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GL04240

Geothermal Potential of
Hill Air Force Base
Little Mountain Facility

by

J. A. Whelan
20 December 1977

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Introduction and Summary

The Little Mountain Facility of Hill Air Force Base (Figures 1 and 2) is considered to have good potential of having a geothermal resource suitable for space heating; based on the following data:

- (a) Great Salt Lake Minerals and Chemical Corporation has wells about 5 miles north of the facility varying in depth from 412 to 920 feet, with temperatures ranging from 78° to 104° F. $\approx 11^{\circ}\text{C} / \text{km}$
- (b) These wells have a uniform gradient of 5° F/100 ft. Wells on the eastern edge of the facility have uniform gradients of 5° F/100 ft., indicating a similar geologic situation.
- (c) Gravity data indicates deep faulting both to the east and west of the facility. It is thought that the hot waters in the area are heated by deep circulation up these faults.

The best location for a geothermal well would be three miles to the east. A depth of 4000 to 5000 feet would be required. A site one and one half miles to the west would also be favorable, but the well would have to be on the order of 9000 feet deep. Well sites are selected on drilling into the faults surrounding the Little Mountain horst, with several hundred feet of bedrock over the intersection of the well and fault.

Surficial Geology

Little Mountain is a horst of Precambrian Mutual Formation consisting of purple quartzite. On both the east and west flanks, small areas of alluvium occur. To the east of this are marshlands, to the west salt flats.

Subsurface Geology

Gravity data (Lum, 1957) indicates that on the south end of Little Mountain, the top of the horst to the east is approximately two and one half miles east of the bedrock outcrops and lies at a depth of 1375 feet (See Figure 3).

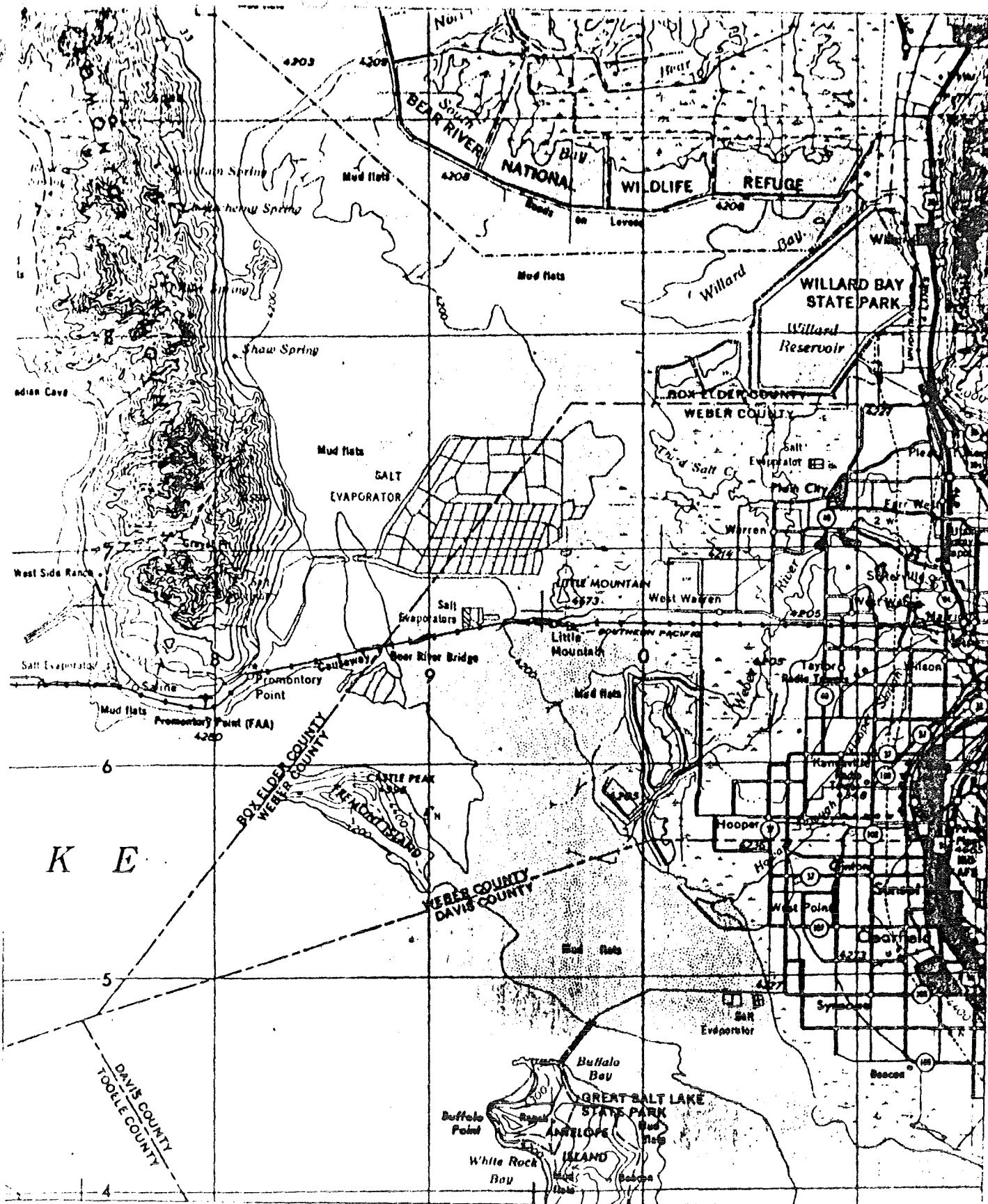


Fig. (1)- Location of Little Mountain Air Force Training Annex

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At the north end of Little Mountain the top of the horst to the east is at about 2-3 miles, and lies at a depth of 1200 feet. The top of the graben is found at a distance of 2.6 miles and a depth of 4700 feet (Figure 4). The top of the horst, to the west, is at about 0.55 miles distance, at a depth of 300 feet. The top of the graben occurs at a distance of one mile, at a depth of 800 feet. Lum's sections are given as figures 3 and 4.

