or	Calcite
	4576			Same as 4561
	·	Mir	or	Light brown siltstone
		40	pyrit fragm	- black & grey light to med (with black veining) e common ent size large, - angular e has minor reaction w/HCl
		,		fragment of asbestos-like material - fibrous - dark blue in color
4591		85	into Very dark highl black shale calci	- light grey to black, dense, can be drilled with probe, angular fragments light grey material is much smoother than the grey & black material. The light material is y fractured & the fractures are filled in with material. The black filling is harder than the . The black shale is fractured & filled with te. The sample has a violent reaction w/HCl. ight material shows bedding.
		15	Quart dark	zite - dark grey - hard to distinguish from shale due to similar texture quartz and calcite
		1	- ·	e - both individual fragments & associated le & quartzite

Minor amount of claystone

## ROSSI 21-19 Lithologies

•		
Grab Sample	,,	Description
4607	100	Black shale
4007	Minor	Calcite
	Minor	Pyrite
	Minor	Light brown siltstone
,	Minor	Alteration material light green w/white blebs
4622	85	Black shale
4022	15	Black shale  Light green w/white blebs alteration material partially  pyritized
	Minor	Pyrite
	Minor	Calcite
4637	50	Black shale
4037	20	Alteration material as in 4622
	25	Light gray shale or slate
	5	Pyrite
	Minor	Calcite
	Minor	Light brown siltstone
4655	70	Black shale
4000	10	Light gray shale or slate
	. 15	Chert
	¹ <b>5</b>	Alteration material as in 4622
,	Mino	r Calcite
	Mino	

### ROSSI 21-19 Lithologies

Grab Sample	%	Description
4670	, <b>7</b> 0	Black shale
	20	Alteration product as in 4622
	5	Chert
	5	Gray shale or slate
	Minor	Calcite
	Minor	Pyrite
4685	40	Black shale
	40	Chert
·	10	Gray shale or slate possibly a gradational phase with the chert (?)
	10	Alteration material as in 4622
4693	80	Gray chert - similar to the gray shale or slate from above but with strong conchoidal fract.
	20	Black shale
	Minor	Pyrite
	Minor	Light brown siltstone
	Minor	Alteration material as in 4622

Grab Sample	<u>%</u>	Description
4719	25	Shale - black to grey, hard, dense - does not break - Cannot cut w/probe - concoidal fracture(?)
	45	Chert - grey w/black veining - concoidal fracture dense - hard - highly fractured
	5	Claystone - tanish pink - microcrystalline claystone greyish green - or is the alteration material - difficult to discern (?)
	25	Quartzite - similar to previous intervals but significantly more dense
	Tr	Alteration(?) material replaced by pyrite pyrite pretty much associated w/all liths minor reaction w/HCl fragments angular and fairly even size distribution
		fragments angular and fairly even size distribution
4734		Very similar to last interval
•		more alteration(?) material
		more of the material that I am calling Chert (grey w/black veins) than anything else
	85	caliche - reacts w/HCl
•	5	alteration
	10	quartzite
,		
4751	50	Quartzite - slight reaction to HCL
•	30	Chert - gray Black slate - same as black shale up hole.
	20	The material has been getting better indurated
		up hole it could be dug into with the probe
•		now it is hard enough to scratch metal off of the probe
		This has been a progressive thing not sharply delineated
	Tr	pyrite
	Tr	Calcite
	Tr	alteration material - now white - no green
		still pyratized metal fragments from screen used to catch the sample
4765		Same lithologies as 4751
4705	45	quartzite
v.,	55	black slate
	Tr	chert
	Tr	pyrite
	Tr	calcite
•		
<b>48</b> 04	90	Quartzite w/pyrite & quartz veining
		The material I am calling Chert-like is
		associated with the quartzite. Is it possible
•		to have chert filling voids & fractures in the quartzite(?) Yes. It is smooth & hard & breaks in
		somewhat of a concoidal fracture. Some pieces
		have what appear to be pyrite inclusions most of
:		it is opaque grey w/black veining.
	10	Some of it gets very black.
	10	chert
,	Tr	Clear quartz fragments
	Tr	Green alteration material - more brittle than soft abundant pyrite associated w/it.
	Tъ	Black shale - dense - some to work hard
	Tr	Black shale - dense - some is very hard - again pyrite common association.
		No sample reaction w/HCl
		fragments are all angular: size ranges
		from large sand size to medium pebble size
		-

Grab Sample	<del>"</del>	Description
4813	85	Quartzite - as previously described
		I am beginning to believe that what I am
* *		calling chert (whatever it is) is in very close
		association to quartzite
	· ·	The "chert" is chert
	٠.	also chert in fractures and on metamorphosed quartz
.•	•	arenite (quartzite of valmey)
,	15	chert
	*	Discuss with Phil
•		
	Tr	Shale
•		angular fragments
		pyrite common
	,	
4827	100	Quartzite
.*	_	abundant pyrite
	Tr	Shale

Grab Sample	%	Description
4840	70	Quartzite) 100% Quartzite Breccia
4040		) Should they be put together
	30	Chert(?) ) Pyrite abundant
4855	90	Quartzite
•	5	Chert(?)
	5	Shale Abundant Pyrite
	Tr	Caliche and/or Calcite angular fragments large sand size to small pebble size
	Tr	Green alteration(?) material
4889	100	Quartzite Caliche associated w/quartzite → reaction w/HCl
•	Tr	Alteration(?) material Pyrite associated w/quartzite & individual fragments
	Tr	Black Shale Opaque quartz
4915	45	Quartzite w/veins of pyrite & quartz dark grey to black & white. Some fragments have transparent & black granules. Angular fragments, hard & dense.
	. 1	Siltstone/claystone - steel grey w/black veining and also pyrite veining. Can be dug into with probe, dense
	2	Green alteration(?) material - Very similar to material previously described but harder. Fractures easily w/pressure from probe
	1	Calcite vein on some of the quartzite fragments but minor
	1	Shale, black, dense, moderately hard fragment size varies from medium pebble size to large sand size fragments minor amounts of bit filings picked up by magnet. Getting extremely difficult to collect samples
4930	85	Quartzite - as described above
	2	Alteration material(?) has become much harder - somewhat beginning to resemble a claystone - fragments for angular than previously
	10	Chert(?) what I have been describing before as silt/claystone now has become very dense & hard & resembles chert. Highly fractured w/ black veining I haven't been able to see a good concoidal fracture like I should if it is chert
	1	Shale - as previously described - black, dense, easily broken
	2	Calcite and/or caliche - reacts w/HCl. Breaks easily under pressure from probe
		Pyrite common - both as veining & as individual fragments - but not as much as Grab 4915
		Quartz fragments

Grab Sample		Description
4953	92	Quartzite - dark grey-black/white; pyrite & quartz veining; angular fragments; dense; hard.
· 5	3	Alteration material - green & white - soft; spotty - some w/pyrite, some w/Fe staining
	2	Claystone - light tan - microcrystalline, breaks easily under pressure from probe some is kind of pinkish
	1	Shale - black - dense, hard but can be drilled into w/probe - breaks into flakes sometimes - easily fractured up
	2	Claystone - grey - hard w/pyrite - microcrystalline - shows some lineation of black lines pyrite associated w/all of the above all are very angular fragments except for the "alteration" material - poorly rounded
•		<pre>fragment size from large sand size to medium pebble size minor reaction w/HCl - Caliche on quartzite(?) associated w/</pre>

Abundant metal filing from mill job.

Grab Sample		Description
4969	25	Shale - grey to black, hard, dense w/associated pyrite
	50	Quartzite - grey, black & white - dense, hard, granular w/associated pyrite - calcareous
	25	Chert(?) light grey to dark grey - some w/black veins - sometimes associated w/quartzite
	Tr	Alteration material(?) - green & white Fe stained metal filings present from nilling
		Is it possible that some of the chert is somewhat transparent? fragment size fairly even distribution - All angular fragments except for alteration(?) material
4984	60	Shale - black - some w/silver mineral associated hard, dense - quartz veining - concoidal fractures
	20	Quartzite
	20	Claystone - (or alteration material) but I believe it is a claystone - greenish grey can be dug into by probe - angular fragments - somewhat hard
		abundant quartz associated w/quartzite & shale pyrite present but not as common as in previous intervals Chert(?) as in previous intervals - mostly opaque w/fractures filled w/black material

### ROSSI 21-19

			1
4999		80	dark gray to black shale (metasiltstone) can be dug into with the probe - can see grains at 10%
		15	quartz massive vein fillings
		5	calcite - massive
		minor	pyrite
		•,	
5013	•	₹	Same as 4999
5028	•		Same as 4999
.5020		*	dark gray has numerous grains with fractures
•			filled with quartz and calcite
•	w		TITIES WITH GOVER SHE COLCIDO
5043			Same as 4999
		,	g 5000
5058	, .		Same as 5028
			with minor aphanitic med gray shale (metaclaystone)
			quite siliceous looking - w/pyrite on grains
E070	*		Comp. og 5059
5073			Same as 5058
E080		20	million white growth and and the same bondies
5080	A Comment	30	milky white quartz - massive with some banding
•		40	indicating open fracture fillings
		4U	chert - med. gray - may be secondary but has been fractured and fractures filled with mafic minerals
		30	black aphanetic shale (metamudstone) - no fisility
		. 30	black aphanetic shale (metamodstone) - no listilly
	•	minor	pyrite minor calcite present
	•		
5097			Same as 5080
		•	except black fraction is coarser grained
F116	<i>t</i>		G 5000
5116	•		Same as 5080
,			except black fraction is partly the coarser grained
			material
		minor	fault gouge - pale green to white smeared texture along plane surfaces
5127		35	Black shale (meta-mudstone to meta-siltstone) Blocky
			fragments - fractures filled with quartz & calcite
		45	med gray chert - highly fractured and fractures
•			filled with black minerals/calcareous cement
		10	free massive quartz
		5	calcite
		5	pyrite
		minor	soft gray material with white spots probably an
	•		alteration product
E1/0			Ofm!1 be 5107
5142			Similar to 5127
		•	med gray chert is more opaque here and seems to grade
			in to the black shale (meta-mudstones)
		· .	the chert shows some tendency to fracture along
	4		parallel planes
			quartz reduced in percentage
•	,		
5150			Samo na 51/2
5158		÷	Same as 5142
5158		•	no free quartz just chert
5158		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5158 5173		60	no free quartz just chert calcite 10% calcite veining
5158 5173		60 35	no free quartz just chert calcite 10% calcite veining chert - highly fractured
		60 35	no free quartz just chert calcite 10% calcite veining  chert - highly fractured black shale (meta-siltstone - meta claystone) with
		35	no free quartz just chert calcite 10% calcite veining  chert - highly fractured black shale (meta-siltstone - meta claystone) with calcarous cement which seems to grade into the chert
			no free quartz just chert calcite 10% calcite veining  chert - highly fractured black shale (meta-siltstone - meta claystone) with calcarous cement which seems to grade into the chert calcite
		35 5	no free quartz just chert calcite 10% calcite veining  chert - highly fractured black shale (meta-siltstone - meta claystone) with calcarous cement which seems to grade into the chert

