

UNIVERSITY OF UTAH RESEARCH INSTITUTE

# UURI

EARTH SCIENCE LABORATORY  
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October 18, 1988

Dr. Daniel Carrier  
Unocal Geothermal Division  
Unocal Corporation  
3576 Unocal Place  
Santa Rosa CA 95406

Dear Dr. Carrier:

Attached are the preliminary results of x-ray diffraction and petrographic analyses for 10 drill cutting samples which you submitted in early August.

These samples of the "8"-series group are predominately andesites or porphyritic andesites with the exception of samples 8-10 and 8-18 which contain principally quartz latite or rhyodacite.

Sample 8-18 consists almost entirely of quartz, plagioclase and potassium feldspar. Sample 8-10 contains more primary quartz with some phenocrysts exhibiting dissolution phenomena. Granophyric, axiolitic and spherulitic textures are well developed in sample 8-10 and in some chips of quartz latite in sample 8-12.

Principal hydrothermal alteration products in these rocks are potassium feldspar, quartz, actinolite, chlorite (and mixed-layer chlorite-smectite), epidote, and leucoxene. Calcite, prehnite, wairakite and phengite are important subordinate vein-forming minerals. In the more porphyritic andesites, actinolite appears to replace primary clinopyroxene phenocrysts, especially in samples 8-13 and 8-16. (However, clinopyroxene in sample 8-11 appears relatively unaltered.) Actinolite also occurs as long prisms within quartz veins in sample 8-13. In sample 8-16, actinolite occurs in a large vein with epidote and chlorite and as a replacement of clinopyroxene phenocrysts.

Potassium feldspar veining and flooding is common in sample 8-13. In samples 8-9 and 8-11, some of the primary plagioclase is

replaced by carbonate and some by sericite. Epidote (with or without leucoxene) also commonly replaces plagioclase phenocrysts.

The quartz latite samples (8-10 and 8-18) contain mostly primary potassium feldspar and quartz as devitrification aggregates. Epidote and chlorite appear as the principal alteration products in these quartz latites or rhyodacites.

Unfortunately, a thin section of sample 8-17 was not made so it is not possible to determine from the diffraction patterns alone whether the amphibole is primary hornblende or secondary actinolite, and whether the 10 angstrom mica is primary biotite or secondary illite and/or phengite. Another problem is the presence of an unidentified 9.40 angstrom peak in diffractograms of samples 8-11, 8-12 and 8-13 which may represent a talc-group mineral not recognized petrographically (although traces of serpentinite are evident).

As I mentioned in our phone conversation, a more detailed geologic and mineralogic report will be prepared after Jeff returns in a few weeks time. I've sent the "17"-series group out to be made into thin sections and hope to look at them fairly soon.

Thank you for this great introduction to hydrothermal alteration mineralogy. Please call me if you have any questions or if you would prefer only XRD data sent initially.

Sincerely,

*Susan Lutz*

Susan Lutz  
Manager,  
X-ray Diffraction Laboratory

SJL:kr

UNOCAL GEOTHERMAL - DANIEL CARRIER

10 CUTTINGS SAMPLES 8-9 TO 8-18		MINERALOGY, APPROX. WT.% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (or) RELATIVE ABUNDANCE <input type="checkbox"/>																										
PRELIM. BULK XRD SAMPLE NO.	QUARTZ	AL-SILOCLASE	K-FELDSPAR	CALCITE	CLINOPIROX.	ACTINOLITE	HORNBLNDE	EPIDOTE	PREHNITE	ANHYDRITE	TOTAL OPALVES	ILMENITE & OR	CHALCOPRITE	HEMATITE	MARITE	SPINEL	LEUCOCENE	WAIKAKITE	SNACCTITE	MINED-LAYER	CELLOR-SUBST.	ILLITE AND	PHENOLITE	BIOTITE	CHLORITE	TALC		
8-9	7	45	5	TR	3	7	3	4			20	13	2	5					1								5	TRACE-SERPENTINITE
8-10	43	34	17					1			1							1		2						1		
8-11	9	36	3	1	15	5		5	TR		17							1		1					7		TRACE-SERPENTINITE	
8-12	6	40	8	1	6	5	3	6	TR		16	6			10			1							8			
8-13	2	39	7		3	12		7			21	8			13			1							8			
8-14	2	43	3		2	9	1	2			27	14		5	7	?		1							10			
8-15	1	47	6	1	3	10	2	3			20	10		4	6			1							6			
8-16	<del>7</del>	<del>37</del>	<del>2</del>		3	14		11			14							1							11			
8-17	2	35		2	10		13	9				5		2	5					*11					4		(NO THIN SECTION)	
8-18	18	56	14					8			1														3			

