GLODYLA

NU/STA/ESI-1

DOE/ET/27100-1

INTERMEDIATE DEPTH GEOTHERMAL TEMPERATURE STUDY Gradient Holes: 11-33 and 63-33, Soda Lake, NV

> Final Report Donald G. Hill October, 1979

Work Performed Under Contract DE-AC08-78 ET 27100

Chevron Resources Company

225 Bush Street San Francisco, California 94104

DOE/ET/27100-1 Distribution Category UC-66a

INTERMEDIATE_DEPTH GEOTHERMAL TEMPERATURE STUDY

Gradient Holes: 11-33 and 63-33, Soda Lake, NV

Final Report

For the Period 1 October 1978 - 30 April 1979

Donald G. Hill

Chevron Resources Company

225 Bush Street San Francisco, California 94104

Prepared for the

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ABSTRACT

During 1979, Chevron Resources Company drilled two 2000 ft. holes near Soda Lake in the Nevada Carson Sink area to obtain subsurface data for inclusion in the U.S. Department of Energy's Northern Basin and Range geothermal reservoir assessment program. Drilling information together with detailed lithologic, geophysical and temperature log data were compiled for each hole and is summarized in this report. Maximum stabilized temperatures of 297°F and 367°F were encountered at total depth in each of the holes respectively.

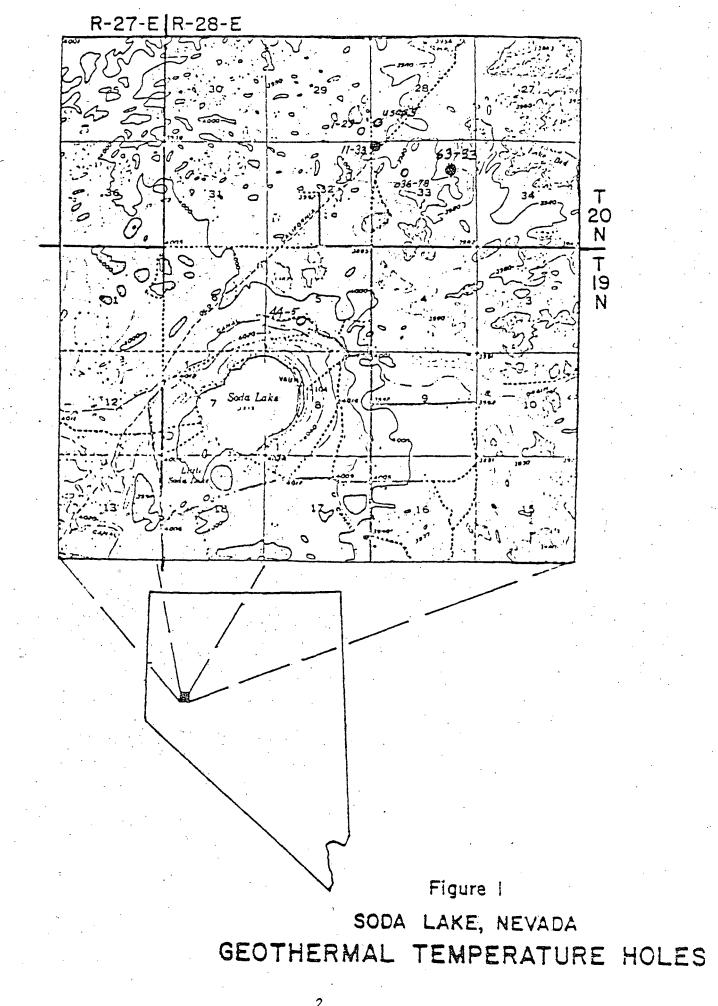
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	C.	Lith. Log			S.L. No.	11-33	
	D.	Lith. Log		· .	S.L. No.	66-33	
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INTRODUCTION

In January, 1979, Chevron Resources Company (Chevron) drilled two 2000 ft. intermediate depth temperature observation holes near Soda Lake, in Nevada's Carson Sink. Figure 1 shows the locations of these holes, designated Chevron-Soda Lake 11-33 and 63-33.

The purpose of these intermediate depth temperature holes was to further evaluate surface geothermal expressions and shallow (50-500 ft.) thermal anomalies observed by Chevron and the USGS. Appendices A and B, respectively, are the 11-33 and 63-33 drilling and completion reports. Each well was drilled to 400 ft. with a 9-7/8 inch bit, cased with 7 inch casing, drilled out to 2000 ft. with 6-1/4 inch bit, logged, and completed with water filled, closed 1-1/2 inch tubing. The holes were later logged for static temperature profiles. Lithologic discriptions for 11-33 and 63-33 drill cuttings are included in Appendices C and D, respectively. Table 1 summarizes the geophysical logging history of these holes. Copies of the geophysical logs are available through Rocky Mountain Well Log Service, Denver Colorado.



	,		• •		• • •
Temperature Hole	Date	Contract	or	Log Type	Interval Logged (Ft)
Soda Lake 11-33	1-10-79	Geothermal Services,	Inc	Gamma Ray	0-2015
u	14	, H	R .	S. P.	398-2015
11	n	n -	TÍ -	Open-hole	100-2000
H	1-18-79	Agnew & Swe	et	 Temperature Static 	20-1988
10	<u> </u>		- 	Temperature	60 1000
H A	3- 8-79	14 · · · ·	н		20-1988
	4-28-79	•	ting at a		0-1988
			· · ·		÷
Soda Lake 63-33	1-2-79	Minerals Survey Co		Gamma Ray	0-1998
I	14	14	14	S. P.	390-1998
n 1	H	14	н	Single Point	390-1998
	-			Resistance	
)f	1-18-79	Agnew & Swe	et 👘	Static	160-1998
				Temperature	
n n	3-10-79	H.	H	44 11	140-1998
11	4-28-79	14 .	18.	44 14	0-1998

(

Chevron Soda Lake 2000 Foot Temperature Hole Logging History

TABLE I

DISCUSSION

Site Selection

The Chevron-Soda Lake 11-33 and 63-33 intermediate depth temperature holes were drilled to further evaluate surface and near surface thermal anomalies. Hot springs were reported to have discharged in this area through the end of the 19th century. A shallow water well drilled by the U.S. Coast and Geodotic Survey, in 1903, in the SW 1/4 of Section 28, T20N, R28E encountered steam and hot water at 60 ft. (Garside and Schilling, 1979). The USGS (Olmstead, et al., 1975) and Chevron (Hill, et al., 1979) conducted shallow (100-500 feet deep) temperature surveys in the Soda Lake area in the mid-1970s. Both of these studies indicated a closed thermal high, in the vicinity of the USCGS well.*

Chevron (Hill, et al., 1979) also conducted a variety of geophysical surveys in the Soda Lake area aimed at defining the potential Soda Lake geothermal reservoir.* These studies outlined a graben trending NE from Soda Lake with the USCGS well on the NW flank.