Grab Sample		Description
5189	10	chert
310)	70	black shale (meta-siltstone)
	20	euhedral quartz in fracture fillings and free
•	minor	calcite
	minor	pyrite
	MITIOI	pylite
5205		Same as 5189
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	except no chert 10% alteration material
•	•	except no chert iow afteration material
5223		Same as 5127
J223		the chert is back
		no termination to the quartz
		no termination to the quartz
5236		Very small sample
5230		Same as 5223
	*	Same as 3223
E9E1		Same as 5223
5251		
		some terminations on quartz
5040		0 5051
5260		Same as 5251
5285	90	dark gray to black shale (meta-claystone to
•		meta-siltstone)
		fragments are generally blocky but some have
		tendency to be platy. Calcite cement
	minor	pale green meta-claystone to meta-siltstone
	5	pyrite
	5 ·	quartz generally as fracture fillings on other
		grains or blocky fragments of massive quartz
5300	70	first lith above
•	20	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) can be scratched with probe
	5	quartz
, ·	minor	pyrite
•		
5330		Similar to 5300
*	•	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) becoming coarser grained
		slight but pervasive reaction to HCL throughout sample
•		
5346	60	med gray soft alteration product strongly pyratized
	10	quartz euhedral and anhedral probable an open fracture
	10	free pyrite
	20	dark gray to black meta quartzite (meta-claystone -
•		meta-siltstone)
· .		
5361	20	light gray altered siltstone (alteration product?)
		highly pyratized
		generally well-rounded
	15	chert-fractured and rufiled with mafic materials
		probable an open fracture
•	35	black shale (meta-siltstone to meta-claystone) no grains
		visible in the blocky fragments non fisial or friable
	20	quartz some clear some milky - some with xtal terminations
		sand-sized fragments
	10	free pyrite - euhedral up to fine sand-sized pyritohedrons
	,	The state of the s
5376	85	med gray shale meta-siltstone with abundant quartz
	_	fracture fillings on grains. Cemented w/calcite
	15	quartz euhedral and anhedral
verv	minor	pyrite
,		
5391	95	med gray to dark gray shale (meta-siltstone) with calcite
· · · · · ·		cement
2		also some fracture fillings fillled with quartz
	5	quartz
	minor	pyrite

Grab Sa	mple		Description
5404		60	dark gray to black siltstone (soft) w/ calcite cement med. gray siltstone (hard) w/ calcite cement both show some grains with fractures filled w/quartz
		5	quartz - small grains
		minor	pyrite
5420		45	light gray altered siltstone (soft) lightly pyratized rock is somewhat soft probably from hydrothermal alteration.
			slight reaction to HCL - calcite cement? probable a fracture zone
		35	med gray shale (meta-siltstone or meta-claystone) blocky fragments some quartz filled
			fractures quite hard
		10	quartz, anhedral, milky
,		10	free pyrite
4 °		minor	pink siltstone
5438		100	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) w/fractures filled with dark minerals. occasionally they are filled with quartz
,	,	minor	pyrite
	•	minor	free quartz anhedral
5453		65 25	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) described above dark gray to black shale (meta-siltstone) blocky fragments no fisility
		10 minor	metaquartzite pyrite
5469		50 40	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) described at 5438 dark gray to black shale (meta-siltstone) described at 5453 w/pyrite in the matrix
		10 10	metaquartzite massive calcareous fragments probably vein fillings
5484		85 10 5 minor	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) described at 5438 dark gray to black siltstone described at 5453 free quartz pyrite
5500		50 35 10 5	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) described at 5438 dark gray to black shale (meta-siltstone) described at 5453 free quartz anhedral free pyrite
5515		25	med gray shale (meta-siltstone or possibly meta claystone) little xtal. structure seen highly fractured and fractures
. •		55 10 5	filled w/mafic minerals and quartz veins black shale (meta-siltstone) quartz veining free quartz all anhedral no xtal faces evident
		5	<pre>pyratized altered siltstone - soft w/white blobs (probably weathered feldspars) in a light gray matrix calcite</pre>
5530			Same as 5515 w/slightly more pyrite
5545			Same as 5515 med gray shale (meta-claystone) is tending to look like chert - translucent

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<b>4.</b>		
Grab Sample		Description
5560	25	med gray shale (meta-claystone) to chert highly fractured
	35	black shale (meta-siltstone) highly fractured
• ,	20	pyratized altered siltstone
	15	sandy claystone - hard - probably metamorphosed fault
•	•	gouge - elongate grains that have been streaked out at the ends perhaps better called a mylonite
	5	quartz no xtal faces
•	minor	orange siltstone
5575		Similar to 5560
•		less mylonite 10%
FEOO	60	med come shows a transfer to taking front and
5590	60 30	<pre>med gray chert - translucent, highly fractured black shale (meta-siltstone)</pre>
	10	quartz anhedral from fracture fillings
	,	no mylonite
5605	85	black shale (meta-siltstone) highly fractured
	10	med gray shale (meta-claystone) or chert highly fractured
e.	5	quartz - milky
5620		Same as 5605
5020		Same as sour
5635		Same as 5605
		w/ a few clear grains of quartz
5650	45	med gray shale (meta-siltstone) or chert
	30 20	black shale (meta-siltstone) milky quartz from vein fillings - no euhedral
	5	altered siltstone
	minor	pyrite
5686		Same as 5650

NV-Blowaine Rossi 75-76

## WELLSITE GEOLOGIST ROSSI 21-19 DRILLING RECORD

Date		Bit	# Type	Watso	n/Parnow
10/4	#	1 12½	2JS Smith	Mousehole (15') & RataHole (30')	
10/5	#	2 17 1	2JS Smith	Spud 200' downing	
10/6			•	Reaming 26" hole 20" casing to 200'	.1 2001
10/7				Cement casing	
10/8				Nippling up; Tested casing w/30 PSI:	
				Tagged cement @135'; Removed two joints of	
				tubing from being cemented in hole; stab	
				into fish	
. 10/9	#	2		Fishing; Pull fish out w/overshot; Test	
	<b>"</b>	<del>-</del>		BOP to 200 PSI	
10/10	**			Drilling out cement - hit formation	
10/11	•			Drilling out tement with formation	549
10/12	#	2 171	585 Sec	Drilling; Direction Survey (664'): $3\frac{1}{4}$ N67 $\frac{1}{2}$ E	) <del>-</del>
10/12	. #	2 1/2	Joy Sec	Drilling - pulled out to change bit	
				Survey (732') 4½° N63½E	•
10/13	1			D-1111 -	9241
10/13				Drilling: Survey (1002'): $3\frac{1}{2}$ N78 $\frac{1}{2}$ E	324
10/14				Survey (1219): $3\frac{1}{2}$ S86 $\frac{1}{2}$ E	
10/15				Survey (1219): 32 Sooze	15761
10/15				Drilling (150(1) 11 CC/15	1576'
10/16		3		Drilling; Survey (1596') 1½ S64½E	17161
10/17	#	2		Bit change @1688'	17141
10/17				Drilling; lost circulation (1930-1953') pulled	
				out; lost 50 barrels in 30 minutes	
				- Lost 30" of fluid in one hr (?)	• ,
10/18		•	. · ·	Raise viscosity - mixed lost circulation material	
10/10				set up for logging; Welex logged	20001
10/19	•			Started to run 13 3/8" casing	
10/20	•			Fighting lost circulation with 13 3/8"	
				casing in hole → casing to 1870'	
10/21	*			Casing to 2000; cement; clean cellar	
10/22	•			Welding on well head; nippling up	
10/23				Nippling up: Test BOP 2000 PSI	
10724	#	1			
				Test casing to 1500 PSI	•
· · · · · ·			•	Hit cement @1947' Tagging cement	
10/25				Drilling out cement; Total footage	2239
10/26				Drilling	2368
10/27		. 101	u r0/ c	Survey @2510' 3 1/4' N71½E	2505
10/00	#	4 124	" 586 Sec	2510' pulled out of hole	2585
10/28				Drilling; Tripped @2705! because of change	1.5
•				to air.' Put in cement plug @ 474'	
				(100 linear ft)	
,			•	Tagged cement @400'	3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
		*		Nippling up	
10/29				; Test BOP 2000 PSI	
<i>:</i>				Drilling cement @400'; (Went back to mud	•
	*	٠.,		because they couldn't get through the rotating	
	. •	•		head with bit or the rotating table w/rotating	
-				head	

# WELLSITE GEOLOGIST ROSSI 21-19 DRILLING RECORD (Cont'd)

Date Bit # Type	Watson/Parnow
10/30 #4	Trip to unplug bit
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Drilling to 2865' 2865
10/31	Drilled to 2908' - tripped due to plugged bit 2908
	again $\rightarrow$ back in $\leftarrow$ 3 stands in hole $\rightarrow$
	pulled out; switching to air changed table
	to 27"
	Nippling up for air
11/1 #5 12½ 3JS Smith	Hooking up air equipment
	Hit bridge going in (2100' - 2146')
	Reamed hole to 2908'
	Drilling with foam to $2941' \rightarrow STUCK$ 2941
	Waiting for fishing tool
11/0	(Note: Making considerable water while drilling)
11/2	Back to mud for fishing
	Mixing mud to fill 13 3/8" casing w/mud
11/3	since drilling w/air Backed off top float & 3 joints
11/3	Shoot pipe off above 2nd float
11/4	Pulled 11 joints off of 2nd float which left
	345' off the fish
	(waiting on wash pipe to come up)
	Cut on the fish w/outside cutter to get
	second float
	Broke the cutter
11/5 #6 12½ M4N6S Sec	Waiting for new tools & outside cutter
	Cutter arrives - cut pipe @ 432 - Jarred
	on fish - got all but 90' - (left top
11.46	stabalizer down in hole≈90' of it)
11/6	Top of fish = 2852'
	2316' - 2852' reaming hole Tried to screw into fish
11/7	Ran in hole with wash over pipe
	milling to stabalizers
	Changed mills
11/8	Milling; change shoe on wash pipe
	In & out of hole