Hydrology

The groundwater utilized just east of Little Mountain is pumped from alluvial aquifers. Recharge is from subsurface flow from the Wasatch Range; direct infiltration from precipitation; and seepage from the Weber and Ogden Rivers, mountain front streams, and irrigated areas (Bulke and Waddell, 1972, p. 3). Some of the water from the Wasatch Range circulates deep enough to become heated. This heated water rises along faults and mixes with cooler waters in the alluvium. Waters are of the sodium chloride and sodium bicarbonate type. Total dissolved solids vary from 337 to 1400 ppm. Data on Great Salt Lake Mineral and Chemical Corporation wells are given in Appendix A. Appendix A also contains summary data (SiO_2 , Na, K, Ca, F, and B) for the wells on which data is available (Bulke and Waddell, 1972, pp. 49-51). For complete analyses the reader is referred to their publication.

Water Geochemistry

Water analyses were used to determine wall rock equilibration temperatures using the Na-K-Ca thermometer (Fourier and Truesdell, 1973) and the silica thermometer (Fourier and Rose, 1966). The Na-K-Ca thermometer gave reservoir temperatures ranging from 70°C to 291°C . The highest temperature was from an analysis with an unusually high potassium content (160 mg/l), which seems unreasonable. Excluding the results obtained from that analysis, the range is from 70°C to 177°C . The mean is 137°C . Silica temperatures are lower, ranging from 20°C to 110°C with a mean of 78°C .

Hooper Hot Spring, $\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the southeast has an observed temperature of 48°C , a Na-K-Ca temperature of 244°C , and a silica temperature of 80°C . Southwest Hooper Warm Springs, in the same vicinity, has an observed temperature of 32°C , a Na-K-Ca temperature of 222°C and a silica temperature of 100°C (Terry, Benson and Miller, 1976, p. 7). The mean air temperature of the region is 11°C (Bulke and Waddell, 1972, p. 2).

Although contamination by epigenites in alluvium can disturb the Na-K-Ca

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thermometer and the silica contents may not represent equilibrium with quartz, it would seem reasonable to expect temperatures in the fault zones between 80°C and 140°C.

Geothermal Gradients

Geothermal gradients were calculated utilizing well depths and temperatures. Mean air temperature was assumed to be 11°C (Bolke and Waddell, 1972, p. 2). Gradients ranged from 7°C/100m, to 12°C/100m. These are well above the expected gradients of 3°C/100m (Combs and Ruffler, 1973, p. 102).

Conclusions and Recommendations

Warm wells, water geochemistry, high geothermal gradients, and major faults all indicate that waters ranging from 80°C to 140°C (176°F to 284°F) could be expected within the fault zones in bedrock. Water at such temperatures is extremely adequate for space heating.

The ideal location for wells would be in the hanging walls of the faults bounding the Little Mountain horst as shown in Figure 3. It would be desirable to go far enough into the hanging wall to have several hundred feet of bedrock above the fault where it is tapped. Therefore to the east the wells should be located about three miles east of the eastern edge of Little Mountain. If near the southern end of Little Mountain the well should be planned at about 4000 feet; if near the northern end at about 5000 feet.

If it is desired to drill to the west, the well should be sited about one and one half miles west of Little Mountain and a 9000 foot well should be planned.

References Cited

- Bolke, E. L. and Haddell, K. A., 1972, Ground Water Conditions in the East Shore area, Box Elder, Davis, and Weber Counties, Utah: Technical Publication No. 35, State of Utah, Department of Natural Resources, 59 p.
- Combs, J. and Ruffler, L. J. P., 1973, Exploration for Geothermal Resources: In *Geothermal Energy*, ed. by V. Kruger and C. Utte, Stanford Univ. Press, pp. 95-128
- Fournier, R. O. and Rowe, J. J., 1966, Estimation of Underground Temperature from Silica Content of Water from Hot Springs and Wet Steam Wells: *Am. Jour. Sci.*, 264, p. 685-697
- Fournier, R. O. and Truesdell, A. H., 1973, An Empirical Na-K-Ca Geothermometer for Natural Waters: *Geochim. et. Cosmochim. Acta*, 37, pp. 1255-1276
- Lum, D., 1957, Regional Gravity Survey of the North-Central Wasatch Mountains and Vicinity, Utah: M.S. Thesis, Univ. of Utah, 27 p.
- Perry, W. J.; Benson, N. L.; and Miller, C. D.; 1976, Geochemistry and Hydrothermal Alteration at Selected Utah Hot Springs: Dept. of Geology and Geophysics, Univ. of Utah, Final Report, Vol. 3, NSF Contract No. GI 43741, 131 p.