Chevron and Phillips jointly drilled a deep test in the SE 1/4 of Section 29, T2ON, R28E (Chevron-Phillips Soda Lake 1-29).* This well, drilled to a total depth of 4306 feet, bottomed in a coarse grained, altered diabase unit and yielded a stabilized bottom hole temperature of 342°F. Fluids recovered from flow tests of a permeable zone at 1000 feet yielded predominantly NaCl waters with total dissolved solids of 4000-6000 ppm. Geochemical base temperature determinations, (Na/K/Ca and SiO₂) on these fluids yielded estimated reservoir base temperatures in the range 385-435°F.

Chevron drilled a second deep test (Chevron-Soda Lake 44-5) in the NE 1/4 of Section 5, T19N, R28E.* This well was drilled to a vertical depth of 4883, encountered only minor volcanics, and yielded a stabilized bottom hole temperature of only 244°F.

Chevron drilled a 2000 foot intermediate depth temperature gradient hole (Chevron-Soda Lake 36-78) in the NW 1/4 of Section 33, T20N, R28E.* This hole encountered temperatures in excess of 340°F with a bottom hole conductive gradient of about 4°F/100 feet.

The temperature model that appeared from these results was a SE dipping thermal plume along the NW graben bounding faults, with surface expression near the USCGS and 1-29 wells (Hill, et al., 1979).

The current wells (Soda Lake 11-33 and 63-33) were drilled to evaluate this temperature model. Surveyed locations for these drill sites are shown in Figure 2.

*The Department of Energy has purchased most of the Chevron Resources Company surface and subsurface Soda Lake data. This information is an open file with the University of Utah Research Institute, Earth Science Laboratory, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NW. CUL. SEL. 35 T. 20N., R. 28E. M.D. S. M. M. 28 λŚ 7 ב CIVELL SITE 11 5 73° 48'01'' E - 4026.55' ЗЭ 34 # 11-33 ELEV. 34845 WELL SITE 559°34'34"E * 63.33 385.75 ELEU., 3976.0' 195.44' SOUTH WEST L. (1123:35' SOUTH 100. 1100. 3328/EAST J 73866.67 EAST REFERENCE POINT SET 1/2- REBAR 00 NIN 124 ME 1/H Ņ М 11,00 SW VY SE 1/4 SCALE 1": 800' ΞΞ 33 34 4 4 FD. GRASS CAP & PAUEMENT SW COR SEC. 33 Figure 2 T. LON, E. 28E. MILLIM SHOWING LOCATION WELL #11-33763-33 IN SEC. 33, T. 20 N., R. 28E. M.D. B. + M. FOR CHEURON RESOURCES CO. DINUN BY: SURVEYED BY: D.Z. LUFT LOWELL D. EMERY R DATE, JANUARY 17, 1979 P.O. BOX 84 SCALE, I'' 800 FALLOUNNEURJA

Drilling & Completion

Both (Soda Lake 11-33 and 63-33) intermediate depth temperature gradient holes were drilled and completed alike. Detailed drilling and completion reports for these wells are attached as Appendices A and B, respectively. Wooden Cellers, 6x6x6 feet were dug prior to moving the drilling rig. The hole was spudded in and air drilled to 10 feet with 12-1/4 inch bit. Surface conductor pipe (10/3/4 inch) was set and back filled with clay. The well was then drilled (with mud) to 400 feet, with a 9-7/8 inch bit. Surface casing (7 inch) was cemented to 400 feet and blowout preventers installed and tested at the surface. The well was then drilled to 2000 feet with a 6-1/4 inch bit. Samples were collected, from the mud returns, every 20 feet. At TD, open hole correlation logs (Gamma Ray, Single Point Resistance and S.P.) were run. Sealed tubing (1-1/2 inch) was hung to TD and the well completed with tubing-anulus valving. The sealed tubing was water filled to surface. Upon well completion, the drillsite was cleaned and returned to near original condition. Three repeat (cased hole) temperature surveys were run with Amerada-Hess type temperature logging tools.

Lithologic Logs

Appendices C and D, respectively, are the 11-33 and 63-33 lithologic logs prepared from cuttings sample descriptions. Both temperature holes penetrated Pleistocene Lake Lahonton and earlier sediments. Hole 11-33 encountered volcanics (predominently basalts) in the bottom forty (40) feet. Hole 63-33 encountered volcanics from 1790' to TD. Both holes exhibited various degrees of alteration throughout.

Geophysical Logs

Both holes were logged with Gamma Ray (ground level to TD) and SP and single point resistance (surface casing shoe to TD) for correlation. Table 1 is a tabulation of 11-33 and 63-33 geophysical logs.* Malfunction of the Chevron logging system forced the use of alternate logging contractors. The contractor used for 11-33 also had system problems and no usable single point resistance log was obtained for that hole. Both logging system problems (Chevron & Contractor) were due to conductor parting in the logging cable. This is a fairly common problem, accentuated by logging hot holes (>350°F) at subfreezing surface temperatures.

Repeat static temperature profile logs (3) were obtained over a two-month period using Amerada-Hess type equipment. This yielded a bottom hole gradient of 0.3°F/100 feet and maximum temperature of 367.1°F for 11-33 and 6.65°F/100 feet and 297.0°F for 63-33. The final static temperature profiles are shown in Figures 3 and 4. Drilling mud temperatures are included with the lithologic descriptions of Appendices C and D. The logging contractor used for 11-33 also ran an open hole temperature profile.

*Copies of these logs are available from Rocky Mountain Well Log Library, Petroleum Information, Denver, Colorado.