# WELLSITE GEOLOGIST ROSSI 21-19 DRILLING RECORD (Cont/d)

<u>Date</u>	Bit		Dep.
11-9	<b>#</b> 6	Top of fish @ 2852	
•		Milling on Junk @ 2898; P.O.H.; RIH; Work over top of fish;	
· · ·	•	Milling; Circulate; POH; lay down lots wash pipe; lay down	
		jars & pick up jars - Run in hole w/overshot; Fishing	
		POH, chain out of hole; Overshote came unjacked 1/2 POH	
		Running in hole; jaring up on fish	
11-10		Jar on fish; chain out of hole - wet - tight break	
•		Lay down fish - D.C MC - S.sub	
	•	Lay down fishing tools S.sub-4 stab XO's	
		Bumper sub - Jars	
•		Make up B.H.A.	. '
		RIH; RIH to shoe & circulate 2382 circ.	
		Run to 2662 1/2 circ & C.O. bridge; circ 1/2 RIH	
		to 2947 w/Junk basket; circ	
	•	Drill; circulate - survey 3-1/4°	2957
7 - J		Lagtime	•
	•		
		$5'' \times 12-1/4 \text{ annulus} = .1215 \text{ bb1/ft}$	*.
			•
		.1215 x 2957 ft = $359.28 \text{ bb1}$	
	•	Pumping 400 gal min $\div$ 42 gal/bbl = 9.52 bbl/min	•
		$\frac{359.28 \text{ bbl}}{} = 37.7 \approx 38 \text{ min up time}$	
		9.52 bb1/min	
		7.52 BB1/ mili	
11-11	#7 12-1/4	New bit 2957; POH & change bit	
11-11	S-86 SEC	Make up drilling assembly; RIH; cut drill line;	'
	D 00 DE0	RIH; Rubber D.P; Reaming getting iron from	
		under bit; Drilling; work on Kelly; new gasket on	
		Gods neck; Drilling; Drilling; circulate;	
		Fix mud lines; Drill; Fix Pump #1; Drill.	3070
	•		
		3488	
	* •	$\frac{2957}{531} \text{ ft.} \Rightarrow #7$	
11-12	<i>#</i> 7	Drill; at 12:00 noon pulled 2 stands - Repaired Swivel	3308
		Survey @ 4:00 p.m.; Drill	.*
		Weight on bit 40,000	
		Pump pressure 1000	
* * *			
11-13		Drill; Drill Break @ 3415; Drill; Circulate &	
		Run survey - 2°45'; P.O.H; Change Bum	
		Subs; Fix float & handling bottom hole A99	
		R.I.H & Pull rubbers off of pipe	3488
11-14		R.I.H. Reaming to 3488. took weight at 3463.	
	2957-	Tourqued up and backed off at 704. Pulled	
· -	3488	7-1/3 stands of D.P. waiting on fishing tools.	
		Pick up fishing tools; make up fishing tools.	•
		R.I.H; RIH 1/2 overshot into fish. P.O.H. 1/2	4
		change overshot 1/2 P.O.H. 1/4; change	
D.		overshot 1/4, R.I.H. 1/4 screw into fish 1/4	
		change overshot 3/4 R.I.H. 1/4	
,		Screw into fish; Jar on fish 1/2; P.O.H 1/2	
		Break down fishing tools; Lay down fishing	
	110 70 74	tools; P.O.H. (chain out)	
. · ·	#8 12-1/4	P.O.H w/chain; Change Bits; Lay 4 sts	3488
:.	S-88 SEC	HW & Laving down; Bent drill pipe	•

<u>Date</u>	Bit		<u>Dep.</u>
11-15	233 ft/24 hr	Pick up drill pipe; RIH; Fill pipe; Reaming to bottom; drilling 10'/hr.	3488 3721
11-16	#8 #9 12-1 <b>/</b> 2 S-88 SEC	Drill; Survey @ 3842 1°45'; P.O.H. Change bit; Run-in-hole; Ream 3800 + 3902 #8 total \( \to 233 \) ft.	3902
11-17	#9	Drill 3902 to 4126 Weight or Bit 1000# 45	4126
•		3702 co 4120 neight of bit 1000m 45	
11–18	#9 12-1/4 SEC S-88 #10 12-1/4	Drill; P.O.H.; Mag Flux D.C. & H.W. Lay Down Change bit; Magna Flux, R.I.H.; Tight Place @ 3045; Ream to 3175; R.I.H. to 3480	
	SEC S-88	Tight. Ream 3480; R.I.H. to 4100 - Ream to Bottom; Drill Total on #9 4136	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		$\frac{3902}{234}$ ft total W = 68; V = 55; L = 53	4136
• .			
11–19		Drill & Rig; V = 53; W = 69	4343
11-20	Total on #10	Drill; Circ. for trip; P.O.H.; waiting on Slumberger; Logging: Dual Induction, Sonic, Gamma	4357
11-21	221' R.R. 9 12-1/4 SEC	Caliper; Dip meter; (Hole stayed full) Dip meter log; Lay out tools; Make-up B.H.A. R.I.H. Strap in 1/2; Circ. &	
		condition mud; Condition & Build volume to 60 vis; P.O.H. w/plugged bit; slip & cut drill line; R.I.H.;	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ream to bottom; No fill 1/2 circ. to run pipe; circ; P.O.H. Pull to shoe - measure csq. Rig up to run	•
		csq. R.I.H. P.O.H.	
11-22		Rig up to run casing; Run casing; Make-up cement tools; Run 9-5/8" liner & hang same @ 1791'; Cement liner; P.O.H.; Cond. mud;	
		Hang 9-5/8" intermediate string - top 1971; bottom 4369; 1251 cubic ft. of slurry as per program Pressure tested lap @ 1500 PSI; Laid down	
,		drill collars; 12-1/4" hole - 8" collars. Run in hole w/12-1/4" bit; Tag cement @ 1450'; C.O. Cmt; unplug flow line;	
		Lay down D.P. out of Drk.	· . ·
11-23	#11 8-3/4" SEC M-88	Depth: 4370; Drilling Setup: 8-3/4" Bit, Bit Sub 3-6-1/4" DC's = 88', XO, 13 Ks Huy wt DP, 5" D.P. Drilling fluid = IMCO Gel Water Cmt Cut	: -
		Finished lay down 8" D.C.'s & wait on contractors 6-3/4" D.C.'s. SOCO Air Crew Set	
		in Air Buster. Start in Hole w/D.P. Unplug Bit. Drill out cement in liner 1791 - 1836'	
		(45' Cmt. in top of liner) Change over to water. Dumped mud into sump. R.I.H. to 4152'	
			•

Bit

11-24 #11

Depth = 4370. Drilling setup  $-8 \ 3/4$ " Bit; Bit sub w/Float,  $6-6 \ 1/4$ " D.C's -176', 382 HVY wt, 5" D.P. w/Top float sub. Drilling fluid IMC water; cont. c/o cmt in 9-5/8" intermediate string 4152-4321' Drill out float collar @ 4321', cmt 4321-4369' Drill out shoe @ 4369', c/o cemt 4369-4370' Drill 8-3/4" hole with Bit #11, 4369-4385! P.O.H. Removed Pitcher nipple & installed Grant High Pressure Rotating Head, Picked up additional 6-1/4" D.G.'s Tested operation of BOD RIH, Removed CSG Protector rubbers F/D.P. Displaced water in hole & attempt to dry up the hole 2:30 am 5:45 Hole would not dry up Start Foam circ. Good returns @ 6:45 am Reamed to bottom @ 7:00 am Used 20 Bbls of soap solution w/20 gal soap std. Pipe press 100-320 PSI

11-25 #12 8-3/4" SEC S-88

30.7'/hr.

From 4370 to 4915: 545 ft. in 17-3/4 hrs. wt on bit 25 - 1000 #, 40 RPM

Drilling setup - same
Foaming; Air Dlg. Started Dlg. 8-3/4" hole w/foam
@ 7:45 am Drilled 8-3/4" hole 4370 - 4915 @ 7 am
Fluid rate @ 12 noon = 5 gal. in 8-1/2 sec = 4445'
Temp 170 F/Blooie line
Conductivity of foam solution in 2400 cm/ohms
out 1200 cm/ohms

Make up water ---- 900 cm/ohms Water in F/Gysers = 23 6pm 4529 Temp = 178°F @ 4898 - 4905 Torque built up & temp increase water 5 gal. 4.9 sec = 61 gal/min

11-26 #12

#11RR 8-3/4" SEC M-88 From 4915 to 4951 35' in 2-1/4 hrs.

Drilling fluid - foaming Ado Foam BF-1 Temp. 190° while unloading hole 182° @ 4921 while reaming hole cont. foam D1g. F/4915 - 4950' @ 9:15am Bit torqued up. Pulled Bit #12 (565' in 12 hrs) ↓ Left all cones & bearings in hole @ 850' cooled well down by pumping 75 bbls of cold water down D.P. Ran in w/RR Bit #11 to 4750' 7pm start unloading w/800 PSI & Rig Pump - Pump trying to freeze up. Foam lines froze & water line to rig burst Circ w/air while working on water line & thawing out sump pump. 10 - 10:30pm fill pipe w/foam Reamed out of gage hole 4737 - 4921 @ 7am (used sump water for foam solution) 545 ft Total on #12

 11-27 #11RR 8-3/4" SEC M-88 Drilling Setup: 7" magnet, 6-6 1/4" DC's, 13 Jts Hvy wt. 5" D.P.

#7 Midway Fishtool magnet

Drilling Fluid: Soco Foamers 3 - 8-3/4" Bit cones in hole  $(Temp -10^{\circ})$ Cont Reaming 4921 - 4950' Pumped 50 Bbls cold sump water down D.P. w/soap pump. Pulled to shoe. Blew Kelly & Air lines dry. Pump cold water down D.P. Removed rotating head. Co. men chg. top & bottom seal rubbers. Pull D.P. till Rig Air lines froze up Thawed out air lines & added 2 gal alcohol to system (had been using 1/day) Finished P.O.H. RIH w/magnet Found 25' of fill 4925 - 4950' Pull 12 stds & pump 1000 PSI Air down

11-28 8-3/4" Midway Junk Mil1

From 4950 - 4952 - 2ft.
Drlg. Fluid Hutch's Foamers
Unloaded well. RIH F/3834 - 4925' w/magnet
c/o fill 4925 - 4950'. Circ. hole clean w/
Foam. P.O.H. Recover one cone in 4 pieces,
2 additional pieces & bit bearings
RIH w/8-3/4" Flat Bottom Junk Mill
Unload well @ 2922'
Worked & reamed to bottom
Hit Bridge @ 4400' & rotated & slid to
4950 w/out circ.
Unload well @ 4950' w/Foam
Mill F/4949 - 4952'
Pump 50 Bbls sump water down D.P.
Thaw out Tongs & Elevators
POH @ 7:00am

Well started unloading @ 7am

11-29 #13 8-3/4" SEC S-88 11 hrs. 285'

Drilling setup 8-3/4" Bit, Bit sub w/Float, 6 - 6-1/4 DC's, 13 Jts Hvy wt. Drilling Fluid: Soco Tech. Dev. Group Temp. @ 7am : 200° Stnd Pipe Press. 320 PSI w/20 Gpm Finish POH w/8-3/4" Flat bottom Junk mill. (Mill 9/16" undergage) RIH w/Bit #13 Install High Press. Circ. Head Unload hole @ 3650'. Reamed hole 4900 - 4951' Unload hole & chg. to Foam - Temp 212° Worked by Junk Drilled 8-3/4" hole 4952 - 5237' @ 7:00 am (5254' @ 8am) Worked on Grant HP while Plg. Steam leaking by strippers. Closed hydrill bag while making conc. Had 14' fill on con @ 5009'. None thereafter Dlg. in Fractures. Bit torques up then falls free up to 2'.