Appendix A

Well Data
Vicinity of
Little Mountain, Utah

Summary of Well Data From Bolke & Wadell (1972) pp 42-51 together with
Na-K-Ca and S_iO_2 Temperatures.

Well	Depth Ft	M	Temp C°	Gradient °C/100M	S_iO_2	S_iO_2 Temp	Na	K	Ca	Na-K-Ca Temp	B	F	Tds R*	S**
(B-b-3)														
4 DAB-1	540	165	21	6	25	76	147	4.8	4.0	128	700	2.0	531	
5CCC-1	510	155	25	9										
19AAB-1	229	70	17	9								0.4	1230	
			22	16								-	1230	
			19	11			336	8.2	103	70		0.6	1230	
	X			12										
19ABC-1	220	67	-	-			114	7.0	7.4	170	-	337		
			-		17	66					1.0	348		
			19	12	23	74						353		
			18	10	20	70						332		
			18	10	21	71						0.6	337	
			16	8	24	75	111	8.8	6.6	170				
			19	12	-									
			18	10	-									
	X			10										
19ABC-2	295	90	19	9	32	83							696	
			18	8	29	80							737	
			18	8	33	84	207	5.5	41	71		0.7	700	
	X			8										
(B-7-3)														
31AAC1	806	246	39	11	24	75					200	0.3	462	-
				-	30	82	148	9.4	15	157	260	0.6	473	
				11										
31AAC-2	920	280	38	10	67		110						980	

*R = residue at 180°C

**S = Sum of Constituents

Summary of Well Data from Bolke & Waddell (1972) pp 42-51 together with
Na-K-Ca and SiO_2 Temperatures. (continued)

Summary of Well Data from Bolke & Waddell (1972) pp 42-51 together with Na-K-Ca and SiO_2 Temperatures. (Cont.)

Well	Depth FT M	Temp C°	Gradient °C/100M	SiO_2	SiO_2 Temp	Na	K	Ca	Na-K-Ca Temp	B	F	Tds R*	S**
31DAC-1	621 189	30	10										
		29	10										
		30	10										
		X	10										
31DDA-1	597 182	30	10										
		-											
		30	10										
		29	10	33	84								
32CBB-1	717 219	34	11										
		34	11	36	87	145	6.5	8.0	145	60	0.8	458	R
		34	11										
		34	11	38	89						0.2	539	
33CDD-1	399 122	-		27	78	139	9.0	6.8	164		0.2	413	
		19	7	26	77								260
		20	7	23	74								258
		20	7	24	75	76	8.0	10	166		0.4		259
	20	7	25	76					165		0.4	263	
		X	7										
(B-6-3)										210			
12BCC-1	550	18	4	20	71	79	3.4	14	67	210	.3	275	-
(B-6-3)													
14DCC-2	604	17	3	19	70	-	-	20		-	-	220	-
(B-6-3)													
AAB-1	229	19	11	34	87	336	8.2	103	70	-	.6	-	1230
(B-6-3)													
10ACB	752	22	5	19	70	159	2.7	8	81				

WATER WELL PERFORMANCE DATA

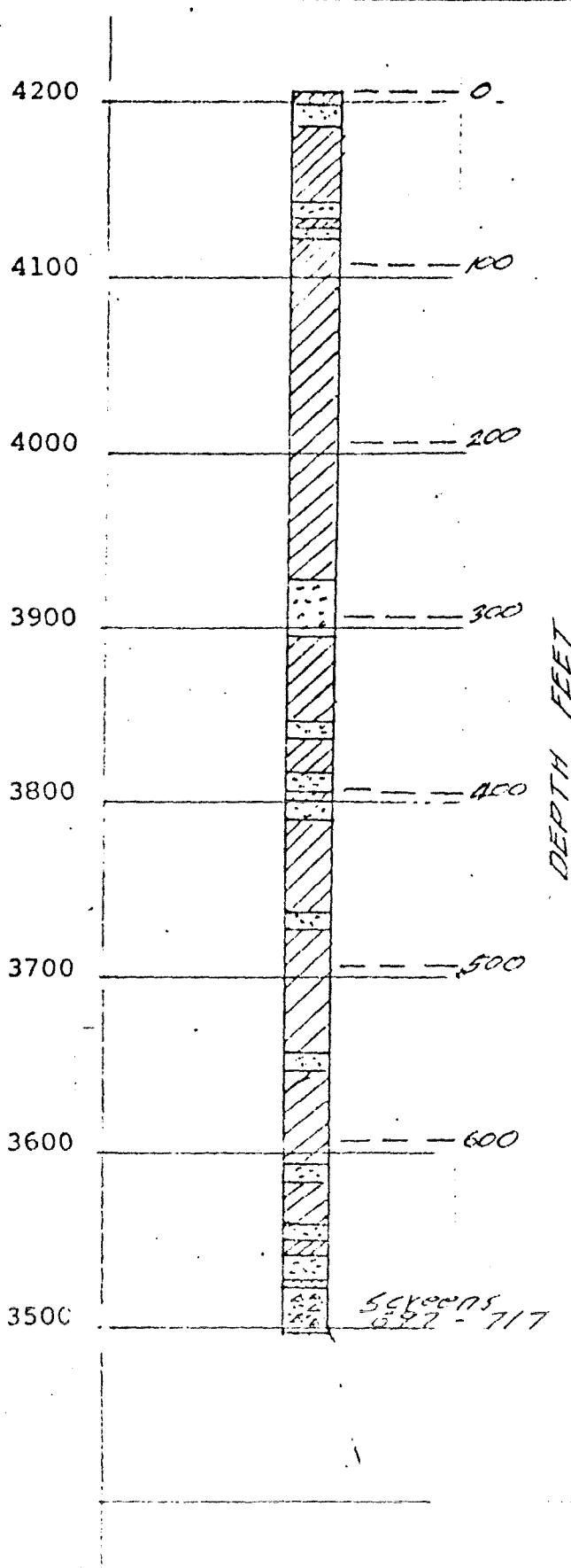
Well No. 12

Date Completed 8-20-68

Size of Casing 7"

Total Depth 707'

27th August, 1892 - Friday.