SODA LAKE, NEVADA WELL NO. 11-33 Apr. 28, 1979

Fig. 3

8

TEMPERATURE (°F)

250

300

350

-

200

190

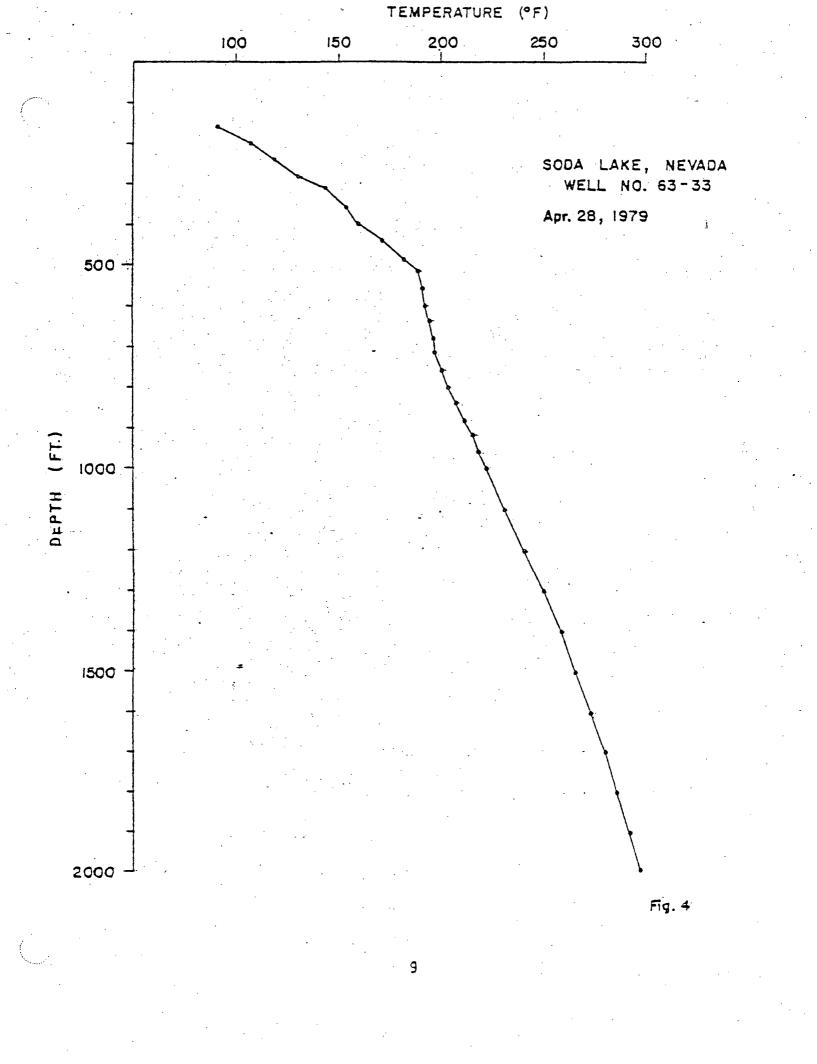
*5*00

- 1000 -

1500

2000 -

הברוח



SUMMARY

Two 2,000 feet intermediate depth temperature observation holes were drilled near Soda Lake, Nevada. Detailed lithologic and temperature data were obtained, from these holes. Maximum stable temperatures of 297.0°F and 367.1°F were obtained at depths of 2,000 feet.

REFERENCES

- GARSIDE, L. J. and SCHILLING, J. H., 1979, Thermal Waters of Nevada, Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology.
- HILL, D.G., LAYMAN, E.B., SWIFT, C. M., and YUNGUL, S. H., 1979, Soda Lake, Nevada, Thermal Anomaly, Geothermal Resources Council, Annual Meeting Transactions, v. 3.
- OLMSTEAD, F. H., GLANCY, P. A., HARRILL, J. R., RUSH, F. E., AND VAN DENBURG, A. S., 1975, Preliminary Hydrogeologic Appraisal of Selected Hydrothermal Systems in Northern and Central Nevada, USGS Open File Report, 75-56.

APPENDIX A

11-33

C

Drilling and Completion Report

· •.					· De	1- DONE
•		•	\$	·	 Completion	Regart
			· .		New Well	•
		· · · .	•	·		
Field Beov	маме	_ Property	/:		, 	
Wall No. Soda	a Lake 11-33		<u>33 T. 201</u>	<u>N</u>	28E MD	8.&r
Location	95.44'S, 332.81'E of NW Corner Sec.	<u>.</u> 33, Chu	rchill Co. Ne	vada		•
Elevation	984.5' G.L. Derrick Floor	r 0.F. E	· .			above ma
	anuary 30, 1979			•	•	· .
		-	Chevron R	esources	Company	
· .		•	BD	Jarrit A	: 	
			R. B. Murr (For Operation		Garrett	
	Coothormal Somutions Inc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	•
	Geothermal Services Inc.	-	· •			••••••
Data Comman	end Drilling January 5, 1979	Date Co	ompleted Drilling	January	11, 1979	
Date of Initial	Production	-			•	
Production	Daily Average, 1st Days Gravity		•API	Pump		
					1	
			PSI	Gas Lift		<u> </u>
	GasMcf. Baan					
Summary			•		· · · ·	
· · ·	Tatal Daath: 20001	• •• •	· · · ·			
	Total Depth: 2000'	· · · · · · ·			· .	
	Casing: 298' 7" x 23∄	K-55 8rr	nd LT & C CMTD	at 395'	· · .	
	1991'1 1/2" x 2	2.9# J-5	55 EUE tubing	hung at	1984'	
	Logs: Gamma Ray, SP, 1	resistanc	ce, temperatur	e		
	•			•		
	Note: All measurements from g	round lev	/el			

DRILLING PROGRAM

Well No.:	11-33		Field:	Soda Lake Unit
State: Nev	ada		County:	Churchill
Location:	NWE of NWE	of MME Sec.	33, T20M, R	28E, MOBEM

Discussion

Nearby Soda Lake 36-78 was drilled in March 1978 to a depth of 2000'.

No drilling problems were encountered and the hole was completed in 10 days with some time lost due to weather and mechanical repairs.

The entire section penetrated was sand and shale and no lost circulation was experience

Program

- 1. Prior to moving in drilling rig, Chevron will install wooden well cellar per attached sketch.
- 2. Move in rig.
- 3. Drill 124" hole to 10'+.
- 4. Install 10-3/4" conductor pipe and pack 10-3/4" x 12½" annulus with clay to make fluid seal.