From 4952 to  $5237 \rightarrow 285$ ' in 11 hrs. 25# wt. on bit

Sump out flow 9:00 am 5 gal/18 sec = 16.6 gpm 11:30 pm 5 gal/28.5 sec = 10.5 gpm = 360 B/D Imput - 20 gal/min = 686 B/D

from upper pit to lower

9am 5300' 25 gpm; 11am 5350' 50 gpm; 1pm 5400' 75 gpm;

12-2-76 12:30am 5410' 35 gpm; 3:20am 5470' 75 gpm

145

Dep.

#### Wellsite Geologist

#### Rossi 21-19 Drilling Record (Cont'd)

Date BIT Depth

#15

reamed

304' - 1 1/2 hr.

drilled

101' 4hr. 10 min.

12-2-76 #16 Boiler working this morning
Drilling with SOCO Tech. group foam
P.O.A. w/Bit #15

5506

Hughes -

R.I.H. to 5367 and unloaded well

J33 Reamed Hole S412-5506

#2F871 -

Drill 8 3/4 hole w/Bit #16 5506-5686 Jets Out

12-3-76 #16 1:40 AM 5538' 190 psi st. p -190°Fout 5 gal/5 sec = 60 gpm flow

180' - 6hr.

4:00 AM 5588' 180 psi st. p -202°F out 5 gal/4 sec = 75 gpm

5:15 AM 5631' 180 psi st. p -200°Fout 5 gal/4 sec = 75 gpm flow

7:30 AM 5686' halted drilling - Quartz becoming less abundant and more milky - No Euhedral grains of quartz seen - conclusion we have drilled through the fault and are going into the foot wall. Probably little chance of encountering another fracture while this bit lasts. Can't afford to make another bit run to change bits. Bruce wants to pull this bit anyway.

Cooled down well pumped 65 Bbls sump water down D.P. & 50 Bbls. in annulus.

Pulled 3 Stands - well started to flow Accumulator would not work - flooded road

Picked up Kelley and pumped 100 Bbls down DP. P.O.H. Rigged up Schlumberger (measured out of hole 5680' depth - 6' diff.

Ran Dil Log and Recorded 4974-5678' max temp 372°F Too hot for tool but got recording although burned off the fiberglass wrapping. Closed CSO and pumped 720 Bbls of 62°F. water down hole at 800 and 650 psi.

Ran dip meter and recorded 4375-5680'-379°F, 379°F. Pumped 213 Bbls in hole to cool well

Temperature Information Written on Sample Bags

INTERVAL	IN	OUT	INDETERMINATE	INTERVAL	IN	OUT	INDETERMINATE
240 - 254	88	90		1845-1877	110 110	$\begin{array}{c} 112 \\ 114 \end{array}$	
254 - 285	86	90		1877-1909	$\frac{113}{114}$	115 116	
285 - 315	90	94		1909-1939		. • •	117
315 - 343	90	94		2175-2180			102
478 - 497			99		· .		105
505 - 520	162	107		2305-2335	**		110
535 - 549		105		2476-2491			118
667 - 691	92	102		2491-2510		118	
775 – 805			115		•		
805 - 835		•	118			•	
835 - 863			118				
865 - 895			116		·		
1225 - 1255	111	111					
1255 - 1285			110				
1285 - 1315		*	110				
1315 - 1345			110		· · · · ·		
1420 - 1438	104 106	110 110					
1452 - 1469	106 108	106 110				•	
1485 - 1501	110	112					
1501 - 1531	• • • • •		111			•	
1531 - 1561			118				
1610 - 1625	108	110					
1625 - 1659	<u>-</u>	106					

Ran sonic log 4374 - 5682' 381°F, approx. 425°F, (second therm. offscale). ONLY RAN TWO,
Ran CNL & FDC 4374 - 5680' 393°F, 381°F, 382°F.
Temperature damaged DIL, DIP Meter, sonic, CNL and gamma. FDC OK. Gamma log only partial recording.

12-4-76

Loaded out schlumberger
Worked on accumulator
3 hr. to lay down 6 6" D.C.
Make up Johnston test tools on 5" D.P.
R.I.H. to 5000'
Unload hole w/air and rig pump @ 6:30 PM
See detailed notes on test.
Foam 1 hr. then went to air
10:15 PM well stabilized

12-5-76

4:30 PM Shut well in for 4 hr. F.S.I. till 8:30 AM Test interval 4369' to 5686' in 8 3/4 hole Temp. recorder chart was assembled backwards resulting in incomplete temp. recording RIH 10' of fill Rig up and lay down 5" DP. Rig up and ran 2 7/8 GST tubbing.

12-6-76

Ran 173 Jts of tubbing
Landed @ 5594' Rechecked meas. = 5597'
Removed grant high pressure head and DLG spool
Removed Class III BOPE
Installed X-mast tree
12" - 3000# studded adaptor FLG, 3" steam
gate w/Bull plug.
Released rig and crew @ 1:00 AM December 7, 1976.

ROSSI 21-19 AIR IN AND OUT TEMPERATURES

Grab Interval	Temp. In	Temp.	Grab Interval	Temp. In	Temp. Out
4403	51	150	5058		190
4418	51	160	5073		190
4433	51	178	5080		180
4448	51	182	5097		195
4463	51	182	5116		207
4478	51	185	5127		195
4493			5142		200
4500		And the second	5158		200
4525			5173	4	. 195
4553	50	172	5189		200
4561	50	170	5205		205
4576	50	169	5223		210
4591	. 50	170	5236		198
4607	51	171	5251		200
4622	51	171	5260		203
4637	51	171	5285		200
4655	50	170	5300		198
4670	50	170	5330		198
4685	55	171	5346	<i>a</i>	195
4693	55	180 (?)	5361	•	189
4719	55	175	5376		190
4734	55	180	5391		190
4751	55	180	5404		193
4765	55	179	5420		195
4804		180	5438		201
4813		180	5453		190
4827		180	5469		190
4840		180	5484		190
4855		180	5500		190
4889		180	5515		195
4915		185	5530	· · ·	190
4930		182	5545		200
4940		185	5560		195
4951		185	5575		195
4953	50 (?)	194	5590		190
4969		200	5605		190
4984		205	5620	•	195
4999		205	5635		195
5013		205	5650		195
5028	•	205	5686		190
5043		203			

Job No. 120366 Shipment No. 1 January I5, 1977 Page 3

		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ва	Br	I
Item	Sample No.	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(ppm)	(pp <b>=</b> )
1.	<i>0</i> 1	.06	<.005	7.4	<.01	.4	<b>&lt;.1</b>	14.
2.	<b>#2</b>	.02	<.005	3.5	<.01	<.1	<.1	9.8
3.	#3	.01	<.005	.70	<.01	<.1	<.1	1.5
4.	#4	.01	<.005	.70	<.01	<.1	<.1	1.0
5.	<b>#</b> 5	.01	<.005	.66	<.01	<.1	<.1	1.3
6.	<i>1</i> 6	<.01	<.005	.61	<.01	<.1	<.1	.9
9.	Flow Test A	<:01	<.005	-06	<.01	<.1	<.1	.2
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	.03	<.005	4.5	<.01	.6	<.1	8.8

Item	Sample Number	SiO <sub>2</sub> (mg/1)
1.	<i>‡</i> 1	65.
2.	<b>#2</b>	42.
3.	#3 <sup></sup>	42.
4.	#4	95.
5.	<b>#5</b>	45.
6.	<b>#</b> 6	46.
7.	Sump Water	110.
8.	2908 Feet	17.
9.	Flow Test A	13.
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	47.
11.	Distilled A	<.5
12.	Rossi #1 Distilled	<.5

Charles E. Thompson Chief Chemist SPECIALISTS IN EXPLORATION GEOCHEMISTRY
12090 WEST 50TH PLACE • WHEAT RIDGE, COLORADO 80033 • TEL: (303) 424-7718

Well Rossi 21-19

#### REPORT OF ANALYSIS

Job No. 120366 Shipment No. 1 January 15, 1977

Chevron Oil Company Minerals Staff

Attention: Roger Allmendinger

P.O. Box 3722

San Francisco, California 94119

Analysis of 12 Water Samples

		Na	K	Ca	Mg	Al
Item	Sample Number	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/l)
1.	#1	460	52	79.	18.	59.
2.	<b>∄2</b>	370	41 -	24.	6.1	17.
3.	<i>⁴</i>	350	42	13.	6.3	18.
4.	<b>#</b> 4	330	42	11.	7.0	19.
5.	<b>#</b> 5	330	40	7.1	3.7	12.
6.	<b>#</b> 6	320	39	6.9	4.0	11.
7.	Sump Water	460	. 60	72.	74.	220.
8.	2908 Feet	220	22	24.	12.	5.0
9.	Flow Test A	180	18	30.	8.9	: <.1
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	360	60	52.	30.	70.
		Li	Mn	Fe	U	As
Item	Sample Number	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/1)	(ppb)	(mg/1)
1.	#1	2.6	.34	18.	2	<.05
2.	 <b>#</b> 2	2.2	.06	5.3	<2	<.05
3.	#3	2.4	.05	6.0	<2	<.05
4.	#4	2.4	.06	6.5	<2	<.05
5.	<b>#</b> 5	2.3	.04	3.8	<2	<.05
6.	<i>‡</i> 6	2.3	.05	4.0	<2	<.05
7.	Sump Water	2.4	.41	78.	8	.05
8.	2908 Feet	1.4	•05	4.5	<2	.09
9.	Flow Test A	1.1	.09	2.0	<2	<.05
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	2.2	.23	18.	2	<.05

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•		В	F	Cl	CO <sub>3</sub>	HCO3
Item	Sample Number	(mg/l)	(mg/1)	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	(mg/1)
1.	<i>‡</i> 1	2.8	10.	740	50	70
2.	<b>#2</b>	2.2	14.	140	65	. 36
3.	#3	1.9	15.	85	85	42
4.	<b>#4</b>	2.1	15.	110	95	32
5.	<b>∦</b> 5	2.1	16.	100	80	80
6.	<b>1</b> 6	1.8	16.	110	55	16
7.	Sump Water	.8	14.	140	. 6	305
8.	2908 Feet	1.6	3.7	36	<2 ⋅	355
9.	Flow Test A	1.1	3.5	32	<2	180
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	1.8	15.	140	26	24
		,				
			TDS	Specific Conductano	:e	SO <sub>4</sub>
Item	Sample Number	Дq	(mg/1)	(micromhos		(mg/1)
1.	#1	8.7	1,400	2,190	· .	350
2.	<b>#2</b>	9.3	1,050	1,620	•	500
3.	#3	9.4	970	1,490		450
4.	#4	9.5	960	1,480		450
5.	<b>#</b> 5	9.4	900	1,390		400
6.	<b>#</b> 6	9.5	880	1,360		400
7.	Sump Water	8.3	1,100	1,710		350
8.	2908 Feet	7.5	640	991		100
	_,					
9.	Flow Test A	8.1 9.0	570 970	878 1,490		35 150

SKYLINE LABS, INC.