WELL LOG AND DATA SHEETWELL NO. 12WELL DATA

Date drilled 8-10-68
 Size of casing 7 1/2"
 Length of casing 556'
 Length of screens 10'

*may be
partial penetration*

LEGEND

- Clay
- Sand
- Sand & Gravel

GSLMAGC

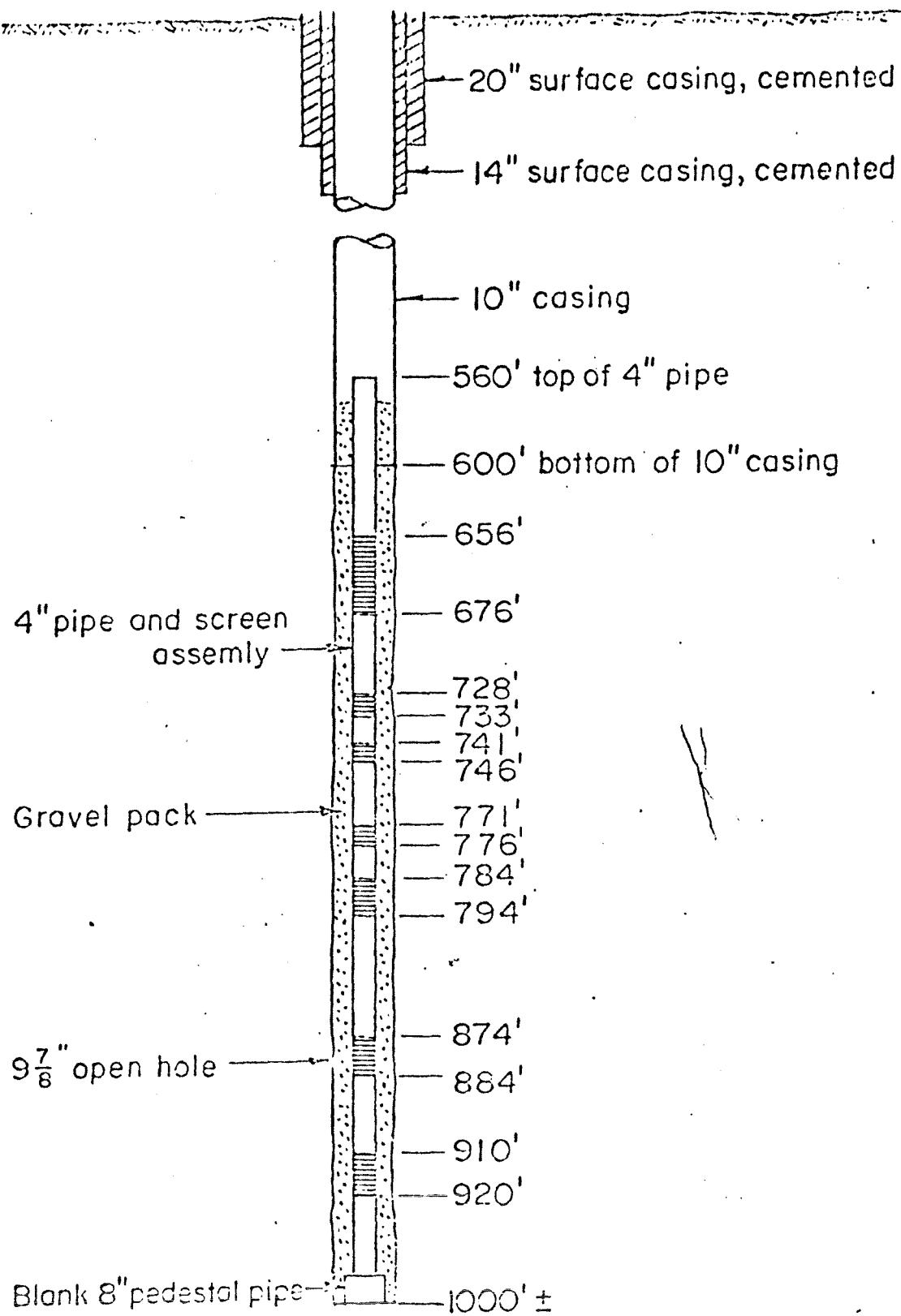
WATER WELL PERFORMANCE DATA

Well No. 15

Date Completed 11/1/2020

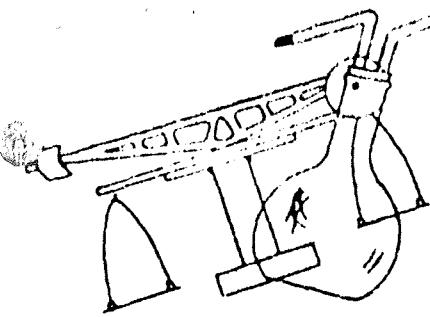
Size of Casing

Total Depth 145'



		TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	UOP JOHNSON DIVISION	ST. PAUL, MINN.
		FRACTIONS		
		DECIMALS		
		ANGLES		
DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED	DATE	Great Salt Lake Min & Chem Corp. Well
REVISIONS				Well No. 15
MATERIAL		FROM:		SHEET <u> </u> OF <u> </u> 1000281-1
		DESIGN		

RECEIVED 100 12 1968
14



Ford Chemical

LABORATORY

Bacteriological and Chemical Analysis

40 WEST LOUISE AVENUE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84115

August 9, 1968

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS 68-1255

Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corp.
P. O. Box 1190
Ogden, Utah

Gentlemen:

The following analysis is on water samples submitted on August 2, 1968 under Purchase Order No. 01908:

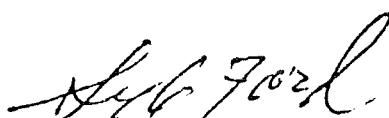
324 *Co-Wo. 15*
SAMPLE: Well No. 4 collected August 2, 1968.

TEST	RESULTS	TEST
Conductivity	2,150 mhos/cm	<i>666</i> <i>2-30-</i> <i>650</i>
pH	7.75	
Total Dissolved Solids at 103° C.	1,400 mg/l	
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	760 mg/l	
Aluminum as Al	0.00 mg/l	
Arsenic as As	0.00 mg/l	
Bicarbonate as HCO ₃	927 mg/l	
Boron as B	0.00 mg/l	
Calcium as Ca	20 mg/l	
Carbonate as CO ₃	14 mg/l	
Chloride as Cl	50 mg/l	
Chromium (Hex.) as Cr	0.00 mg/l	

Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corp.
Page 2
August 9, 1968

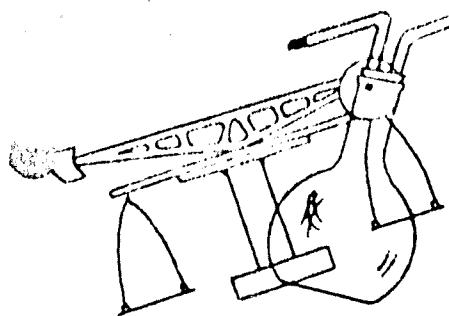
Copper as Cu	0.00 mg/l
Fluoride as F	0.00 mg/l
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	110 mg/l
Iron (total) as Fe	0.13 mg/l
Iron (filtered) as Fe	0.10 mg/l
Lead as Pb	0.00 mg/l
Magnesium as Mg	14 mg/l
Manganese as Mn	0.02 mg/l
Nitrate as NO ₃	0.76 mg/l
Phosphate as PO ₄	2.05 mg/l
Potassium as K	160 mg/l
Sodium as Na	238 mg/l
Sulfate as SO ₄	21 mg/l
Zinc as Zn	0.00 mg/l

"Sincerely,
FORD CHEMICAL LABORATORY



Lyle S. Ford

LSF/rd



Ford Chemical

LABORATORY

Bacteriological and Chemical Analysis

40 WEST LOUISE AVENUE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84115

August 16, 1968

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
68-1287

Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corp.
P. O. Box 1190
Ogden, Utah

Gentlemen:

The following analysis is on water samples submitted on 8/2/68 under Purchase Order No. 01908:

SAMPLE: Well No. 8 Collected August 2, 1968.

	= 191 °C	RESULTS	LSC-5 E-30 850
Conductivity		1,490 mhos/cm	
pH		7.80	
Total Dissolved Dissolved Solids at 103° C.		950 mg/l	
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃		470 mg/l	
Aluminum as Al		0.00 mg/l	
Arsenic as As		0.00 mg/l	
Bicarbonate as HCO ₃		560 mg/l	
Boron as B		0.01 mg/l	
Calcium as Ca		8 mg/l	
Carbonate as CO ₃		6.8 mg/l	
Chloride as Cl		100 mg/l	
Chromium (Hex.) as Cr		0.00 mg/l	

Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corp.
Page 2
August 16, 1968

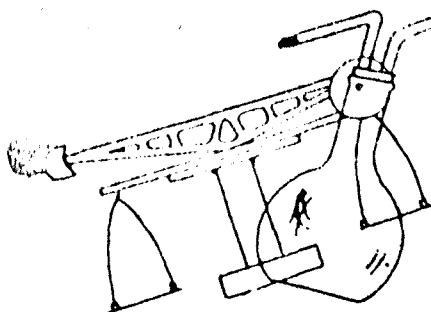
Copper as Cu	0.00 mg/l
Fluoride as F	0.00 mg/l
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	80 mg/l
Iron (total) as Fe	0.35 mg/l
Iron (filtered) as Fe	0.31 mg/l
Lead as Pb	0.00 mg/l
Magnesium as Mg	2 mg/l
Manganese as Mn	0.06 mg/l
Nitrate as NO ₃	0.85 mg/l
Phosphate as PO ₄	2.50 mg/l
Potassium as K	23 mg/l
Sodium as Na	255 mg/l
Sulfate as SO ₄	10.0 mg/l
Zinc as Zn	0.00 mg/l

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Ford Chemical LABORATORY, INC.