5. Drill 9-7/8" hole to 400'.

- Run 7" casing to 400" equipped with float shoe on bottom and one 7" x 9-7/8 centralizer on the bottom two joints. Top casing collar to be at proper height to allow installation of blowout preventer.
- 7. Install cementing head and, using rig pump, cement 7" casing with 75 sacks of neat construction cement. Note this is 50% excessive.
- 8. While waiting on cement, install well head and BOPE consisting of Hydril GK and double ram preventer (blind and pipe rams). Test to 200 psi.
- 9. Drill 6½" hole to 2000'. Take cuttings sample every 20'. Divide sample into three parts, bag and label.
- 10. At T.D. run Chevron E-logs.: (Resistance, S.P., Gamma, temperature.)
- 11. Run 14' tubing (30' joints) to within 20' of T.D.
- 12. If well conditions warrant 1½", tubing will be hung from surface and well completed with tubing-annulus valving. If tubing is not hung, cement 1½" x 7" annulus from 400' to surface and proceed with steps 13, 14 etc. to complete well.

APPROVED SUBJECT TO THE A TACHED CONDITIONS

 Remove EO? and well head. Welded '' place on top of 12" x 7" anaulus.
 Install 14" gate value on top of tubing with bull plug and locking chain. Plug to be approximately 1' below ground level.
 Release rig.
 Remove cellar, clean and fill pits, cleanup location.
 Run température survey 30 days after completion.
 Fill 14" tubing with neat cement from 30' to surface, remove value, and install 14" pipe cap to abandon well.

-2-

0/s RD Lanot Date 11-15-78 B. D. Garrett Reve

0/5 M. Q. A Date 11-11 - 75.

SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED CONSTITUTION

SODA LAKE 11-33

Jan. 5, 79

Air drilled 12 1/4" and set 10 3/4" conductor pipe at 17'. Spudded in with 9 7/8" and drilled ahead to 345'. Pooh to check bit. RIH. Drill ahead 9 7/8" to 350'. Twisted off drill pipe. Pooh. RIH with overshot and engaged fish. Pooh with bit and stab.

Jan. 6, 79

Drilled ahead 9 7/8" to 402'. Conditioned mud for casing Ran 20 jts. (398') 7" x 23# K-55-8rnd. R-1, LT &C casing with B&W float shoe and centralizers. Cemented casing with 160 sx ready mix cement at 395'. Partial to no cement returns bumped plug at 800 PSI. Installed Class II-B BOPE.

Casing Detail

20 jts (398.08') 7" x 23# K-55 8rnd seamless LT & C casing of unknown mfg with B&W float shoe cemented at 395'.

Jan. 7, 79

Jan. 8, 79

Jan. 9, 79

Drilled out rubber plug at 150' and cleaned out cement to 360'. Tested BOPE and casing at 200 PSI. Cleaned out cement 360' to 395. Drill ahead 6 1/4" to 1140'.

Drill ahead 6 1/4" to 1560'. Pooh to change bit trip line started to part.

Installed new trip line. Drilled ahead 6 1/4" to 2000'. Conditioned mud for logging. Rigged up G/S logging equipment and ran gamma, resistance SP.

Jan. 10, 79

Ran temp. survey 2000' - surface in 100' stations. Conditioned mud pooh and layed down drill pipe. Ran 60 jts (1991') 1 1/2" x 2.9# eue tubing. Ran 140' 1" line pipe in 1 1/2" x 7" annulus and flushed out with water.

Tubing Detail

60 jts (1990.51') 1 1/2" x 2.9# J-55 Eue tubing hung at 1984'

Jan. 11, 79

Cemented I 1/2" tubing at 1984' in annulus thru 1" pipe hung at 140' with 50 sx ready mix cement with good returns to surface. Added 10sx cement to return to surface. Removed BOPE. Cut off tubing head. Rigged down and out. Rig Released. Jan. 12, 79 Installed 1 1/2" valve on tubing and bull plugged, chained and locked 1' below ground. Welded metal plate on 7" casing. Filled cellar.

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APPENDIX B.

63-33

Drilling and Completion Report

•		•	j	•			tion Repc ell PRO-1
Ĺ	iSoda Lake		Property:			(1.0	
	Wall No. <u>63-33 (Proj x 20401)</u>	· ·	S≥c. <u>33</u>	T2	<u>. R. 101</u>	23E	B
	Location 1123.35'S, 3866.67'E From NW Cor. Churchill County, NV. Elevation 3976.0 G.L.		33 . D.F. is	•		•	25ave
	Data <u>1-16-79</u>	•	•	Chevron	Resources	s Company	y
			624 B. D. C	arrett/R.	B. Murra		21.)
	Drilled ByGeothermal Services, Inc.	· · · · ·	-				
	Date Commenced Drilling		Date Comple	ated Orilling	1-4-78		
•	Date of Initial Production		• •			•	
				°API	•		
				PS1	•	· ·	
		,		PS1 /64"	Gas Lift		
-	Summary Total depth: 2000'						
	Casing : 17' 10-3/4" conductor : 393' 7" x 23# casing : ~1990' 1½" EUE J-55 t	cement	ted at 1 ed at 39	71		· ·	•
	Logs : E-Log, Resistance, SF)					•

Note: All measurements from ground level.

DRILLING PROGRAM

Well No.: 63-33 State: Nevada Location: MEM of SUM of WEL, Sec. 33, T20M, R28E, M086M

Discussion

Mearby Soda Lake 36-78 was drilled in March 1976 to a depth of 2000' ...

F

No drilling problems were encountered and the hole was completed in IO days with some time lost due to weather and mechanical repairs.

The entire section penetrated was sand and shale and no lost circulation was experienced.

Program

I. Prior to moving in drilling rig, install wooden well cellar per attached sketch.

2. MOVE IN FIG.

3. Drill 12% hole to 10'+.

4. Install 10-3/4" conductor pipe and pack 10-3/4" x 12% annulus with clay to make fluid seal.

5. Drill 9-7/8" hole to 400'.

6. Run 7" casing to 400' equipped with float shoe on bottom and one 7" x 9-7/8 centralizer on the bottom two joints. Top casing collar to be at proper height to allever of blowout preventer.

7. Install cementing head and, using rig pump, cement 7" casing with 75 sacks of ne construction cement. Note this is 50% extra.

8. While waiting on cement, install well head and BOPE consisting of Hydrill GK and double ram preventer (blind and pige rams). Test to 200 psi.

9. Drill 64" hole to 2000'. Take cuttings sample every 20'. Divide sample into three parts, bag and label.

10. At T.D. run Chevron E-Logs. (Resistance, S.P., Gamma, Tamperature.)

עם 1½" בטנותב (30' joints) כם אולהות 22' of T.D.