SPECIALISTS IN EXPLORATION GEOCHEMISTRY

12090 WEST 50TH PLACE . WHEAT RIDGE, COLORADO 80033 . TEL.: (303) 424-7718

Wall Rossi 21-19

#### REPORT OF ANALYSIS

Job No. 120366 Shipment No. 1 January 15, 1977

Chevron Oil Company

Minerals Staff

Attention: Roger Allmendinger

P.O. Box 3722

San Francisco, California 94119

Analysis of 12 Water Samples

		Na	K	Ca	Mg	Al
Item	Sample Number	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)
1.	#1 225°F	460	52	79.	18.	59.
2.	#2 185°F	370	41	24.	6.1	17.
3.	#3 191°F	350	42	13.	6.3	18.
4.	#4 1910F	330	42	11.	7.0	19.
5.	#5 191°F	330	40	7.1	3.7	12.
6.	#6 19#0 12	320	39	6.9	4.0	11.
7.	Sump Water	460	60	72.	74.	220.
8.	2908 Feet	220	22	24.	12.	5.0
9.	Flow Test A	180	18	30.	8.9	<.1
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	360	60	52.	30.	70.
		Li	Mn	Fe	U	As
Item	Sample Number	(mg/1)	(mg/l)	(mg/1)	(ppb)	(mg/1)
1.	#1	2.6	.34	18.	2	<b>&lt;.</b> 05
2.	#2	2.2	.06	5.3	<2	<.05
3.	#3	2.4	.05	6.0	<2 €	<.05
4.	#4	2.4	.06	6.5	<2	<b>&lt;.</b> 05
5.	#5	2.3	.04	3.8	<2	<.05
6.	#6	2.3	.05	4.0	<2	<.05
7.	Sump Water	2.4	.41	78.	8	.05
8.	2908 Feet	1.4	.05	4.5	<2	.09
9.	Flow Test A	1.1	.09	2.0	<2	<.05
101	12/1/76 @12:55	2.2	.23	18.	2	₹.05

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			В	F	C1	co <sub>3</sub>	HCO3
Item		Sample Number	(mg/l)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)
1.		#1	2.8	10.	740	50	70
2.		#2	2.2	14.	140	65	36
3.		#3	1.9	15.	85	85	42
4.		#4	2.1	15.	110	95	32
5.	-	<b>#</b> 5	2.1	16.	100	80	80
6.		#6	1.8	16.	110	55	16
7.		Sump Water	.8	14.	140	6	305
8.		2908 Feet	1.6	3.7	36	<b>&lt;2</b>	355
9.		Flow Test A	1.1	3.5	32	₹2	180
10.		12/1/76 @12:55	1.8	15.	140	26	24
				TDS	Specific		SO <sub>4</sub>
					Conductano		
Item		Sample Number	pН	(mg/1)	(micromhos	s/cm)	(mg/1)
1.		<b>#1</b>	8.7	1,400	2,190		350
2.		#2	9.3	1,050	1,620		500
3.		#3	9.4	970	1,490		450
4.		#4	9.5	960	1,480		450
5.		<b>#</b> 5	9.4	900	1,390		400
, .					<b></b>		
6.		#6	9.5	880	1,360	in the second second	400
6. 7.				•			350
6. 7. 8.		#6 Sump Water 2908 Feet	9.5 8.3 7.5	880 1,100 640	1,360 1,710 991		
7.		Sump Water	8.3	1,100	1,710		350

Job No. 120366 Shipment No. 1 January 15, 1977 Page 3

		<u></u>		<del></del>					·
•		. •	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ва	Br	· I
Item	Sample No.		(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(mg/1)	(ppm)	(pp=)
1	#1		.06	<.005	7.4	<.01		<b>&lt;.1</b>	14.
2.	#2		.02	<.005	3.5	• •	<.1	<.1 <.1	9.8
3.	#3	$\mathcal{E}(\mathcal{A})$	.01	<.005	.70	<.01	<.1	<.1	1.5
4.	#4		.01	<.005	.70	<.01	<b>&lt;.1</b>	<.1	1.0
5.	#5		.01	<.005	.66	<.01	(.1. (.3.1)	<.1	1.3
6.	<b>#</b> 6		<.01	<.005	.61	<.01	<b>&lt;.1</b>	<.1	. 9
	Flow Test A		<b>&lt;.01</b>	<b>&lt;.</b> 005	.06	<.01	<.1	<.1	2
	12/1/76 @12	:55	.03	<.005	4.5	√. <b>&lt;.01</b>	.6	<b>&lt;.1</b>	8.8

Item	Sample Number	SiO <sub>2</sub> (mg/1)
1.	<b>#1</b>	65.
2.	<b>#2</b>	42.
3.	#3	42.
4.	#4	95.
5.	<b>#</b> 5	45.
6.	#6	46.
7.	Sump Water	110.
8.	2908 Feet	17.
9.	Flow Test A	13.
10.	12/1/76 @12:55	47.
11.	Distilled A	<.5
12.	Rossi #1 Distilled	<.5

Charles E. Thompson Chief Chemist

## Completion Report New Well PRO-318

Field BEOWAWE		Property: ROSSI	
Wall No. 21-19		Sec. 19 T. 3	LN R. 48E MD B.&M.
Location 375.09'S 824.96'NW Cor	and the second second		
Elevation 4973' (Est)	Derrick Floor	D.F. is 15.5	above mat.
Date 11-13-78		Chevron I	Resources Company
		B.D. Garrett/R.I	
		(For Operation	ons Manager, Producing Dept.)
Drilled By Big Chief Drilling Co.  Date Commenced Drilling 10-5-76	#12	Date Completed Drilling	12-7-76
Date of Initial Production			
Production: Daily Average, 1st  Oil  Water	Bbls. T.P	^API PSI	Flowing
Water		PSI /64"	Gas Lift
: 13 5/8" 54.5#	Socket Welded C K-55 R-3 Buttr	MTD @ 198' ess CMTD @ 1996' ng @ 4369' Top @ 17	91'
Tubing : 2 7/8" GST 1	Tubing @ 5597' T	op @ 16.41'	

: Dil, Sonic, CNL, FDC - Gamma, Dip

Prior to moving in 30" conductor pipe was cemented at 19' below ground level.

Drilled by Big Chief Drilling Co. Rig #12, KB datum 15.5' above ground.

10-5-76 Spud and drill  $17\frac{1}{2}$  hole to 200'.

10-6-78 Opened hole to 26" to 198'.

Ran 20" casing to 198'. Using BJ Cementers, cemented with 530 cu-ft Class G cement w/2% CaCl through 2-7/8" tubing hung at 155'. Preceded cement w/50 cu-ft water and displaced with 40 cu-ft mud and 18 cu-ft. water. Good circulation throughout w/50 cu-ft cmt to surface.

#### Casing Detail

8 joints 20" - 90# H-40 socket weld casing of unknown brand.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 10-7-76 Removed 2-7/8" tubing leaving two joints in hole.
- Installed 20" Class II BOP. Ran 17½" bit and located top of fish at 88'. Ran 0.E. tubing and located cmt at 136'. Attempted to screw into fish no good. Ran overshot w/17" skirt and engaged fish at 88'. Pulled 20000# over weight for 14', then came free. Recovered all tubing.
- 10-9-76 Completed installation of BOP. Ran  $17\frac{1}{2}$ " bit and drilled cmt 130'-160'.
- 10-10-76 D.O.C. to 202'. Bit locked up and steel cuttings were noted in mud returns. P.O.H. Noted gauges on bottom stabilizer and one broken tooth on bit. RIH  $w/17\frac{1}{2}$ " bit and junk sub. Drilled rough for 1' then smooth. Drilled ahead to 321'. Lost 8 hours for repairs to swivel.
- 10-11-76 Drill 17½" hole to 620'. Lost 230 bbl mud. Add L.C.M.
- 10-12-76 Drill 17½" hole to 754!.
- 10-13-76 Drill  $17\frac{1}{2}$ " hole to 984'.

10-14-76	Drill	17½"	hole	to	1396.
----------	-------	------	------	----	-------

- 10-15-76 Drill 17½" hole to 1612.
- 10-16-76 Drill 175" hole to 1825.
- 10-17-76 Drilled  $17\frac{1}{2}$ " hole to 1953'. Lost 150 bbl mud while drilling 1940-1953. Pulled to shoe and mixed mud w/LCM. Total loss to regain circulation was 500 bbl. Drilled w/full returns 1953-1988.
- 10-18-76 Drilled 17½" hole to 2000'. Ran Welex logs. (Induction, Compensated Acoustic Velocity, Dipmeter).
- 10-19-76 Ran reamer & C.O. 45' fill. Circulate hole clean. Ran 13-3/8 casing. Stopped at 1914. Circulated casing to 1963 using mud. Lost 180 bbl.
- 10-20-76 Lost returns at 1963; unable to regain circulation. Pulled casing to 1738' and circulated with mud and LCM. Staged in hole to 1996' with full returns.
- Using B.J. Cementers, pumped 100 cu-ft water followed by 2492 cu-ft l:l Class G cmt and Pozzalan w/33#/sk cmt of silica flour; followed with 200 cu-ft Class G cmt w/35% silica flour. Displaced with 1728 cu ft and bumped plug. After 1420 cu-ft displacement had cmt returns to surface. After 1650 cu-ft lost returns. Estimate 230 cu-ft to surface. Cmt fell back in annulus to 50'. To do top job, ran 1" pipe to 65' and pumped 150 sx Class G cmt w/35% silica flour. Good returns throughout.

Casing Detail

Bottom 21 jt (860.28') 13-3/8" 61# K-55 Buttress. U.S. Steel brand.

Next 27 jt (1107.10') 13-3/8" 54.5# K-55 R-3 Buttress. U.S. Steel.