Bacteriological and Chemical Analysis

40 WEST LOUISE AVENUE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84115
PHONE 485-5761

Date: July 30, 1974

Name Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corp.
Address Box 1190
Ogden, Utah

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
74-2602

Sample water from Well #10 received on July 10, 1974, under

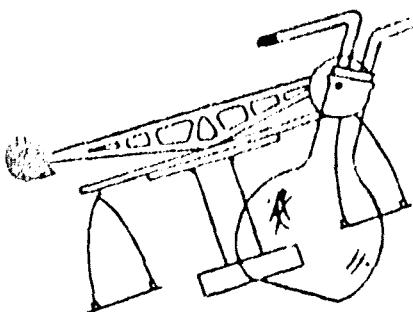
P.O. No. 1101

Ca-Na-IC 155°C

Cl-O_2 $= 26^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turbidity	<u>0.28</u>	JTU	Fluoride as F	<u>0.34</u>	mg/l
Conductivity	<u>943.40</u>	umhos/cm	Total Hardness as CaCO_3	<u>49.00</u>	mg/l
pH	<u>7.85</u>		Iron (Total) as Fe	<u>0.13</u>	mg/l
Total Dissolved Solids at 180° C.	<u>651.0</u>	mg/l	Iron (Filtered) as Fe	<u>0.12</u>	mg/l
Alkalinity as CaCO_3	<u>290.0</u>	mg/l	Lead as Pb	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l
Aluminum as Al	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l	Magnesium as Mg	<u>1.95</u>	mg/l
Arsenic as As	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l	Manganese as Mn	<u>0.02</u>	mg/l
Bicarbonate as HCO_3	<u>336.90</u>	mg/l	Mercury as Hg	<u>< 0.001</u>	mg/l
Barium as Ba	<u>0.02</u>	mg/l	Nitrate as $\text{NO}_3 - \text{N}$	<u>0.73</u>	mg/l
Boron as B	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l	Phosphate as PO_4	<u>0.69</u>	mg/l
Cadmium as Cd	<u>< 0.001</u>	mg/l	Potassium as K	<u>10.07</u>	mg/l
Calcium as Ca	<u>16.40</u>	mg/l	Selenium as Se	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l
Carbonate as CO_3	<u>12.00</u>	mg/l	Silica as SiO_2	<u>1.41</u>	mg/l
Chloride as Cl	<u>96.00</u>	mg/l	Silver as Ag	<u>< 0.001</u>	mg/l
Chromium as Cr (Hex)	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l	Sulfate as SO_4	<u>6.50</u>	mg/l
Cyanide as Cn	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l	Sodium as Na	<u>173.10</u>	mg/l
Copper as Cu	<u>< 0.01</u>	mg/l	Zinc as Zn	<u>0.12</u>	mg/l


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Ford Chemical Laboratory, Inc.



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LABORATORY, INC.
Bacteriological and Chemical Analysis

40 WEST LOUISE AVENUE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84115
PHONE 485-5761

Date: July 31, 1974

Name Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corporation CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

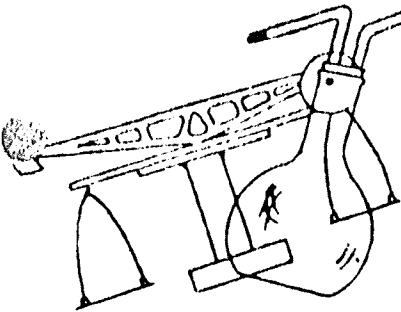
Address P.O. Box 1190 74-2610

Ogden, Utah

Sample Water from Well #15 received on July 10, 1974 under P.O. No. 1101.

Turbidity	0.50	JTU	Fluoride as F
Conductivity	1,446.0	umhos/cm	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃
pH	7.75		Iron (Total) as Fe
Total Dissolved Solids at 180° C.	998.0	mg/l	Iron (Filtered) as Fe
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	266.0	mg/l	Lead as Pb
Aluminum as Al	<0.01	mg/l	Magnesium as Mg
Arsenic as As	<0.01	mg/l	Manganese as Mn
Bicarbonate as HCO ₃	332.0	mg/l	Mercury as Hg
Barium as Ba	0.15	mg/l	Nitrate as NO ₃ —N
Boron as B	<0.01	mg/l	Phosphate as PO ₄
Cadmium as Cd	<0.001	mg/l	Potassium as K
Calcium as Ca	44.80	mg/l	Selenium as Se
Carbonate as CO ₃	8.0	mg/l	Silica as SiO ₂
Chloride as Cl	332.0	mg/l	Silver as Ag
Chromium as Cr (Hex)	<0.01	mg/l	Sulfate as SO ₄
Cyanide as Cn	<0.01	mg/l	Sodium as Na
Copper as Cu	0.05	mg/l	Zinc as Zn

Ford Chemical Laboratory, Inc.



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LABORATORY, INC.
Bacteriological and Chemical Analysis

40 WEST LOUISE AVENUE
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84115
PHONE 485-5761

Date: July 31, 1974

Name Great Salt Lake Mineral & Chemical Corp.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Address P.O. Box 1190

74-2614

Ogden, Utah

Sample Water from Well #16 received on July 10, 1974 under P.O. No. 1101.