FROITIGNOD GERDATIA EHT OT TOEISUS

 Remove BOP and well head. Welded 's" plate on top of 1's" x 7" annulus.
 Install 1's" gate value on top of tubing with bull plug and locking chain. Plug to be approximately 1' below ground level.
 Release rig.
 Remove cellar, clean and fill pits, cleanup location.
 Run temperature survey 30 days after completion.
 Fill 1's" tubing with neat cement from 30' to surface, remove value, and install 1's" pipe cap to abandon well.

ĩ.)

0/5 BD DANOTAT Date 11-15-75 B. D. Garrett Will

0/5 11. Q A - - - Date 11-13-77 M. A. Lane Date 11-13-77

SOOA LAKE

annulus, filled ceilar w/dirt. Location graded and cleaned up. "T x śl io qot no stalą "ź beblew - tinemer w zulunna "T x śl bellii Jan. IL in annulus - Jocated cement at 110'. Removed 8.0.9.5., rig dogn and out. eqiq "[________eostruz of znruter themeo oN _______eonteper ______eonteper ______ cement miter by water/sk. Had initial mud returns, lost Ran 140' of 1" pipe in 1% x "%I ni eqiq "I to 'OAI nes Ground. Run 60 jts 12" EVE J-55 tubing to TD, pick up 10' (approx. 15' above ិះ .ពទ៤ out bridges every 60-100' to TD. tubing - hit bridge at 470'. POOH, lay down tubing. RIH and clean "Fi nss. .netew becould flow ... Well produced water. Ran 14 and SP-393-2000'. RIH to 2000'. POOH and lay down drill pipe. Continued logging. Ran Mineral Services Co. GR 0-1000; Resistance Jan. 3 Drilled ahead 64" to 2000'. Circulated hole clean. Ran'E-logs. 2 .nsb "0401 of "28 beads balling I ..nst .'08\1 of "zd beans bellinu 15 .09U o.'0001 of "≴8 beans bellind .'525 of '885 eons bna pulq Finished installing BOPE and tested to 400 psi RIH, drilled out cement, Dec. 30 Class 28 8.0.P.E. belleizni ,been pridut no beblew .eostrus of enuter him ,isq 004 ja sodz no pulq bsqmud - jinsmeo jasan xz ZZI djiw pnizao bsinsmeJ 1.00' shoe. Total 393.20'. 392.30' (20 jts) 7" x 23# LT & C 8rnS casing of unk. mfg. W1 Tistel prized Ran 20 jts (392') 7" x 23 lb casing. 0ec. 29 .HOD9 .elon noitibnoo of betallorio .'200 of "8\7-0 baens bellind .'021 of "8\7-9 bsens Spudded in and drilled to set 17' 10-5/8" conductor pipe. Drilled - 82 .peu 22-33

Appendix C 11 - 33 Sample description

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Lithologic Log

Memorandum

San Francisco, CA March 15, 1979

PETROGRAPHIC REPORT CHEVRON "SODA LAKE" #11-33 SEC. 33, T11N, R28E, MDB&M NEVADA BY: E. W. CHRISTENSEN

MR. J. M. KEHOE: CHEVRON RESOURCES

- D/S 460': Most of the chips are a very fine-grained lithology, probably ash, with few to numerous pyrite crystals. A few of these fragments appear partially altered; several contain clay and silt. Also present are silicified sandstone, sandy tuff(?) and tuffaceous lithic-feldspathic sandstone.
- D/S 1000': There are a few fragments similar to 160' but most are zeolitized fine and medium-grained angular to sub-round fairly well-sorted lithic-feldspathic sandstones. Volcanic grains and feldspars are the most abundant grains and many are rimmed by a greenish clay. The degree of zeolitization ranges between pore-filling and pore-filling plus extensive grain replacement.

D/S 1560': Several lithologies are represented in the cuttings:

1. altered vesicular/amygdaloidal basalt

2. carbonate-cemented basaltic sandstone

- 3. altered pyritic tuff/ash
- 4. microcrystalline limestone(?)
- 5. altered lithic sandstone, clay alteration
- 6. zeolitized lithic-feldspathic sandstone
- 7. zeolitized tuff
- 8. lithic-feldspathic(?) sandstone extensively replaced by carbonate

Presence of hornblende in some of the sandstones suggests that the volcanic rock fragments could be andesitic.

- D/S 1960': Altered fine-grained, often flow-lineated basaltic rock fragments are the dominant lithology. Alteration products include chlorite and sericite(?), leucoxene and carbonate. Zeolite could not be conclusively identified but might be present also. Veins were scarce and largely carbonate with minor chlorite(?).
- D/S 1930': Similar to 1960', quartz followed by chlorite in a couple veins.

D/S 2000': Similar to 1980'.

Volcanic rocks in the interval 1960'-2000' are called basaltic mainly on the plagioclase, sodic labradorite; the mafic minerals are all altered.

EWC:gda.

24

100 Years Helping to Create the Future

LITHOLOGIC WELL LOG

PROSPECT: Soda Lake STATE: Nevada SECTION: 33 TOWNSHIP: 20 N RANGE: 28 E WELL NO.: 11-33

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	COMME	NTS	·
420'	Fine grained sandstone - highly silicified, secondary silica, pyrite minor micas, siltstone, Fe alteration			
460	Fine grained sandstone - highly silicified, Euhedral Qtz. crystals, mica - chlorite rich clay stone (argillic alteration), minor HCL reaction			
480 °	Siltstone - Mudstone - mica - chlorite rich - minor pyrite, fine grained sandstone, HCL reaction			
560'	Fine grained sandstone - highly silicified, secondary silica, pyrite rich, mica rich, no HCL reaction, Fe reaction	Mud Temp	100°F 120°F	In Out
580'	Fine grained sandstone and siltstone moder- ately silicified mica & pyrite rich, No HCL reaction	Mud Temp	100°F 125°F	In Outj
620'	Fine to medium grained sandstone, highly silicified, mica rich, abundant Fe altera- tion, secondary Qtz., chlorite alteration	Mud Temp	116°F 126°F	In Out
640 '	Fine grained sandstone, highly silicified, mica & pyrite rich, abundant Fe, chlorite, and argillic alteration	Mud Temp	125°F 136°F	In Out
660'	Same as above with minor siltstone	Mud Temp	116°F 130°F	In Out
680'	Same as above with minor Fe, chlorite & argillic alteration	Mud · Temp	125°F 133°F	In Out
700'	Same as above and minor euhederal Qtz.	Mud Temp	125°F 140°F	
740'	Same as above and minor volcanic rock fragments	Mud Temp	130°F 140°F	In Out
760'	Same as above	Mud Temp	130°F 148°F	