Top 1 jt (28.52) 13-3/8 61# K-55 Buttress. U.S. Steel. Halliburton Super Seal float shoe on bottom and Super Seal float collar on top of first joint.

10-22-76 Installed Gray tubing head w/12" 3000# API top flange.

10-23-76 Installed Class III BOP and attempted to test. Picked up and rubbered drill pipe. Wait on BOP repairs.

10-24-76 Completed BOP repairs and tested to 1500 psi. Drill out shoe and drilled 12½" hole to 2176.

10-25-76 Drill 12½" hole to 2288.

10-26-76 Drill 12½" hole to 2473.

10-27-76 Drilled 12½" hole to 2705. POH.

10-28-76 RIH w/OEDP to 574'. Spot 16 bbl thick gel pill. Equalized 76 SX Class G cmt 0 474. WOC. Rigged up for air drilling. Located cmt at 400'. Disconnected BOP and lowered to make room for rotating head.

Installed rotating head and tested BOP to 2000#. Discovered 12½' bit and rotating head would not pass through 17½" rotary table. Removed rotating head and using mud, drilled cement 400-482 and drilled ahead to 2715.

10-30-76 Drilled 12½" hole to 2908.

Installed 27" rotary table, rotating head, and air equipment. RIH and unloaded mud from hole w/air in stages at 1005 and 2040. RIH and hit bridge at 2100'. Worked pipe to 2146. Hole making water while holding 85-100# back pressure on air returns. Changed to foam and cleaned out to 2869. Increased back pressure to 160# but hole continued making water.

11-2-76 Continued reaming to 2900'. Had difficulty making connections due to fill. Drilled ahead to 2941 when back pressure dropped from 160# to 0#. Could not make hole. Attempted to pick up pipe but stuck at 2941. No circulation with 1400# air pressure on standpipe. Spotted soap pill with no success. Stopped air/foam circulation and filled pipe with mud. No returns at 2500#. Well flowed water intermittently at estimated rate of 200 bbl/hr. Filled annulus with 60 bbl mud. Backed off kelly, removed rotating head and rigged flow line for mud circulation.

Ran Go-International collar locator and string shot. Worked through float valve on first single below kelly. Backed off at bottom of second single. Recovered 2 joints and float sub. Left in hole sinker bar, collar locator, and 16' of wire line.

Note: Shock of back-off caused float valve to slam shut and shear the line.

Ran in rope spear on wire line and recovered tools. Ran sinker bar to knock out seat and dart of float valve at 374' (this was recorded as a poppet valve). Could not pull back through valve. Sheared line leaving sinker bar, collar locator, and bumper sub. Ran string shot and backed off at 344' P.O.H.

- 11-4-76 Ran Baash Ross outside cutter on 80' of 9 5/8" wash pipe. Attempted to cut at 426'. Cutter failed.
- Ran cutter and made cut at 432'. Recovered two singles 5" D.P. and float sub. Ran Bowen overshot and engaged fish at 432'. Jarred and fish came free. Recovered drill pipe and collars to 2852, leaving 89' of fish consisting of  $12\frac{1}{4}$ " bit, driltrol, shock sub, driltrol crossover, monel collar, driltrol 30' D.C., and driltrop on top. RIH to 2316 and cleaned out fill to 2580.
- 11-6-76 Cleaned out fill 2580 to 2852. Circulated out gravel. Made wiper run and cleaned out bridge at 2844. P.O.H.
  Ran screw-in-sub and attempted to engage fish. No success. P.O.H.
  Ran 41' of 8-5/8" wash pipe. Milled on driltrol blades 2852-53.
- Continued milling to  $2854\frac{1}{2}$ . Ran mill #2 and milled past blades at 2855. Cleaned out to 2888. P.O.H. Added 80' wash pipe and cleaned out to 2889. Milled on driltrol blades 2889 to 2891. POH.
- Ran mill #3 and milled 2891-95. P.O.H. Mill showed iron in annulus. Ran mill #4 and milled on iron 2895-98 P.O.H. Ran mill #5 and started milling at 2898. Pipe torqued and stuck. Pulled loose w/150000#. Could not work below 2896.
- 11-9-76
  Ran Baash Ross overshot and engaged fish at 2852. Jarred at 250000# and worked fish up 5' when overshot came loose. Could not reengage fish POH.

  Reran overshot, engaged fish at 2847. Jarred and pulled fish for 600' when it came free. POH.
- 11-10-76 Ran 12¼ bit and cleaned out bridge at 2662. Slid to 2941 and drilled ahead to 2956.
- 11-11-76 Drill 12½" 2956-3110'.
- 11-12-76 Drill  $12\frac{1}{4}$ " 3110' 3388'.
- 11-13-76 Drill  $12\frac{1}{4}$  3388'-3488' POH. RIH, while reaming last 30', DP torqued up @ 3467'. Driller kicked out rotary and partially unscrewed string. PU to 150000# and parted string @ 707'.
- RIH w/Bowen overshot  $w/6\frac{1}{4}$ " x 6-1/8" grapple and caught fish @ 727' and pulled up 15'. Pull to 200000# and lost fish could not reset. POH to replace grapple. RIH and caught fish @ 727' POH w/fish. RIH, reamed 3460' to 3488', drilled 3488'-3526'.
- 11-15-76 Drill 3526-3811'.
- 11-16-76 Drill 3811-3902'. Survey and POH. RIH w/12½ bit, ream 3840' to 3902'. Drill ahead 3902-2975'.

- 11-17-76 Drill 3975-4136 POH to repair leak in top D.C.
- 11-18-76 RIH to 3041' and broke cir. reamed 3045'-3580' w/bridge @ 3190 reamed 4100-4136. Drilled\_12½ hole 4136'-4200'.
- 11-19-76 Drill 4200-4357' P.O.H.
- 11-20-76 Rigged up Schlumberger T.D. = 4373' by wireline.

ran DIL	1998-4366
Sonic	2000-4370
CNL-FDC & Gamma	20-4371
DIP	1998-4371

- 11-21-76 Meas. in hole, found 20' error in tools, Ran 62 JTS of 9-5/8" x 40# K-55 Buttress Casing to 2578'.
- Makup Burns 13-3/8" x 9-7/8" Liner Hanger. RIH to meas 4370 Hung intermediate 9-5/8" x 40# K-55 Buttress 1' off Bttm @ 4369'. Cemented w/1251 ft<sup>3</sup> type G Cement incl 450 ft<sup>3</sup> DIAMIX, 37½#/SX Silica flour, 0.2% D-31 frict reducer, 4% R-11 Retarder. Preceded CMT w/200 ft<sup>3</sup> H<sub>2</sub>O and displaced w/1296 ft<sup>3</sup> mud. Did not bump plug. Run in & CO CMT 1450-1791.

#### CSG DETAIL

62 JTS 9-5/8" x 40# K-55 Buttress of unknown mfg. W/HOWCO super seal float shoe on bottom and float collar on 1st jt. CSG hung @ 4369' top @ 1791'.

- 11-23-76 Drill cement in liner 1791'-1836'.
- 11-24-76 C.O. cement 4152-4321 Drill float collar @ CO CMT 4321-4369'. Drill out shoe @ 4369 C.O. CMT to 4370'. Drill ahead 4370-4385. POH installed Grant HP rotating head tested BOPE.
- 11-25-76 Drilled 8-3/4" hole w/foam 4370-4915.
- 11-26-76 Foam drilled 8-3/4" hole 4915-4950. Bit torqued up. POH leaving all cones and bearings in hole. Pumped in 75 bbl cold H<sub>2</sub>O thru DP to cool hole. Reamed hole 4737-4921.
- 11-27-76 Reamed to 4950' POH to shoe. RIH w/magnet found fill 4925'-4950' POH recovered 1 cone in 4 PCS and 2 addtl pieces and bearings.

- 11-28-76 POH. Recovered one cone in 4 pieces and some bit bearings.
  RIH w/flat bottom mill. Hit bridge at 4400. Rotated and slid to
  4950 w/o circulation. Unloaded well @ 4950 and mill to 4952.
- 11-29-76 POH. RIH w/8-3/4" bit. Ream 4900-4951 and change to foam. Drill 8-3/4 hole to 5237.
- 11-30-76 Drill 5237-5260. POH lost one cone in hole. RIH w/7" magnet. POH. Recovered cone and bearings. RIH ream 5060-5260.
- 12-1-76 Using foam, drilled 8-3/4" hole 5260-5405'. Pumped 65 bbls sump H<sub>2</sub>O down DP and 50 bbls in annulus POH. RIH unload well @ 5095' reamed to 5405 drilled ahead to 5506.
- 12-2-76 POH. RIH to 5367 and unload well. Ream hole 5412-5506. Drill 8-3/4 hole w/new bit 5506-5686'.
- Cooled well w/65 bbls sump H<sub>2</sub>O down DP and 50 bbls down annulus. Removed rotating head pulled three Stands DP. Well started flowing. P.U. Kelley & pumped 100 bbls down D.P. POH to shoe and pumped 100 bbls down D.P. POH (meas 5680"). Rigged up Schlumberger. Ran DIL log 4974-5678. Cooled well w/720 bbls 62° H<sub>2</sub>O. Ran DIP 4375-5680. Pumped 213 bbls to cool. Ran Sonic 4374-5682 and CNL & FDC 4374-5680. Rig down Schlumberger.
- Rig up Johnston pressure-temperature recorder on open end drill pipe. RIH to 5000'. Unloaded well by circulating air down D.P. Returns up annulus. Flowed well from 6:30 P.M. to 4:30 A.M. Shut in for build up at 4:30 A.M.
- 12-5-76 POH to lay down test tools RIH to 5670'-10' fill on bottom. POH. Rig up and run 2-7/8" GST tubing.

#### Tubing Detail

- 2.33' 2 7/8" 8rS EUE closed slotted shop made nipple
  - .90' 2 7/8" EUE Baker Float
- .66' 2 7/8" EUE 8rd Pin x 2 7/8 GST BOX
- 5573.88'(173 jts)of 2 7/8 Atlas Bradford GST Tubing
  - 1.66' 2 7/8" EUE 8rd Fatuge nipple
    - .60'Donut
- 12-6-76 Finish running tubing landed at 5597'. Removed BOPE, installed Xmas tree.
- 12-7-76 Release rig @ 1:00 A.M. 12/7/76.