1.00 ml. 20° 5.0° 69° C

	#13	#13	
Turbidity	0.50	JTU	0.69 mg/1
Conductivity	1,210.0	umhos/cm ⁹⁰⁴	62.0 mg/1
pH	7.75	7.8	0.23 mg/1
Total Dissolved Solids at 180° C.	835.0	mg/1 ⁶²⁴	0.21 mg/1
Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	392.0	mg/1 ²⁵³	0.01 mg/1
Aluminum as Al	0.01	mg/1 ²¹	3.36 mg/1
Arsenic as As	0.01	mg/1 ²¹	0.04 mg/1
Bicarbonate as HCO ₃	460.0	mg/1 ³⁰⁷	0.001 mg/1
Barium as Ba	0.25	mg/1 ⁰²	0.70 mg/1
Boron as B	0.01	mg/1 ⁰¹	0.82 mg/1
Cadmium as Cd	0.001	mg/1 ⁻	27.6 mg/1
Calcium as Ca	19.20	mg/1 ^{11.8}	0.01 mg/1
Carbonate as CO ₃	10.0	mg/1 ⁷	13.9 mg/1
Chloride as Cl	118.0	mg/1 ¹¹⁰	0.001 mg/1
Chromium as Cr (Hex)	0.01	mg/1 ¹⁰	1.5 mg/1
Cyanide as CN	0.01	mg/1 ¹⁰	204.0 mg/1
Copper as Cu	0.01	mg/1 ¹⁰	0.03 mg/1

Dale T. Ford
Ford Chemical Laboratory, Inc.

21
6° F / 10° C

10.9° C / 100 m

5

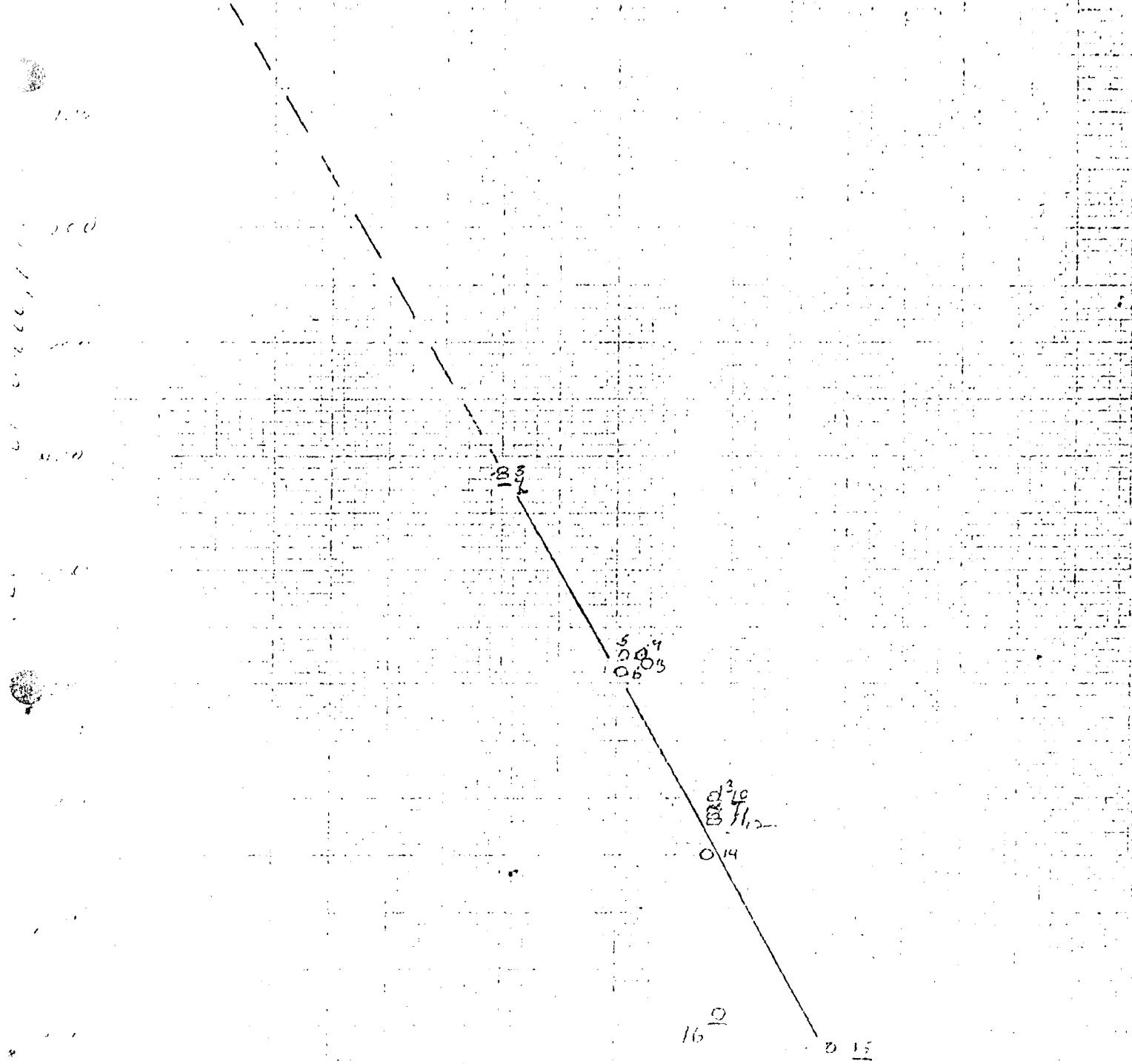


FIGURE 5.
TEMPERATURES OF
ARTESIAN WELLS VS
DEPTH, GSLM °C.