LITHOLOGIC WELL LOG

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PROSPECT: Soda Lake STATE: Nevada SECTION: 33 TOWNSHIP: 20 N RANGE: 28 E WELL NO.: 11-33

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	(COMMENTS	
780'	Same as above with abundant argillic altera- tion	Mud Ter	mp 130°F 150°F	In Out
8001	Predominately siltstone - mudstone and minor sandstone as described above	Mud Ter	mp 130°F 142°F	Iu Out
820'	Same as above	Mud Ter	mp 130°F 160°F	In Out
840'	Fine - medium sandstone - poorly silicified with mica, pyrite feldspars, Fe alteration, argillic alteration, chlorite, secondary silica	Mud Te	mp 131°F 150°F	In Out
860'	Same as above - minor pyrite, mudstone, abundant argillic alteration	Mud Te	mp 130°F 143°F	In Out
880'	Same as above with volcanic rock fragments, minor pyrite, abundant mica	Mud Te	mp 135°F 150°F	In Qut
920'	Same as above	Mud Te	mp 130+° 160°F	In Out
940	Same as above	Mud Te	mp 130°F 160°F	In Out
960'	Same as above	Mud Te	тр 130 ⁰ F 160 ⁰ F	In Out
980'	Same as above - abundant pyrite	Mud Te	mp 130+° 162°F	In Out
*1000	Same as above	Mud Te	mp 130°F 161°F	In Out
1020	Same as above - minor pyrite, mudstone abundant - mica, argillic alteration, secondary silica	Mud. Te	mp 130+° 160°F	In Out
1040	Same as above - abundant pyrite mica argillic alteration - minor mudstone, chlorite altera- tion	Mud Te	mp 130°F 160°F	In Out

LITHOLOGIC WELL LOG

PROSPECT: Soda Lake STATE: Nevada SECTION: 33 TOWNSHIP: 20 N RANGE: 28 E WELL NO.: 11-33

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		i cor	MENTS	
1060'	Same as above - minor pyrite	Mud	Temp	130°F 164°F	In Out
1080'	Same as above	Mud	Тетр	130°F 170°F	In Out
1100'	Same as above	Mud	Тетр	100°F 172°F	In Out
1120'	Same as above	Mud	Temp	130°F 171°F	In Out
1140'	Fine - medium grained sandstone - poorly cemented argillic alteration matrix secondary silica, abundant micas, feldspars, minor pyrite mudstone, volcanic rock frag- ments, Fe alteration	Mud	Тетр	100°F 170°F	In Out
1160'	Same as above with very little pyrite	Mud	Тетр	130°F 180°F	In Out
1180'	Same as above with minor pyrite, moderately cementes, minor argillic alteration	Mud	Temp	130°F 180°F	In Out
1200'	Same as above with minor pyrite & gypsum	Mud	Тепр	130°F 172°F	In Cut
1220'	Same as above with very little pyrite & gypsum	Mud	Temp	130°F 176°F	In Out
1240'	Same as above with minor pyrite, & moderate. Fe alteration cementation	Mud	Temņ	95°F 124°F	In Out
1280*	Same as above	Mud	Тетр	90°F 132°F	In Out
1300'	Fine - very fine grained sandstone - poorly cemented, argillic alteration, minor mica, feldspar, secondary silica, very little pyrite, Fe alteration, volcanic rock fragments	Mud	Temp	95 ⁰ 5 126°F	In Out
1340'	Same as above with small amount of blue- green clay (polygorskite)	Mud	Temp	109°7 128°7	Ia Out

LITHOLOGIC WELL LOG

PROSPECT: Soda Lake STATE: Nevada SECTION: 33 TOWNSHIP: 20 N RANGE: 28 E WELL NO.: 11-33

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		COMM	ENTS	
1380'	Same as above	Mud	Temp	NA	
1400'	Same as above without polygorskite, little pyrite	Mud	Тетр	115 ⁰ F 140 ⁰ F	In Out
1440'	Same as above with abundant pyrite, Fe	Mud	Тешр	124 ⁰ F 150 ⁰ F	In Out
1480'	Same as above with minor pyrite & Fe alteration	Mud	Temp	130°F 155°F	In Out
1520'	Same as above	Mud	Temp	130°F 159°F	In Out
*1560'	Same as above with minor pyrite, gypsum moderate volcanic rock fragments, little	Mud	Temp	130 ⁰ F 162 ⁰ F	In Out
1660'	secondary silica Same as above		· · · · ·		
1680'	Same as above with moderate secondary silica	ب ۲۰۰۰			
1700'	Same as above with minor mudstone, very little pyrite & Fe alteration	• .			
1720'	Same as above	•	`		÷
1740'	Same as above with minor Fe alteration, very little mudstone				
1760'	Same as above	Mud	Тепр	142°F 167°F	In Out
1780'	Same as above with minor pyrite	Mud	Тетр	140°F 164°F	In Out
1800'	Same as above with very little gypsum, mica, pyrite, mudstone	Mud	Тешр	140°F 164°F	In . Out
1820'	Same as above with minor Fe alteration	Mud	Тепр	150°F 170°F	In . Out

LITHOLOGIC WELL LOG

PROSPECT: Soda Lake STATE: Nevada SECTION: 33 TOWNSHIP: 20 N RANGE: 28 E WELL NO.: 11-33

DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C(IMMENTS	
1840'	Same as above with moderate claystone	Mud Temp	150°F 172°F	In Ou
1860'	Same as above	Mud Temp	150°F 172°F	In Ou
1880'	Same as above with moderate claystone, minor pyrite, reaction to HCL, Fe alteration, argillic alteration	Mud Temp	153°F 175°F	In Ou
1900'	Fine - very fine sandstone predominantly Qtz., feldspars, lithic rock fragments, volcanic rock fragments & secondary silica - minor pyrite, mica, gypsum, Fe alteration, argillic alteration. Mudstone = 30% of sample	Mud Temp	150°F 176°F	In Ou
1920'	Same as above with 20% mudstone	Mud Temp	153°F 178°F	In Ou
1940'	Same as above with 20% midstone	Mud Temp	152°F 177°F	In Ou
1960	75% volcanic fragments - with amphi- boles, rock is altered & possibly metamorphosed, amphiboles orientated in foliation type pattern, 25% fine sandstone & mudstone with secondary Quartz & chalcedony, pyrite, Fe altera- tion, mica, gypsum, argillic alteration	Mud Temp	153 ⁰ F 180 ⁰ F	In Cu
1980	Same as above	Mud Temp	153°F 180°F	In Ou
2000	85% volcanics, 15% sandstone as above			