ROSSI 21-19

<u>Depth</u>	Inclination	Direction
315'	1 <sup>0</sup> 45'	N - 37 ½ - E
500'	2 <sup>0</sup> 30'	N - 49 ½ - E
664	3 <sup>0</sup> 45'	 N - 67 ½ - E
732	4 <sup>0</sup> 30'	N - 63 ½ - E
1002	3° 30'	N - 78 ½ - E
1219	3° 30'	S - 86 ½ - E
1596'	1 <sup>0</sup> 30'	S - 64 ½ - E
.2000¹	1 <sup>0</sup> 30'	S - 68 ½ - E
2510 <b>'</b>	3 <sup>0</sup> 15'	N - 71 ½ - E
2957	3 <sup>0</sup> 15'	<u>-</u>
32 <u>0</u> 7 <b>'</b>	2 <sup>0</sup> 15'	<b>-</b>
3488	2 <sup>0</sup> 45'	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3842'	1 <sup>0</sup> 45'	

Data collected from envelopes containing Drift/Inclin Shot Samples.

NV-Beonaux Rossi #21-19

ROSSI 21-19 FLOW TEST 12/4/76

test interval 9 & shoe to TD 4369-5686 in 82" note using dir without and mud pumps to assist. No packer. TIME 1:09 PM From drifters report R.I.H. started slowly. Pressure bombs 15' Perf. pipe below drill pipe +2' 22.30' from top of 1st sub to bottom of recorder 28.30' same 34.30' 3rd overall 35.03'. N-Pit 5.2 ropes down (RD) or knots. 1 Knot = 0.5 3 measured on S-Pit 6.3 ropes down (RD) State gauges stuck in each plt. 17:20 PM Observed real difference in a location 1.2 ft. estimated. 6:30 PM Started air pressure to stand pipe trying for 600 psi. Then start mud pumps - suction tanks empty trying to transer water from water tank to pits to be able to pump. Trying to unload well. 6:30 PM 300 psi stand pipe. COLD THE EXPLEMENT 6:50 PM 500 psi stand pipe Johnson-Tools Length of Johnson Tools recorders temp clock 11:45 AM Pressure 10:15 AM 1.30(4-1/2) box to union toll pen (4 union tool box to 3-1/2 full hole pen 4,959 of Drill Pipe + A CHOLDERS FIFURES) 15.00' Perforated anchor 6.00 Bomb Hanger Press 6.00 Bomb Hanger Press 6.00 Bomb Hanger Temp 6.00 Bull Plug 13 4,959 + 35.93' Total Test Tools + 51. Kelly = 5,000 feet o digas di nero di e di e di e di. 7:08 PM 820 psi on stand pipe. State I have not been been as made to be a second 5,000.02 drill pipe + 35.03 Johnson tools from drillers report 7:10 PM

7:17 PM

7:14 PM

1,000 psi stand pipe-opended by pass valve shut-in pressure to Kelly.

7:28 PM

Johnson man pointed out a 35.18 discrepancy in tool length between Driller's figures and Holder's figures - Holder's are correct. \*\*NOTED \*\*ROVE

7:43 PM

Turned on mud pumps, pumps leaking.

910 psi stand pipe.

5 000 pofect of D.P. & Johnston tools.

TIME	
7:45 PM	Turned-them off, $960^{\#}$ stand pipe.
7:50 PM	Turned on pumps again to drive first shot of air down.
8:00 PM	Finally started mud pumps, they had not been primed. Pumps 56 strokes/min.
8:10 PM	Shut mud pump off, 210 psi stand pipe.
8:11 PM	Flow from blooie line N-Pit 5.2 knots S-Pit 6.5 knots
8:15 PM	Injecting foaming solution 20 gpm 1.5% foaming agent by vol. Su/fatex-RIF, corrosion inhibitor. 750 mi. Calgon X100
8:25 PM	580 psi stand pipe.
0.25 III	Soo par scand pipe.
8:25 PM	Circulated pipe 5 ft. to be sure free.
8:30 PM	640 psi stand pipe.
8:33 PM	Heavier flow to surface getting heavier rapidly.
8:34 PM	680 psi stand pipe.
8:34 PM	Blowing-stand pipe pressure holding at 680.
8:37 PM	Little water.
8:40 PM	4.6 N-Pit Net .6 Knots = .3 ft.
8:40 PM	Returns stopped 8 30 psi stand pipe.
8:42 PM	No change in S-Pit 6.3 due to pumping of water into the
8:48 PM	Bleeding off air and turning on pumps - 750 psix STANDPIPE
8:54 PM	450 psi pumps and dropping.
8:58 PM	230 psi pumps at stand pipe.
9:00 PM	280 psi on air at stand pipe.
9:03 PM	3.80 psi on air at stand pipe.

4,

TIME	
9:04 PM	Flowing soapy water 85°F on blooie line.
9:06 PM	90°F
9:07 PM	105°F 130 steam 150 heavy violent blow.
9:10 PM	180 very violent.
9:11 PM	183 high, 180 blow reducing.
9:12 PM	N-Pit 4.0
9:12 PM	Blow reducing little water 175°F.
9:13 PM	Dying - Dead.
9:13 PM	450 psi stand pipe on air.
9:15 PM	Circulated pipe 7 ft.
9:18 PM	500 psi stand pipe.
9:15 PM	Stand pipe Des 800 psi.
9:32 PM	Stand Pipe Dr. 580 psi.
9:34 PM	Moderate blow 130°F
9:37 PM	Better Blow 150°F
9:39 PM	Very Violent Blow 175°F
9:39 PM	Very Violent Blow 212°F
9:40 PM 9:41 PM	Very Violent Blow 212°F
9:43 PM	Very Violent Blow 225°F  Flow Test #1 Sample 225°F
9:52 PM	
9:55 PM	202°F Blowing mostly steam w/ 1/2 water, considerable foam. N-Pit 4.8 Heavy Faom.
9:59 PM	S-Pit 4.6
10:01 PM	200 psi stand pipe.

TIME

190°F Steady blow overall w/some fluid pulses. 10:06 PM Circulated pipe 8'. Call start of steady state at 10:15 PM. 10:10 PM Two air compressors going 2,400 cfm @ 275 psi S.P. 2400 x.8 cf. 9:50 PM One compressor taken off 1,200 cfm @ 235 psi S.P. 1200 X-8 eff, 9:51 PM Foam pump ran dry, psi dropped to 195. 10:00 PM 195 psi S.P. with foam pump running again for 5 min. 10:12 PM Blow down considerably, does not blow to edge of data. 10:15 PM 10:15 PM Starting 10 hr. test now. Sec. 6 635 Blow reviving very vigorous again, drop problem due to 10:15 PM failure of foam pump. Steady state started @ 10:15 PM. 1.1 1996 人数分类的效应,一维,多数方 10:20 PM 200 psi S.P. pressure. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 190°F - Blow. 10:32 PM 20 34 Barton Sager 10:47 PM 180°F - reduced somewhat 200 psi S.P. 10:48 PM Flow Test #2, 185°F. 10:50 PM  $\mathcal{F}_{i} = \{\mathcal{F}_{ij}^{i}, \dots, \mathcal{F}_{ij}^{i}\}$ The Charles and the second with the con-Shut foam pump off, air rate 1,000 5 cfm + 11:00 PM all metal supplies out angel. 192°F Blow irregular 5.0 Knots N-Pit 11:05 PM 200 psi S.P. Alle the property 11:10 PM N-Pit 4.8 Knots (1 Knot - 0.5 feet). 11:28 PM 11:45 PM 191°F Flow Test Sample #3, still soapy but less so. 11:55 PM 175 psi S.P. 12:00 AM 191°F Steady Blow. 12:01 AM N-Pit 4.8 Knots. UNCHAUGED from measurements of pits) 4.1 Knots in S-Pit, 4.6 + 4.1 = .2.5 ft., assume 38 bbl./0.1 ft 12:08 AM

in S-Pit 125 bb1/2 hr. 10 min. = 88 BBL /HR.

TIME

12:20 AM Circulate Pipe 8.

12:45 AM Flowing Test Sample #4 191°F.

6

1:05 AM S-Pit 4.0 Knots N-Pit 4.8

1:10 AM 170 Psi S.P. Blow-Steady.

1:37 AM 191°F N-Pit 4.5

2:27 AM N-Pit 4.3, 4.5 - 4.3 = 0.2 Knots = 0.1 ft./50 min. = 124 bbl./50 =

149 bbl./hr.

2:30 AM 191°F Flowing Test #5

2:31 AM 170 psi S.P.

2:45 AM S-Pit 3.8 Knots, 4.0 - 3.8 = 0.2 knots = 0.1 ft./100 min. or

76 bbl./ 100 min. = 45.6 bbl./hr.

2:45 AM Blow holding steady.

3:50 AM N-Pit 4.0, S-Pit 3.6

3:58 AM 160 psi S.P. Blow steady.

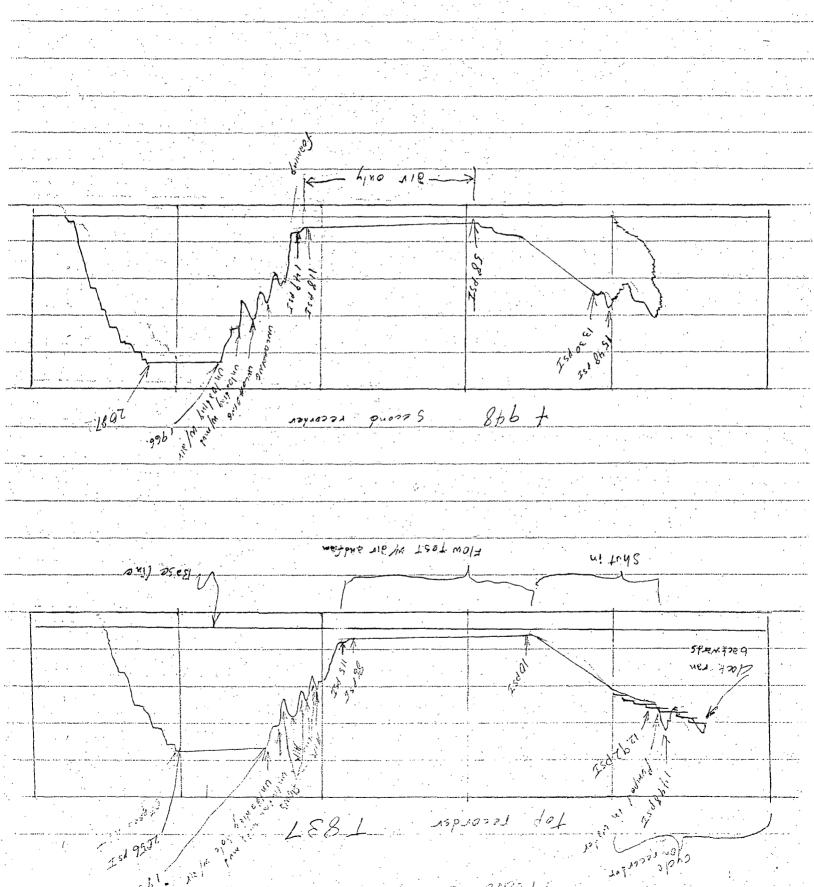
4.02 AM 191°F

4:10 AM Flowing Test Sample #6.