No. 15 well 111

II Test Results

	<u>Temp.</u>	<u>Dissolved Oxygen</u>	<u>pH</u>	<u>Alkalinity</u>	<u>CO₂ Dissolved</u>
II.2	65°F	16 3.7 2.4 ppm	7.6	260 ppm as CaCO ₃	14 ppm (calculated)
II.3	50°F	16 2.3 5.2 ppm	7.7	231 ppm as CaCO ₃	8 ppm (calculated)
II.4	67°F	3.6 0.2 ppm	7.7	290 ppm as CaCO ₃	12 ppm (calculated)
II.5	71°F	72 4.5 0.2 ppm	7.7	226 ppm as CaCO ₃	9 ppm (calculated)
	59°F	4.1 ppm	7.5	244 ppm as CaCO ₃	16 ppm (calculated)
ster 8	60°F	5.5 ppm	7.7	213 ppm as CaCO ₃	9 ppm (calculated)
ster 10	59°F	5.5 ppm	7.7	194 ppm as CaCO ₃	8 ppm (calculated)
Well 1	61°F	1.5 ppm	7.5	286 ppm as CaCO ₃	19 ppm (calculated)
Well 2	41°F	2.0 ppm	7.4	290 ppm as CaCO ₃	7 ppm (calculated)

W. H. Smith & Sons Ltd., London, 1905.

	Length	Width	Thickness
1	64	10	1.25
2	642	7	1.25
3	6162	5.5	1.25
4	6151	23	1.25
5	5725	62	1.25
6	5722	28	1.25
7	5721	34	1.25
8	562	27	1.25
9	573	32	1.25
10	705	47	1.25
11	712	41	1.25
12	717	45	1.25
13	701	34	1.25
14	800	44	1.25
15	890	150	1.25
16	859	70	1.25

(1) Production well to plant

(2) Well at Pond Control Center

8-5-74
P.B.

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
CENTRAL LABORATORY
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101

WATER ANALYSIS
ID # 1306

DEOSW, CIVIL ENGINEERING DIVISION HILL AIR FORCE BASE, UTAH 84401
DAF, AIR FORCE LOGISTICS COMND, WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB, OHIO 45433
COLL SITE---LITTLE MOUNTAIN WELL 2 DATE---75-10-22 TIME---0900
APPEARANCE---WATER CLEAR MAIL RESULTS TO AFLC

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

MAJOR IONS

CATIONS	MG/L	ME/L	ANIONS	MG/L	ME/L
CALCIUM	45	2.245	BICARBONATE	166	2.721
MAGNESIUM	9.4	0.773	CARBONATE	0	0.000
SODIUM	240	10.440	SULFATE	7.6	0.158
TASSIUM	7.8	0.199	CHLORIDE	360	10.156
			FLUORIDE	0.5	0.026
			NO ₂ + NO ₃ AS N	1.40	0.100

ADDITIONAL CONSTITUENTS

SILICA	27	DISSOLVED SOLIDS	MG/L	777
IRON	0.87	RESIDUE AT 180 C	MG/L	785
MANGANESE	0.12	CALCULATED (SUM)	MG/L	
COLOR	4	HARDNESS AS CaCO ₃	MG/L	
PH	8.1	TOTAL	MG/L	150
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE		NON-CARBONATE	MG/L	15
IN UMHOS AT 25 C	1530	ALKALINITY AS CaCO ₃	MG/L	136
		CARBON DIOXIDE (CALC)	MG/L	2.1
		SODIUM ADSORP. RATIO	MG/L	8.5
		LANGEIER INDEX --	25 C	+0.2

HILL AIR FORCE BASE

ANALYSES BY GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

(Results in parts per million except as indicated)

Salt Lake City Laboratory No.	40622	40623
Date of collection	8-4-69 Range 2/19/69	8-4-69 Range 1/19/69
Silica (SiO_2)	44	42
Iron (Fe)	0.28	0.21
Manganese (Mn)	0.01	0.05
Calcium (Ca)	71	105
Magnesium (Mg)	144	228
Sodium (Na)	2440	3210
Potassium (K)		
Bicarbonate (HCO_3)	374	373
Carbonate (CO_3)	0	0
Sulfate (SO_4)	793	1070
Chloride (Cl)	3500	4790
Fluoride (F)	1.9	1.5
Nitrate (NO_3)	2.4	1.4
Boron (B)		
Dissolved solids		
Calculated	7180	9630
Residue on evaporation at 180° C.	7310	9790
Hardness as CaCO_3	770	1200
Non carbonate hardness as CaCO_3	463	895
Alkalinity as CaCO_3	307	306
Percent Sodium	87	85
Sodium-Adsorption Ratio	38	40
Specific Conductance $\mu\text{mhos} @ 25^\circ \text{C}$	11200	14700
pH	7.8	7.9
Color (units)		
Carbon Dioxide (CO_2), Calculated	9.4	7.5

40622 Loc: Hill Air Force Base

POC: Pump Discharge

Owner: U.S. Air Force

Source: Range Well No. 2

Temp: 16°C

40623 Loc: Hill Air Force Base

POC: Pump Discharge

Owner: U.S. Air Force

Source: Range Well No. 1

Temp: 16°C