* Indicates samples which will have petrologic identification completed

APPENDIX D

63-33

Sample Description

Lithologic Log

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Memorandum

San Francisco, CA March 15, 1979

PETROGRAPHIC REPORT CHEVRON "SODA LAKE" #63-33 SEC. 33, T2ON, R2SE, MDB&M NEVADA BY: E. W. CHRISTENSEN

MR. M. J. KEHOE: CHEVRON RESOURCES

- D/S 440': Lithologies present include:
 - 1. granitic rock grains-pebbles
 - 2. welded tuff(?)
 - 3. very fine to coarse, poorly sorted, feldspathic sandstone with rare granite and schist grains. Grains have clay coating but the sand is porous.
 - 4. coarse siltstone, composition similar to #3
 - 5. microcrystalline limestone
 - 6. tuffaceous(?) siltstone and silty clay(?)
 - 7. andesite-basalt
- D/S 1000': Predominantly partially altered ash(?), with some andesite(?), volcanic sandstone, granite and petrified wood fragments.
- D/S 1400': Mainly lithic to lithic-feldspathic sandstones containing numerous basalt-andesite grains. A few fragments are cemented by chlorite; most are zeolitic. Zeolite replacement is extensive in some fragments. Chlorite followed zeolite filling pores in some of the chips. The zeolite is probably laumontite, possibly neulandite.
- D/S 1460': In addition to zeolitic volcanic sandstones there are carbonate rock fragments with ostracod shells. A few zeolitic sandstones contain late stage carbonate.
- D/S 1600': Volcanic-sandstones similar to 1400' but zeolitization is more extensive.
- D/S 1660': Zeolitized, volcanic sandstones, ostracodal limestones and ash with ostracod shells are the principal lithologies. Altered tuff-ash is rare; the alteration may be to zeolite.
- D/S 1700': Volcanic sandstones in this sample do not appear to be as severely zeolitized as previous samples; a few are carbonate-cemented. Vesicular basalt fragments are rare; plagioclase crystals are fairly fresh but mafic minerals are altered.
- D/S 1780': Basalt is the most abundant lithology with ash(?) and shale-claystone(?) next in abundance. Plagioclase looks zeolitic in some fragments. Iron-oxide and quartz occur in some severly altered basalt fragments.

100 Years Helping to Create the Future

D/S 1800': Several lithologies are present:

- 1. granite grains-pebbles
- 2. altered andesite
- 3. altered basalt
- 4. altered ash with carbonate replacement
- 5. volcanic sandstone with pores partially filled with zeolite
- 6. zeolitized volcanic sandstone
- D/S 1880': Mainly partially altered basalt fragments, some containing carbonate and chlorite in veins and spots. Several fragments appear zeolitic. Shaleclaystone fragments are rare. A single silicified volcanic(?)fragment was seen.

2

- D/S 1940': Mainly volcanic fragments, partially altered. Many of these may be andesitic in composition based mainly on texture and presence of hyperstheme; the groundmass of these fragments is more glassy.
- D/S 2000': Andesite fragments; feldspar, hypersthene and opaque crystals are scattered in a glassy groundmass stained to varying degrees by iron-oxide. Fractures containing opaline silica(?) and quartz are present but rare.

EWC:gda

•	CHEVRON RESOURCE	ES COMPANY	PROSPECT	Soda La!	
	LITHOLOGIC WELL		SECTION TOWNSHIP	33 20N	
		WELL No. 63-33	RANGE	28E	
5	· · · · · ·				
	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	<u> </u>	OMENTS	
	420'	fine to Medium Sand - Predominately			
	420	Quartz Minor lithic fragments, Feldspar,			
) 	mica very little pyrite			
				Mud Temp.	
*	440'	fine to Medium Sandstone - Predom. Quart:	- ¹ To	48° Out	50°F
	440	Abundant Pyrite, mica, lithic fragments, Secondary silica, minor chlorite & argil. alteration poorly cemented.		48 OUL	JU r
	460'	fine to Medium Sand - Predom. Quartz Moderate feldspar, lithic fragments mino mica & argillic alteration		48°F	52°F
•	480'	Same as above w/minor pyrite	· ;	49°F	· 52°F
	400			4 J E	J2 2
,	500'	Same as above w/poorly cemented sandstone and very little pyrite	e	50°	56°
	520'	Same as above w/minor chlorite		50°	58°
	540'	Same as above w/out pyrite		52°	59°
	560'	Same as above w/minor mudstone		54°	60°
	580'	Same as above	•	56°	60°
	600'	Same as above w/secondary silica		58°	62°-
	620'	Same as above	•	59°	64°
• •	640'	Same as above w/very little secondary silica		59°	64°
	660'	Same as above w/minor secondary silica and argillic alteration		59°.	66°
	680'	Same as above		60°	67°
	700 *	Same as above	•	60°	70°
	720	fine to Medium Sandstone - poorly cement predominately Quartz; abundant lithic fragments; minor, feldspar mica, chlorit	e,	60°	68°
		argillic alteration secondary silica; ve.	FY		