\* NO TS. - COULD BE ACTINOLITE  
# NOT S. COULD INCLUDE BIOTITE

MM = PREDOMINANT    M = MAJOR    m = MINOR    Tr = TRACE    ? = TENTATIVE IDENTIFICATION



## SUMMARY OF X-RAY DIFFRACTION ANALYSIS

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10-13-88  
S. Wtz

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8-9 TO 8-18 PRELIM. CLAY XRD SAMPLE NO.	MINERALOGY, APPROX. WT.% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (or) RELATIVE ABUNDANCE <input type="checkbox"/>										
	SMECTITE	ILLITE & PIRROG. UNIDENT.	CHLORITE	MIXED LAYER CHLOR/SMECT.	BIOTITE	TALC					
8-9	16		79	5							
8-10	6	89	5								
8-11	7	15	72	6		?					
8-12	4		86	X		10X					
8-13	8		92	X		7X					
8-14	15		85								
8-15	18	3	79								
8-16			100								
8-17	3	*34	63								
8-18			100								
+ MAY INCLUDE OTHER 10 Å MICA - BLOTITE (NO THIN-SECTION)											
? UNIDENTIFIED 9.9 Å PEAK											
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 S. Lutz

10 CUTTINGS SAMPLES 8-9 TO 8-18  PRELIM. VEINLETS SAMPLE NO.		MINERALOGY, APPROX. WT.% <input type="checkbox"/> (or) RELATIVE ABUNDANCE <input type="checkbox"/>																		
		QTZ	CHL	KF ± QTZ	EP ± Q, KF	ACT ± Q, KF, EP	CHL ± QTZ	PHENGLT ± IL, CHL, QTZ	PREHNITE ± EP, QTZ	WAIKARIKITE ± EP, QTZ, KF	LEUCOXENE	BIOTITE	FERRICITE ± QTZ							
8-9	° TR	TR	✓	✓	✓	✓	TR		✓		✓									KF EP-PHENG EP-WAIKARIKITE
8-10	✓		* ✓	✓		✓														EP-CHL
8-11	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		TR												EP-PREHNITE
8-12	✓	TR	✓	✓	✓	✓	TR	TR		TR										QTZ-ACT EP-LEUCOXENE
8-13	✓	TR	✓	✓	✓	✓	TR		✓	✓										KF EP-LEUCOXENE WAIK-CHL
8-14	✓			✓	✓	✓	TR			TR										QTZ-ACT, KF-CHL PHENGLT-CHALCEDONY
8-15	✓	TR		✓	✓	✓														EP-KF-ACT
8-16				✓	✓	✓														CHL-QTZ (NOODULES) EP-CHL-ACT
8-17																				No thin-section
8-18			* ✓	✓																EP-QTZ (NOODULE) EP-QTZ (VEIN)
	* MICROPEGMATIC Q-KF EP INTERGROWTH																			
	° CHALCEDONY																			
	TR = SCATTERED TRACES																			

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ROCK TYPES

10 CUTTINGS SAMPLES 8-9 TO 8-18  PRELIM. ROCK TYPE SAMPLE NO.	MINERALOGY, APPROX. WT.% <input type="checkbox"/> (or) RELATIVE ABUNDANCE <input type="checkbox"/>													
	BASALT OR ANDESITE	POC HYALIC BASALT	MICROPHANESITE	MICROPHANESITE & MICRODIORITE	QZ	TR	LAZITE QZ	BYD QZ	TR	MICRO MICRODIORITE	QZ	MICRO MICRODIORITE	TR	MICRO MICRODIORITE
8-9	M	M	m	m										TR
8-10	m			MM										TR
8-11	MM	m	m											
8-12	M			M										
8-13	MM	m	m	TR?										
8-14	M	M	m											
8-15	M	M	m											
8-16		MM												
8-17														
8-18				MM										

no thin-section

MM = PREDOMINANT M = MAJOR m = MINOR Tr = TRACE ? = TENTATIVE IDENTIFICATION



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