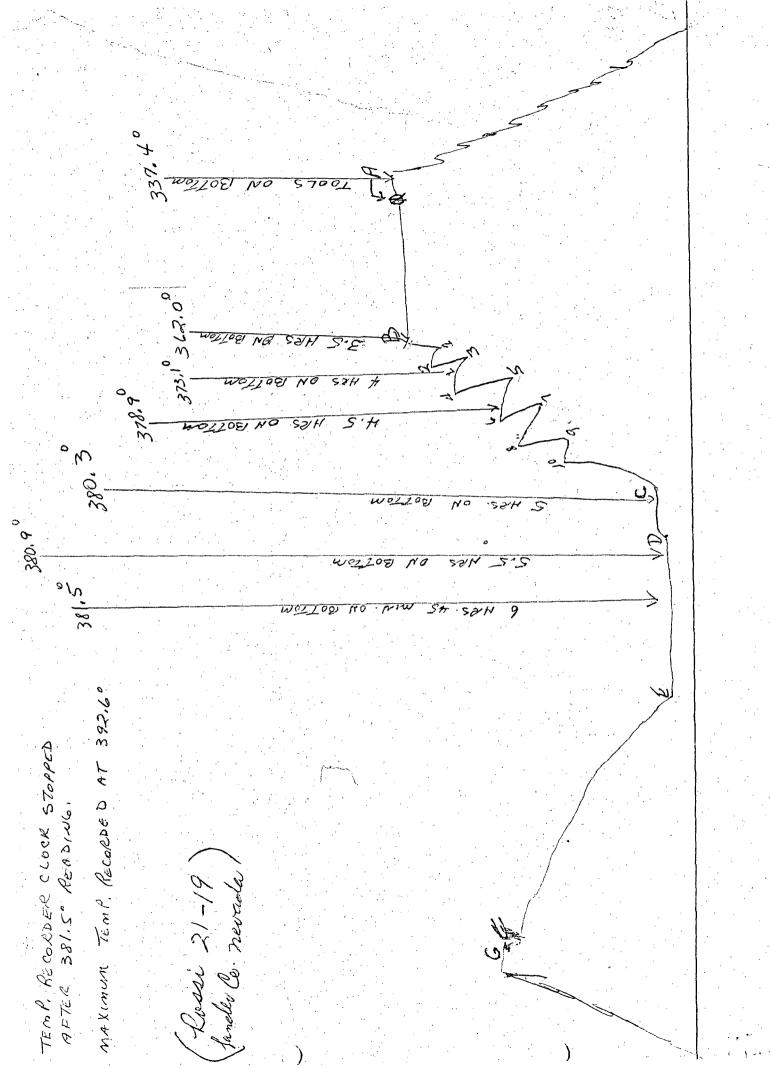
4:30 AM Shut off air closed pipe rams have leaks. Closed blooie line

valve - stopped leaks - opened pipe rams SI for final build-up.

8:30 AM Cooled well - started pulling.



Temp chart end aftrovel Started the elect chart new The bottom of The travel only partia



Pressure Readings between Soints
A to Busing Point A as zero starting O (Point A) - 2087.2 15 min. - 2063.0 30 min - 2046.9 45 min - 2041.2 60 min - 2033.9 75 min. - 2018. 2 90 min. - 2016.9 105 min - 2002.4 120 min- 1993.9 135 min - 1989.1 150 min - 1974.5

165 min - 1974.5 180 min - 1972.5 195 min - 1968.5 210 min - 1966.1 Prissure Readings at Points 1 through 10

1.-1413.7

2.-1439.2

3. 1074.6

4.-1258.7

5-922.0

6-1006.7

7-643.4

8.- 820.2

9-696.7

10-713.3

## Pressure Readings hetevelow Points E-F

0 (Point E) - 58.3 1 min - 131.0 2 " - 132.7 3 11 - 140.0 4 11 -144-3 5 11 - 144.3 6 11 - 144-3 7 11 - 152.8 8 11 -152.8 9 11 - 154.0 1011-155.2 11 11 -156.4 12 11-158.9 13 " - 167.3 14 11-1770 15 n -183.1 16 11-185.5 17 11-191.6 18 11-201.3 19 " - 207.3 11 - 212, 2 20 11 - 218,2 21 2211-225,5

23 Min -238.8 24 1 - 244.9 25 11 - 250.9 26 11 -253.3 27 11 - 261.8 28 11 - 264, 2 29 11 - 270, 3 30.11-276.4 45 "- 376.9 60 11 - 492.0 90 "- 766.9 120 . 989.8 150 11 -1257.5 180 ( 1324.1 280 " 1345.9 270" - 1524.0 (Soint F)

Reading at Roint 6 just before Starting aut of Hole: 1629.9

# Production Specialists

#### **AGNEW and SWEET**

3914 Gilmore Avenue Bakersfield, California 93308

SUBSURFACE SURVEY

Field Work Sheet

24-Hour Phone: 327-2267

PICKUP (0) WELL STATUS SHUT IN:	TIME ON BOTT	COR. CSG, PRESS.  OM MAX.  PRODUCTION:	°F	FORMATION GAS MCF/D GOR CFT/BBL. CIRCULATED GAS MCF/D OIL DRY GRAVITY °API	
PICKUP @	<del></del>		°F	GOR CFT/BBL.	
	<del></del>		°F	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
		COR. CSG. PRESS.		FORMATION GAS MCF/D	
COR. TBG. PRESS.					
OBS, TBG, PRESS.		OBS. CSG. PRESS.		NET OIL RATE B/D	
ENGAGE STYLUS	-	DISENGAGE STYLUS	· .	GROSS OIL RATE B/D	
ELEMENT	SERIAL NO.	CLOCK	TURN	STABILIZATION PERIOD	
		· ·			
REMARKS:					
PURPOSE					
PUMP SHOE		GAS ANCHOR		INTAKE	
TUBING DETAIL:				ZONE	<del></del>
				DEPTH	
LINER DESCRIPTION:				ZERO POINT	
CASING		ELEV.	•	DATE:	
OWNER JOHUS	Burg	FIELD	·	WELL NAME	

								***									
TIME	DEPTH	DKFL.	рт	GRAD.	/0	TIME	DEPTH	DEFL.	PT	GRAD.	. /p	TIME	DEPTH	DEFL	P-T	GRAD.	/p
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16/241-	<u>L</u>	.98 G															
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* * * ***			.		•		-	,									

COMMENTS:

Rressure Reading at Point C-138.3

Points D-E-15 min Intervals

0 (Point D) - 112.8 15 min. - 131.0 30 11 - 122.5 45 .. - 118.9 60 " - 12.5 75" - 128.6 90" \_\_\_\_ 114.0 105 --- 80.1 120"- 72.9 135" - 68.0 150"- 66.8 165"-66.8 180 --- 64.4 195" 62.0

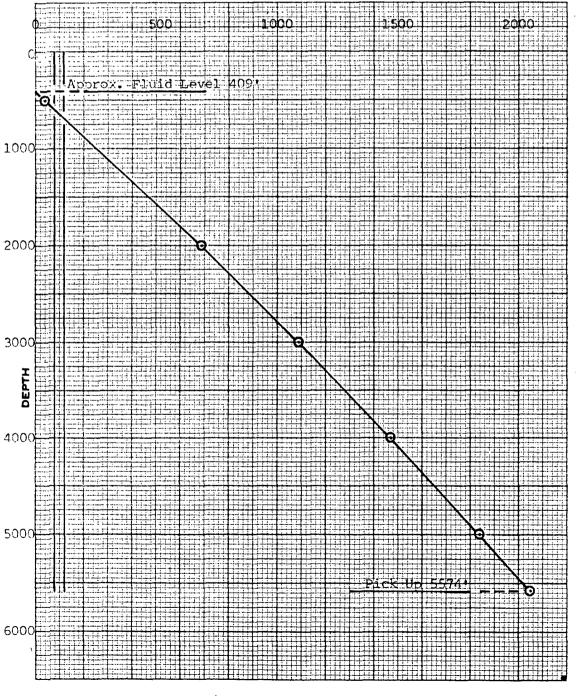
210 mist. - 62.0 225 " - 60.7 240 " - 60.7 285 " - 60.7 300 " - 58.3 315 " - 58.3 345 " - 58.3 360 - 58.3 AGNEW AND SWI T 3914 GILMORE AVENUE BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93308

24 Hour Phone 327-2267 Area Code 805

Production
Specialists

#### SUBSURFACE PRESSURE SURVEY

		•	
OWNER	CHEVRON OIL COMPANY	FIELD GAN DELIDIO	WELL NAMEROSSIE BEOWAWE 21-1
CASING	•	ELEV.	DATE: March 28, 1977
LINER DESCRIPTION:			zero point Tbg. Head + 6'
			DEPTH
			ZONE
TUBING DETAIL:	2-7/8" to 5594"		·
			INSTRUMENT 3800 PS
			SERIAL NO. 3923N
PUMP SHOE	GAS ANCHOR	INTAKE:	12 hour 7½ turn
PURPOSE	STATIC PRESSURE GRADIE	INT SURVEY	MAX. TEMP. 392.5 of @ 4800'
REMARKS:			



PRESSURE

MAX. TEMP.	JJZ OF W	4000
STABLIZATION	N PERIOD	
GROSS OIL RA		
NET OIL RATE	B/D	
FORMATION G	AS MCF. D	
GOR CFT/BBL	·	
CIRCULATED (		
OIL DRY GRAY	VITY "API	
PRESSURES.	OBS	COR
CASING PSI		no way
TUBING PS		vacuum
O	PRESSURE	GRADIENT
500	40	.080
2000	693 .	435
3000	1087	. 394
4000	1469	.382
5000	1842	.373
<u>55<b>7</b>4</u>	2053	<u>. 368</u>
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	ff bottom	3:59 pm 4:09 pm
11me O	II DOCCOM	4:09 pm
		<del></del>
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BY: NEVE	& CONNELL	

24 HOUR PHONE 327-2267 AREA CODE 805

AGNEW AND SWEFT 3914 GILMORE AVENUE BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93308

Production

Specialists

### SUBSURFACE TEMPERATURE SURVEY

OWNE					<u> </u>	7 4 1 ( (	ON C		<u>CO.</u>	1 7111	<del>-</del>			LD							ROSSIE BEC March 28,	
CASIN		CB18	7101								<del></del> -		ELE	. V .							Tbg. Head	
LINER	<u> </u>	<u></u>																		DEPTH	That Head	<del>+ 0 ·</del>
																				ZONE		
TUBIN	G DE	TAIL			2-7	7/8	' to	55	94													
																				INSTRUMENT	84 - 650	° F
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