little pyrite

. •	CHEVRON RESOURCE	ES COMPANY		PROSPEC	T <u>Soca Lake</u>	
•	LITHOLOGIC WELL	LOG		SECTION		
· .				TOWNSHI		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			WELL No. <u>63-33</u>	RANGE	28E	
			· . · ·			
144. A 144.	· · · ·			•		
	DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		COMMENTS	
	740'	Same as.above w/no	pyrite	In	65° Out	70°
	760 '	Same as above w/lit	hic fragments		65°	70°
•		up to pea gravel si	ze w/very little			
· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	pyroxenes			•	٠.
	780'	Predominately mudst	one w/moderate	· · · · ·	65°	72°
•	700	lithic fragments, w		đ	60	12
		fine sandstone; ver				
		secondary silica				. •
· ·	800'				(0 9	709
• · · ·	800	Same as above			68°	78°
	820'	fine to Medium Sand	stone - poorly ceme	nted	58°	72°.
	• • •	predominately Quart				• -
		fragments; minor fe	ldspars, mica secon	dary	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
• •		silica		[.]	·	
	840'	Predominately mudst	ona ulmadarata fina		60°	75°
	040	medium sandstone, 1			, au	
april .		secondary silica, p				
	• • •					
	860'	Same as above			62°	78°
•	880'	fino no Modium Sand		.		709
•	000	fine to Medium Sand predominately Quart	z: moderate lithic	nted	66°	. 78 °
		fragments, feldspar		s; minor		·
		pyrite chlorite, ar				· •
•	0001	-				
	900'	Same as above	•		68°	78°
•	920'	Same as above			68°	80°
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · ·		
•	940'	Same as above w/mod	erate pyrite		68°	82°
	960 '	Same as above w/min	or pyrite		68°	82°
·	980 '	Same as above w/mod	erate pyrite		68°	85°
	* 1000 <i>'</i>	Same as above w/min	or secondary silian		68°	89°
	2000		or secondary sirica	·	00	03
	1020!	Same as above		· .	68°	95°
	20/01	· · · ·	•			
	1040'	Same as above	•		75°	85°
$\langle \langle \rangle$	1060'	Same as above w/abu	ndant ovrite	·		
* * *	1080'	Same as above	· · ·		75°	91° -
1		•	. ,	. •		
1			34	÷	· · ·	
	•	•	• - •	••• •		
ι						

	CHEVRON RESOURC	ES COMPANY	PROSPECT	Soda Lak	e
•	LITHOLOGIC WELL	LOG	SECTION	33	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	na sa	WELL No. 63-33	TOWNSHIP RANGE	20N 28E	
Č			•		· · · ·
	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	(COMMENTS	
				Mud Temp	
	1100'	Same as above w/moderate pyrite	In	82° Out	96°
	1120'	Same as above w/moderate secondary silica; minor pyrite		69°	91°
•				· · ·	· · · · ·
	1140'	Same as above	 •	79°	91.°
	1160'	Same as above w/minor secondary silica and pyrite	· · · ·	80°	94 °
•	1180'	Same as above w/moderate pyrite		81°	100°
	1200'	Same as above w/minor pyrite		81°	100°
	1220'	Same as above		70°	98 °
	·1240'	Same as above	•	69°	96°
in the second se	1260'	Same as above		74°	96°
	1280'	Same as above		79 [°]	98°
	1300'	Same as above w/finer sand	, 	80° -	100°
	1320'	Same as above w/moderate pyrite minor polygorskite		80° -	102°
• •				- <u>-</u>	0
•		Same as above no polygorskite	. ·	79° -	103°
•	1360'	fine to Medium Sandstone poorly cemented predominately Quartz; abundant lithic fragments, feldspars; moderate amphibole		80°	104°
		mica, pyrite; minor Chlorite argillic alteration, mudstone	5,	1	.
· ·	1380'	Same as above w/very little polygorskite	•	82°	106°
*	1400'	fine to Medium Sandstone moderately ceme predominately Quartz; abundant lithic fr	nted	84°	108°
		feldspar; moderate amphiboles minor chlo mica, mudstone, no pyrite. Highly altere and silicified green overall color	rita, d	Rock is pos water lain have thin s	tuff unit
	1420'	Same as above	• .		
	1440'	Same as above		88°	112°
1) ·					

• _ •	CHEVRON RESOURC	ES COMPANY PROSI	PECT _	Soda Lat	:e
	LITHOLOGIC WELL	LOG SECTI TOWNS		33 20N	
		WELL NO. 63-33 RANGE		28E	
••••					
	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	COM	MENTS	•
				i Temp.	
. *	1460'	Same as above w/minor pyrite	In 87	-	114°
	1480'	Same as above	86	.	115°
-	1500'	Same as above w/moderate pyrite argillic	87	o	116°
	•	alteration	.*	•	• •
	1520'	Same as above	86	3	117°
	1540'	Same as above w/very little pyrite	. 95'	.	117°
• •	1560'				•
		Same as above		· .	•
	1580'	Same as above			•
*	1600'	Same as above	74	o ·	114°
• .	1620'	Same as above	. 76		11°
	1640'	Same as above w/minor pyrite, secondary silica			
*	1660'	fine to Medium Volcanic sediments (?) tuff, highly silicified and altered moderate secondary silica, lithic fragments; minor	74	2	124°
		mudstone, pyrite tan color overall	•		
	1680'	Same as above	.74	.	123°
*	1700'	fine to Medium Sandstone predominately			
		Quartz; abundant lithic fragments, volcanic fragments; minor mica, pyrite, argillic alteration			
	1720 '	Madium to contra and			
		Medium to coarse sand predominately Quartz; abundant lithic fragments, volcanic fragments minor pyrite, argillic alteration, secondary alteration	100'	-	122°.
	1740'	Medium to coarse sand predominately volcanic			
		fragments; abundant Quartz, lithic fragments; moderate pyrite, argillic alteration secondar; silica	(
	·				

1760'

Same as above

*	CHEVRON RESOURCE	IS COMPANY	PROSPEC	T <u>Soda Lake</u>	<u> </u>
	LITHOLOGIC WELL	LOG	SECTION TOWNSHI	And in case of the local data was a second data was a second data was a second data was a second data was a se	
		WELL No. 63-33 -	RANGE	28E	
			-		
	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		COMMENTS	
				Mud Temp.	•
*	1780'	Highly altered volcanic rocks abundant			
1	- 1 , 55	secondary silica moderate pyrite		•	
· . •					
*.	1800'	Volcanic rock crystaline, glassy moderat secondary silica, pyrite black color ove		. ,	
		Rhyolitic			
• • • •			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	18	Same as above	· · · · · ·		·
				and a second	· · ·
	1840'	Same as above	In	80° Out	119°
	1860'	Same as above w/abundant Quartz			
*	1880'	fine to Medium volcanic fragment sands predominately - rhyolitic to tuffaceous		••• ••	•
		volcanic fragments Moderate - Secondary silica, euhederal		• .	· · · ·
•		quartz crystals, gypsum; minor pyrite, micas, argillic alteration		· .	· · ·
• •	1900'	Same as above w/majority of volcanic fragments - vitric basalt (?)		110°	125°
	1920'	Same as above	•	110°	126°
*	1940'	Same as above w/abundant Quartz	•	91°	124°
	1960' :	Same as above	•	. · · · ·	
	1980'	Black vitric basalt w/minor Quartz, pyrite	· · ·	· · ·	•
*	2000 '	Same as above	•		• .
×	Sample for thin	Section			

37.